The New-York Times.

VOL. XVI.....NO. 4830. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1867. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Advices by Ocean Telegraph and by Steamship.

No Further Disturbances in Ireland.

The New Reform Bill Introduced Into Parliament.

Important Debate in the French Corps Legislatif.

The Emperor's Foreign Policy Attacked by Thiers and Favre.

Bismarck Refuses to Protest the Absorption of Poland.

IRELAND.

Continued Arrests of Fenians—Capture of Head Centre Dennis Donovan.

LONDON, Monday, March 18—Evening.

Arrests of Fenians still continue to be made in Ireland. Head Centre DENNIS DONOVAN has been caught at Cork. Gen. BURKE, one of the Fenian leaders who was recently captured, and forty others, have been carried in irons to Clonmel and put in jail.

ENGLAND.

The Government Reform Bill—Mr. Gladstone Takes Ground Against It.

LONDON, Monday, March 18—Midnight.

In the House of Commons this evening the Derby Government asked formal leave to bring in their Reform Bill to-morrow, and Mr. DISRAELI, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, explained the features of the proposed bill, introducing copious statistics to support the principles on which the bill was grounded.

Mr. GLADSTONE made a short speech, in which he said he thought that the figures of the Government were absurd; but he would defer all debate on the question until the bill came before the House.

The Debate on the Bill Deferred.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

The debate on the Reform Bill has been postponed to the 25th inst.

FRANCE.

Debate in the Corps Legislatif—Attack On the Emperor's Foreign Policy.

PARIS, Tuesday, March 19.

A debate took place in the Corps Legislatif last evening, in regard to foreign affairs, in the course of which Representatives THIERS and FAVRE attacked the foreign policy of the Emperor, on the ground that it favored a unity in both Germany and Italy which was hostile to the interests of France. Minister ROUHER and Representative OLLIVIER defended the course of the Government.

PRUSSIA.

Bismarck and the Cause of Poland.

BERLIN, Monday, March 18.

It is stated that Herr VON BISMARCK has refused to protest against the absorption of Poland into the Russian Empire.

Secret Treaty Between Prussia and Bavaria.

BERLIN, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

It is reported that a secret treaty was made between Prussia and Bavaria in the month of August last, and that by one of the clauses of this treaty Prussia may assume military direction of the Bavarian Army.

AUSTRIA.

Recall of Admiral Tegethoff from America.

VIENNA, Monday, March 18.

An order has been sent to America recalling Admiral TEGETHOFF to this country to take command of the Adriatic Fleet.

HUNGARY.

The New Ministry Take their Oaths of Office.

PESTH, Monday, March 18.

The members of the newly-created Hungarian Ministry to-day took their oaths of office in the presence of the Emperor of Austria and the National Diet.

The Question of Crowning Francis Joseph King of Hungary.

PESTH, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

The coronation of FRANCIS JOSEPH as King of Hungary during his present visit to this city is strongly urged by all parties.

RUSSIA.

Naval Preparations.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

Agents of the Russian Government are said to be purchasing vessels in this country and on the Continent, to be used as transports.

ROME.

The Papal Debt—A Suggestion as to its Payment.

PARIS, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day, Minister ROUHER stated that the Emperor was in favor of the partition of the Papal debt among the Catholic Powers, each of them assuming its share of the burden, and guaranteeing its payment.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

LONDON, Monday, March 18—Evening.

A dispatch from Frankfort says: United States Five-twenty Bonds closed there this evening at 77⅜.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 19—Noon.

Consols opened steady at 91 for money.

American securities opened at the following rates:

United States Five-Twenties	74¼
Illinois Central Shares	78¾
Erie Shares	40

LONDON, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

Consols closed steady at 91 for money.

American Securities closed at following rates:

United States Five-twenties	74¼
Illinois Central Shares	78
Erie Railway Shares	39¾

FRANKFORT, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

United States bonds closed at	77⅜

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, March 19—Noon.

COTTON—The market opened firm at the highest quotations of yesterday, with the prospect of a fair day's business. Middling Uplands are quoted at 13⅜d. ℔ lb. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

PROVISIONS—Lard, 50s. ℔ cwt. for American; Tallow, 44s. ℔ cwt.

PRODUCE—Linseed Oil, £39 per ton; Resin—Common Wilmington, 9s. 3d. ℔ cwt.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, March 19—Evening.

COTTON—The market to-day has been quiet, and closed steady at 13⅜d. for Middling Upland. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales.

TRADE REPORT—Advices from Manchester are favorable.

BREADSTUFFS—The Breadstuffs market is firm. Wheat—Milwaukee Red and Amber 13s. 3d. ℔ cental; Corn, 41s. 6d. ℔ quarter for mixed Western. American Barley, 4s. 7d. ℔ 60 lbs.

PRODUCE—Ashes—Pots, 34s. ℔ cwt. Spirits Turpentine, 37s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Petroleum, 1s. 7d. for Pennsylvania refined and Canada White.

Arrivals Out.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, March 18—Evening.

The Hamburg American Packet Company's steamship *Allemannia*, Capt. TRAUTMAN, which left New-York March 2, arrived at Southampton on the evening of the 15th.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, March 19—Noon.

The steamships *Belgian*, from Portland, Me., and *Java*, from New-York, have arrived out.

Marine Disasters.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, March 19—Noon.

The severe gales which have prevailed for nearly a week past, have proved disastrous to shipping.

Many shipwrecks are reported on the English and Irish coasts.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, March 19.

The bark *Alida*, Capt. BAKER, bound from Liverpool for Boston, is reported to have been abandoned at sea. No date given.

BY STEAMSHIP.

Arrival of the Moravian at Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Tuesday, March 19.

The steamship *Moravian*, Capt. ACTON, from Liverpool at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the 7th, via Londonderry on the evening of the 8th inst., arrived at this port at 1½ o'clock this afternoon.

A report had reached the English Consul at Zanzibar that Dr. LIVINGSTONE, the celebrated African explorer, and half of his party had been murdered by the Caffres. The report rests on the authority of nine native attendants who escaped. The attack was sudden, but the Doctor had time to overpower those facing him, but was cut down from behind while endeavoring to reload his revolver.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 19.

A number of bills passed by the House yesterday were received and referred to appropriate committees.

CAMP CHASE, OHIO.

Mr. SHERMAN called up the joint resolution passed by the House yesterday, authorizing the Secretary of War to turn over to the managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Soldiers the barracks and other Government property at Camp Chase, Ohio. It was passed, and goes to the President.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DEEDS.

Mr. PATTERSON, of New-Hampshire, introduced a bill for the acknowledgment of deeds in the District of Columbia, which was passed.

PAYMENT FOR SLAVES.

Mr. TRUMBULL called up the House joint resolution to suspend all further proceedings under the law for payment for slaves enlisted or drafted into the military service of the United States.

Mr. DAVIS hoped Mr. TRUMBULL would either consent to postpone this measure until to-morrow or until next session.

Mr. TRUMBULL could see no necessity for the postponement. It was an old matter that had already been considered and debated.

Mr. DAVIS said the bounty now proposed to be withdrawn had been solemnly pledged to the owners of slaves in the form of a law, and this was a proposal to repudiate the plighted faith of Congress. He wished an opportunity to enter his solemn protest against it.

Mr. TRUMBULL said the Senator from Kentucky had just now entered a protest, and he did not think he could enter a more solemn one if he tried.

Mr. DAVIS—Well, I will make it a little more lengthy if not more solemn. [Laughter.]

By consent the bill was postponed until to-morrow.

HARBOR ON THE CALIFORNIA COAST.

Mr. COLE introduced a resolution authorizing and requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to cause an investigation to be made as soon as practicable by the officers of the United States Coast Survey in California, as to the expense of a harbor in the vicinity of Point Sal, on the coast of California, and that the Secretary of War be required to cause estimates to be made of the amount necessary to be expended to render such harbor available for the purpose of commerce, which was adopted.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

Mr. RAMSEY introduced a bill amendatory to the act to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, approved July, 1862, providing that the roads of the several companies named shall be so constructed that when completed they shall, in connection with the branch road to Sioux City, afford continuous railroad communication between the Union Pacific Railroad and the head of Lake Superior, which was referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroad.

QUALIFICATIONS OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

Mr. COLE introduced a resolution to further define the qualifications of members of Congress, which provides that no person shall be eligible to either House of Congress, who has voluntarily borne arms against the United States while a citizen thereof, or who has voluntarily given aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto, or who has sought or accepted or attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever under any authority, or pretended authority in hostility to the United States, or who has yielded a voluntary support to any pretended Government, authority, power or Constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. Referred to the Judiciary Committee and ordered to be printed.

PAY FOR ARMY SUPPLIES.

Mr. MORTON, from the Military Committee, reported favorably the bill introduced by him a few days since to pay the State of Indiana for Quartermaster stores, supplies, transportation, &c., furnished to the militia of the State to repel rebel raids, &c.

Mr. SHERMAN said if the bill was passed to a vote he should move to amend by inserting Ohio, which had also been at expense to repel the Morgan raid.

Mr. MORTON explained the bill and circumstances which led to its introduction, and justified its passage. The Government had already provided for paying the troops called out to repel the Morgan raid. If it was right to pay the troops it was right to pay for their subsistence.

Mr. WILLIAMS asked how much money it would take.

Mr. MORTON replied that the amount was estimated at $300,000.

Mr. FESSENDEN objected to the immediate consideration of the bill, and it was postponed until to-morrow.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.

Mr. ANTHONY reported from the Committee on Printing, a resolution to print one thousand extra copies of the past annual report of the National Academy of Science, which was passed.

ATLANTIC DOCK IN BROOKLYN.

Mr. MORGAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported favorably a joint resolution to authorize the sale of the Government warehouses on the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, and asked its immediate consideration; but Mr. CONNESS objecting, it went over.

BRIDGE ACROSS THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. MORTON introduced a bill to authorize the Southern Minnesota Railroad to construct a bridge across the Mississippi at La Crosse, Wisconsin, which was referred to the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LANDS.

Mr. UPTON introduced a bill extending to the State of Nebraska, the benefit of the act granting lands to the State for the establishment of Agricultural Colleges, which was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

THE CAPTURE OF JEFF. DAVIS.

Mr. HOWARD, from the Military Committee, reported without amendment, the bill to regulate the distribution of the awards for the capture of JEFFERSON DAVIS, and recommended that it pass.

EMPLOYMENT OF ENGINEERS.

Mr. MORRILL introduced a joint resolution authorizing the Chief of the Engineer Corps to employ such civil engineers, not exceeding five in number, as may be necessary to prosecute the surveys ordered by Congress; and the persons so employed shall be paid at the rate not exceeding that of Colonels of Engineers, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

PROCEEDINGS OF EXECUTIVE SESSIONS.

Mr. CONNESS introduced a resolution declaring that, whereas, it had frequently happened that the proceedings of the Senate in executive session have been published in the newspapers of the country, contrary to the injunctions of secrecy thereon; therefore, that a Committee of three Senators be appointed to investigate the matter, with power to send for persons, papers, &c.

At the suggestion of Mr. CONKLING the resolution was ordered to lie over for the present.

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Clerk of the House announced the action of that body on the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved that the Senate insist on the Senate's action and agree to a Conference Committee.

The motion was agreed to.

Messrs. TRUMBULL, WILSON and BUCKALEW were appointed as the Conference Committee on the part of the Senate.

WOOL TARIFF BILL.

The House resolution to correct an error in the enrollment of the Wool Tariff Bill, was taken up and passed.

CLOTHING FOR INVALID SOLDIERS.

Mr. WILSON called up a bill directing the Secretary of War to furnish to each invalid soldier, who is an inmate of a Soldiers' Home, a complete suit of army clothing out of the stock on hand in the Quartermaster's Department.

POST-ROAD BRIDGES.

Mr. HENDERSON called up the bill declaring the bridge over the Missouri River at St. Charles, and the bridge over the Mississippi at Louisiana, Mo., to be lawful structures and post-roads.

It was amended so as to include the bridge over the Missouri River at Leavenworth, Kansas, and was then passed.

THE MARYLAND SENATORSHIP.

Mr. JOHNSON rose and said he had been requested by his colleague, Mr. THOMAS, since the charges made against that gentleman yesterday, to move the reference of his credentials to the Judiciary Committee, that a full investigation might be made.

The motion was agreed to, without debate, and the Senate then went into Executive Session.

After some time spent in Executive Session, the doors were re-opened and Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Conference Committee on the Supplemental Reconstruction Bill, made a report.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Conference Committee agree to the Senate proposition that the State Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes cast; *provided*, that it shall appear that a majority of the registered voters voted on the question of ratification.

A clause is added that Congress must be satisfied that all the registered voters had an opportunity to vote freely and fairly, without any fear or interruption, and that the Constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified voters.

The report was agreed to and the doors were again closed.

After the transaction of further Executive business the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The reading of the journal of yesterday having been dispensed with, Mr. BINGHAM introduced a joint resolution to correct an error in the enrollment of the bill of last session increasing the duty on wool and woolens. The error was the omission in the enrolled bill of the words "Canada long wools," which was in the engrossed bill. The joint resolution was passed.

AGRICULTURAL SCRIP.

Mr. JULIAN asked leave to report a joint resolution relative to the issue of agricultural scrip to the States recently in rebellion. It recites that on the 3d April, 1866, agricultural college scrip, covering nearly 270,000 acres, was, on the authority and by the direction of the President of the United States, issued and delivered to North Carolina under the act of July 5, 1862; that the General Land Office was now preparing to issue scrip in like manner to Virginia, Georgia and Mississippi; that such action by the President took for granted that those States were restored to their constitutional relations to the Union—a question which Congress alone could rightfully determine; and it prohibits the further issue or delivery of such scrip to any of the States lately in rebellion, except the State of Tennessee, or the acceptance of such scrip, or of any heretofore issued, until those States are fully restored to their rights as States by Congress.

Mr. BURR objected to the introduction of the joint resolution.

Mr. JULIAN moved to suspend the rules, which was agreed to by 69 to 18.

The joint resolution was therefore introduced, and under the previous question, was passed by yeas 103, nays 23.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT PRINTING.

Mr. MILLER asked leave to introduce a joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the National Bank notes, bonds and other printing to be done at the Government office in Washington.

Mr. RANDALL objected.

Mr. MILLER moved to suspend the rules, which was disagreed to by 27 to 63.

WOODEN LADDERS.

Mr. JUDD, on leave, introduced a bill to exempt wooden ladders from the internal tax, and stated some facts in support of the proposition.

Mr. GARFIELD opposed the bill as an exceptional matter, and suggested its reference to the Committee of Ways and Means, when appointed.

Mr. JUDD moved the previous question, which was seconded.

Mr. GARFIELD moved to lay the bill on the table, which was negatived by yeas 59, nays 61.

The bill was then passed.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Speaker, in compliance with the new rule, laid before the House a message from the Senate announcing, among other things, the disagreement of the Senate to the House amendment to the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill, being the amendment striking out that provision of the Senate, which requires the majority of the votes cast to be a majority of at least half the votes registered.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, moved that the House insist upon its amendment, and ask for a Committee of Conference.

Mr. BINGHAM moved that the House recede from its disagreement.

The vote was taken by yeas and nays; first, on Mr. BINGHAM's motion, and it resulted in yeas, 62; nays, 77. So the House refused to recede.

The motion to insist and ask for a Committee of Conference was then agreed to without a division.

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT.

The Senate bill to provide ways and means for the prosecution of the work on the distributing reservoir of the Washington Aqueduct, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

PAYMENT TO A CHAPLAIN.

Mr. STEVENS introduced a joint resolution to authorize the payment of salary as chaplain to Rev. CHARLES BOYNTON. Passed.

PUBLICATION OF LAWS.

Also a joint resolution relative to the publication of the laws and treaties of the United States; so as to extend the provisions of the seventh section of the Civil Appropriation Bill of the last session to the States not therein designated, and to the territories; and to authorize the Clerk of the House to have the laws and treaties published in three newspapers in Louisiana. Passed.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

The Speaker appointed as the Committee of Conference on the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill, Messrs. WILSON, of Iowa, BOUTWELL and MARSHALL.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Mr. PILE asked leave to offer a resolution for the appointment of a Select Committee on the improvements of the Mississippi River and its tributaries. Objected to by Messrs. SPAULDING, CHANLER and others.

LIST OF CLERKS.

Mr. NOELL asked leave to offer a resolution calling for lists of all clerks employed in the various departments. Objected to.

CONFISCATION OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. STEVENS called up a motion to reconsider the vote by which a bill introduced by him on the 11th of March, was referred to the Committee of the Whole House, being a bill to confiscate all the public lands in the lately rebel States, and to confiscate and condemn all such property belonging to the belligerent enemy, as is declared confiscated by the act of July 17, 1862. He proceeded to address the House in support of the bill.

Mr. STEVENS said; This bill is important to our wounded and maimed soldiers. It is important to their bereaved wives and parents. It is important to the loyal men North and South. It is important to four millions of injured, oppressed and helpless men. It is also important to the delinquents whose property it take as a fine. No committee or party is responsible for this bill. It is chargeable to the President and myself. Whatever merit it possesses is due to ANDREW JOHNSON.

Mr. STEVENS explained the various sections of his bill at considerable length, and quoted from VATTEL and other international writers in its support.

Mr. STEVENS had not read more than a few passages of his speech when it became painfully evident, from the weak condition of his health, that he could not make himself heard by the House. He therefore requested Mr. MCPHERSON, Clerk of the House, to read the speech for him, which Mr. MCPHERSON thereupon proceeded to do from the clerk's desk. The reading occupied about an hour and a quarter.

Mr. CHANLER obtained the floor but yielded it to Mr. STEVENS, who moved that the bill be postponed until the Second Tuesday in December.

Mr. MUNGEN asked Mr. STEVENS how he could reconcile this bill with his oath to sustain the Constitution, an instrument which declared that no bill of attainder *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

Mr. STEVENS replied that no sound lawyer would call his bill a bill of attainder. He did not know whether the gentleman (MUNGEN) was a lawyer, and he presumed that he only asked the question to obtain information.

The bill was then postponed till the second Tuesday in December next.

THE COLORADO CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

Mr. SCOFIELD gave notice that he would to-morrow, from the Committee on Elections, make a report on the Colorado contested election case.

RELIEF FOR THE SOUTH.

On motion of Mr. WOODBRIDGE, the House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. POMEROY in the chair, and proceeded to the consideration of the Senate bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the relief of destitution in the South.

Mr. BUTLER proposed to offer a substitute for his substitute offered last week "by providing that the several District Commanders, under the act of 2d of March, shall have power to assess and collect by military power, rateably, on all persons within their districts owning more than 160 acres of land, or who shall have an income of more than $600 a year, such sum or sums as such Commander may deem necessary to relieve the destitution and pauperism of the whole people there."

The Chairman informed Mr. BUTLER that he had a right to modify his first substitute by substituting the other for it, and Mr. BUTLER desiring to have both pending, withdrew the latter, whereupon Mr. SCHENCK offered it as an amendment to the substitute.

Mr. WOODBRIDGE made an eloquent appeal to the Committee in favor of the bill. Referring to Mr. BUTLER's substitute, to appropriate the money for the relief of the widows and orphans of the Union soldiers who perished in rebel prisons, he declared that the people did not demand that measure; that it was unwise to vote for it. Its author knew that gentlemen in voting against it would subject themselves to the calumnies of demagogues. Such a proposition as that offered by the same gentleman (BUTLER) partook more of the air of a politician than the purpose of a statesman. He (WOODBRIDGE) would vote against it, and in favor of the Senate joint resolution without fear that his constituents would blame him for a want of sympathy or generosity on the one hand, or for an undue extravagance on the other in the expenditure of the public money. His sympathy for the heroic dead soldier was as great as that of the gentleman from Massachusetts (BUTLER,) and when the proper time came he would not be far behind that gentleman in relieving the necessities of the soldier's widow and orphan, both from his private purse and from the public treasury. The proposition submitted to-day by the gentleman from Massachusetts (BUTLER) was a cheap means of carrying out an idea which he (WOODBRIDGE) deemed to be illegal and Quixotic—that of confiscation—which could not be justified by law or the Constitution. He (WOODBRIDGE) knew that there was a vacant chair at almost every table, a broken heart in almost every family, caused by the loss of a father, a son, a brother, or a lover, but when vengeance was called for there came a voice from Heaven saying "Vengeance is mine, and I will repay." In conclusion, he moved that the Committee rise and report the bill and amendment to the House.

Mr. BUTLER inquired whether that was fair play.

The Chairman replied that it was not for him to answer that question.

Mr. FARNSWORTH inquired whether the bill could be reported while there were amendments pending.

The Chairman replied that the Committee might rise but could not report the bill. The motion was rejected.

Mr. KOONTZ presented the reasons which would induce him to vote for the joint resolution. It was a high and solemn duty resting on Congress to relieve the destitution now existing at the South. For the honor and reputation of the nation, it should not have to be said that its representatives had refused to give bread to their starving countrymen.

Mr. DONNELLY sent to the Clerk's desk and had read an article written by EDWARD BRIGHT, of New-York, one of the Secretaries of the Southern Relief Society.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Indiana, also sent up, and had read a letter from WHITTIER, the poet, expressive of charity toward the destitute people of the South, and which had been accompanied by a contribution from himself.

Mr. BUTLER also sent up and had read a letter just sent to him from the reporters' gallery, stating that a gentleman from Newbern, N. C., had informed the writer, whose name was not signed, that there were hundreds of blacks and whites almost starving; that a subscription of $2,500 had been raised there in a few days for JEFFERSON DAVIS, but that no effort was made to relieve the distressed.

Mr. WILLIAMS, of Indiana, also sent up a newspaper article commencing with the assertion that "Washington was a city of thieves and prostitutes."

Mr. WOOD interrupted the reading, and asked the Chairman whether it was in order to have indecent statements read in the House.

The Chairman said that it was not, and he directed the Clerk not to read the article in question.

Mr. WILLIAMS, of Indiana, explained that it was an article from the *South Carolinian* newspaper, published in Columbus, S. C.

The Chairman remarked that it might be in order in South Carolina, but it was out of order here. [Laughter.]

Mr. FARNSWORTH expressed himself opposed to the joint resolution, not because he was uncharitable or unmerciful, but because it was not really shown that there was any suffering or destitution at the South—that there was anybody starving there, but simply that it was probable somebody might be starving there before the next crop was gathered. He would not consent to vote a million of dollars in this manner for any portion of the people. The principle contained in this bill would, if carried out, require of Congress to hunt up the starving poor in every city of the United States.

Mr. BINGHAM asked Mr. FARNSWORTH whether, in the first session of the Thirty-ninth Congress, four or five millions had not been appropriated for the express purpose of supplying clothing and rations to the freedmen and refugees, and whether the gentleman himself did not vote for it.

Mr. FARNSWORTH admitted that that was so, but argued that that had no relevancy to this matter.

Mr. STEVENS remarked that Congress had within a few years given some $10,000,000 to the Freedmen's Bureau for freedmen and refugees, and that about two-thirds of it had been appropriated for the disloyal people of the South.

Messrs. BOYER and ELDRIDGE referred Mr. FARNSWORTH to the case of the sufferers by the Portland fire, for whose benefit Congress had passed several joint resolutions.

Mr. FARNSWORTH argued that there was no analogy between the cases.

Mr. ROBINSON rose to correct a statement made in the course of the discussion, to the effect that Congress had made an appropriation for the relief of the suffering people in Ireland. He said that no such appropriation had been made by Congress; it had passed the Senate, but had in the House been referred to a committee which was unfriendly, and there it slept the sleep of death. He trusted, however, that no trouble of the kind would occur here; there was no constitutional question in the way, and he trusted the bill would pass.

Mr. COVODE proceeded to relate from the Old Scripture the story of how King Ahab was made to suffer because he had shown mercy to the King of the Assyrians, who, with his army, had been delivered into his hands. Before concluding the narrative he was interrupted by the announcement of a message from the Senate, whereupon

Mr. ROSS inquired of the Speaker whether a message from the Almighty could be interrupted by a message from the Senate, a question which the Chairman declined to entertain as a question of order.

Finally, without disposing of the bill or amendments, the Committee rose.

CLOTHING FOR INVALID SOLDIERS.

The Senate amendment to the bill to clothe maimed and destitute soldiers was taken from the Speaker's table and concurred in.

A variety of motions to suspend the rules, to get in bills and resolutions, were made and rejected while the House was waiting to receive the action of the Senate on the report of the Conference Committee on the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill.

TRANSIT ACROSS THE ISTHMUS.

On motion of Mr. BANKS the Committee on Foreign Affairs was instructed to inquire and report what measures have been taken by foreign Governments, or capitalists, to secure the control of the interest of rival nationalities in any of the routes or franchises for transit across the Isthmus of Panama, Nicaragua, Honduras or Tehuantepec, and what action may be advisable for the Government of the United States to secure the interests of American commerce on such transit routes.

A GOLD RESERVE.

Mr. MORRILL, on leave, introduced a bill to provide for a reserve of gold in the Treasury and the National banks. Referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the Senate announcing that that body had agreed to the Conference report on the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill, thereupon

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, from the Committee of Conference on the part of the House, made a report recommending that the Senate agree to the House amendment prefixing the word "electors," and that the House recede from its amendment, striking out the proviso of the Senate requiring the number of votes cast to be at least one-half of those registered, and that both Houses agree to a proviso that it shall appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified voters had an opportunity to vote fairly and without restraint, and that Congress is satisfied that such Constitution meets the approval of a majority of all the qualified electors of the State. He explained briefly the effect of the report.

Mr. MARSHALL, one of the members of the Conference Committee, explained that while he agreed to the report he did so because it was much less objectionable than the original House proposition, but he did not yield his opposition to the entire bill.

Mr. BROOKS remarked that the bill as it now stood settled nothing and left it to Congress to say whether the election was valid or not. He wanted to know how Congress was to judge.

Mr. WILSON intimated significantly that the gentleman from New-York ought to know; he had had some personal experience.

Mr. BROOKS gave an assenting "Very well, indeed; very well." But in his own case the people of New-York had corrected the action of the House, while the people of the South would have no such opportunity. After some further discussion in brief,

Mr. ELDRIDGE moved to lay the conference report on the table, which would carry the bill with it, which was negatived by a vote of yeas 26, nays 11.

The conference report was then agreed to, and the bill goes to the President for his signature, and then, at 4:55, the House adjourned.

The Department of the Cumberland.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, March 19.

Gen. THOMAS continues in command of the Department of the Cumberland. Major-Gen. POPE has been assigned to the command of the Third District, headquarters at Montgomery.

The steamer *Nick Longworth* arrived this evening with the passengers and crew of the steamer *Mercury* lately sunk in Arkansas Cut-off.

Gov. OGLESBY will address the Union meeting to-morrow night.

NEW-YORK.

AFFAIRS AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

State School Bill—Call of the Assembly—The Social Evil—Quarantine—Metropolitan Police—Soldiers' Messenger Corps—Underground Railroad—State Aid for Railroads.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 19, 1867.

In the Assembly last evening the bill amending the existing law in regard to public instruction, was the special order. This bill was drawn by Mr. RICE, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and was introduced in the early part of the session by Mr. WEED (Dem.) of Clinton. It virtually makes the schools of the State free to all, by increasing the school-tax. This tax, which has heretofore been limited to three-fourths of a mill on a dollar, is made, by the bill, one mill and one-fourth of a mill, being just one-half mill increase. The bill also gives greater plenary powers to School Commissioners, in conjunction with Supervisors, enabling them to condemn and rebuild school edifices, to abate nuisances, &c.

Mr. BIGELOW, Republican, of Jefferson, made a very able and elaborate speech in favor of the bill, demonstrating the great advantages of liberal education to the Commonwealth, and claiming that education should be granted alike to all classes of people.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, and will undoubtedly pass, as it meets with no opposition. It does not in any way affect the existing school system of New-York City.

PROSTITUTION.

DR. HOYT, Republican, of Yates, rose to a question of privilege in the House to-day. He said that a correspondent of the *Sunday Mercury* had stated that a bill to legalize prostitution in the City of New-York had been reported from the Committee on State Charitable Institutions. This statement had been copied into the *Tribune* as truth. Dr. HOYT is Chairman of the Committee named, and wished to deny the statement. He stated that such a bill was before the Committee, but had not been reported, nor would it be.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

Under the ninth joint rule third reading of bills immediately followed the reading of the journal. A large batch of relief bills was duly passed. Business progressed slowly, owing to the absence of members, and Mr. MILLSPAUGH, (Dem.,) of Orange, at length moved a call of the House. It resulted merely in wasting more time, the call being suspended before any definite action in regard to delinquents was reached.

QUARANTINE.

A communication relative to Quarantine, addressed to the House by Col. EMMONS CLARK, Secretary of the Health Board, was presented by the Speaker, read and ordered printed forthwith, that it may be on the files of members to-morrow morning, when the Quarantine Bill comes up by special order. The communication was substantially as follows:

At a regular meeting of the Board of Health, held at its office in New-York, March 14, 1867, the Sanitary Committee submitted a report on the dangers of epidemic cholera and the necessity of guarding against its introduction, by selecting a suitable Quarantine station on land, as follows, to wit: The Sanitary Committee conceive it to be their duty to inform the Board of Health that there is just reason to believe that cholera will reappear here during the month of May or June next. Whether the disease which existed last year has left germs enough behind to generate a fresh pestilence this Spring is a question that no one can answer. The rain, snow, and frost of the Winter may, it is hoped, have destroyed them; but on the supposition that such may be the fact we are still exposed to constant importations of the cholera from Europe. Cholera is not extinct in Europe, and accounts have just reached us of its prevalence in the island of Guernsey, and it is almost certain that it will be brought to this country by some emigrants arriving in New-York. It was a noticeable fact that no cholera appeared last year until after the arrival of vessels in port with the disease on board.

Last year we decided to act upon the theory that cholera was communicable through the evacuations of the patients, and if they, by any means, were conveyed to the land, whether through soiled clothing or the dirty bodies of the immigrants, we should have a pestilence; but if we could wash the passengers and disinfect the clothing, a pestilence would be avoided. Experience has confirmed this belief.

It is well known that no efficient quarantine establishment existed then in New-York, nor does one now exist. Patients were transferred to the floating hospitals or detained in hulks, or on board of the vessels in which they arrived, and no thorough arrangements were made or could be made for bathing or for disinfecting their baggage. It became necessary, if we desired to exclude the disease from the City and country, to select some place or shore, with proper conveniences for purification, where, after a short detention, immigrants might be allowed to enter the country without carrying disease in their persons or baggage. The Commissioners of Quarantine, Emigration and Health were of one mind on this subject, and acted in concert.

The General Government were applied to for the use of Sandy Hook and then of Bedloe's Island, but the request was refused. Barren Island was examined, but found unsuitable for the purpose, on account of its being used as a receptacle for dead animals. Coney Island was suitable, but could not be thought of, being leased to Gravesend, with the condition it should not be used for quarantine purposes.

Some buildings were hired at Seguine's Point, but a decision of the Court forced us to relinquish our possession. Our efforts frustrated at every point, we at last turned our attention to fighting the disease wherever it appeared, and with what success has now become a matter of history.

It is the honest opinion of the Board that much, if not all, the cholera might have been prevented if they had not been interfered with. As ships continued to come with cholera, the hulks were not numerous enough to accommodate the passengers, and they were detained on the vessels in which they arrived. The well were thus exposed to the infection, and many died. On one occasion when the weather was tempestuous the dead could not be transferred to the land for burial, and the community were outraged at the spectacle of the well, sick and dead, all crowded in a narrow space within sight of the shore, without the power of escaping from the death which constantly threatened them.

The public cried out in indignant tones that something should be done for their rescue, and the Board of Health was beset by anxious friends, who begged that they might be set on shore. In one instance the President of the Board was offered the whole private fortune of a father if he would liberate his only children, a son and daughter, who, although in perfect health, were thus detained on board of an infected ship.

The Board of Health is powerless, and so are the Commissioners. The whole matter has been referred to the Legislature, and it alone must be held responsible for the evils that may follow from indifference or inefficient action.

We cannot tell whether the expected cholera will be mild and manageable, as it was last year. If it should come in a violent form, the trade and commerce of New-York will be ruined; strangers will flee the infected City, and citizens will follow in countless numbers.

* * * * * *

The document concludes:

Our duty is now done, and we would, in conclusion, invite and urge the citizens to stimulate the Legislature to wise action, and not to delay to adopt measures which are best adapted to save the district and country from pestilence.

(Signed)

JOHN O. STONE,
WILLARD PARKER,
JAMES CRANE.

SOLDIERS' MESSENGER CORPS.

Some misapprehension appears to exist in regard to the bill pending in the Legislature to incorporate the "Soldiers' Business Messenger Corps." This bill was framed by some of the truest friends of the soldiers in this State. The plan is to furnish business for veteran disabled soldiers exclusively. These men cannot compete with able-bodied men, and as their business requires them to be constantly on the streets, a provision was inserted in the bill allowing the erection of sentry boxes or closed booths upon the edges of the sidewalks, in the place of the present unsightly peanut and apple stands. These booths were to afford shelter to the messenger boys, and it was supposed that when the walks were of sufficient width, a booth might be constructed to admit some one-legged veteran. The design of the promoters of the bill was to secure for these crippled veterans some reputable employment which would save them from pauperism and enable them to compete with those who had not thus suffered in the cause of the country. The Senate struck out this privilege, thus leaving the soldiers without any advantage over them. The object of the bill seems to be a worthy one and entitled to favorable consideration, but it will not be pressed or lobbied, and will now have to take its fate.

UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.

The third reading of bills being in order in the Senate, the Underground Railroad Bill came up in order. Mr. H. C. MURPHY moved an amendment to the effect that the Company should give bonds in $500,000 to pay all damages to property-holders damaged by the construction of the road. Mr. LOW suggested that if the Senate would amend and make it apply to those who were permanently damaged, the amendment could be adopted unanimously and the bill passed and not be recommitted to the Railroad Committee. Senator MURPHY consented, but Senator PIERSON objected and moved to recommit to the Railroad Committee, and proceeded to denounce the bill, and said that he desired to get it in the Committee in order to propose various amendments. He said that it had been pertinaciously urged by its friends with unparalleled zeal and haste.

The amendment of Senator MURPHY being adopted, many grave Senators seemed to have urgent business outside of the bar of the Senate, and it was soon evident that a quorum would not be present, although but a few moments before the Senators were in their seats generally. Senator O'DONNELL moved that the Sergeant-of-Arms be sent for the absent Senators, which was carried, and on call of the roll it was found that four Senators were absent. The Sergeant-of-Arms found the Senators, and the vote was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Andrews, Barnett, Bennett, Campbell, Chambers, Collins, E. Cornell, Folger, Gibson, Godard, Kline, LaBau, Low, H. C. Murphy, T. Murphy, O'Donnell, Platt, Sessions, White, Wilbor—20.

NAYS—Messrs. C. G. Cornell, Humphrey, Lent, Nicks, Parsons, Pierson, Stanford, Sutherland, Williams, Wolcott, Wood—11.

During the time the Senate was waiting for the absent Senators, intense interest was manifested, enlivened by repeated calls to have the Chair inform the Senate what Senators were absent, and as their names were announced, much merriment ensued. Most of the Senators were absent on Committee business, it is fair to presume—because they said so.

STATE AID FOR RAILROADS.

The general bill providing State aid for railroads was up for discussion. I have noticed the provisions of this bill before. Senator O'DONNELL after speaking an hour in favor of the bill, yielded to a motion to rise and report progress. The Senator aims to make this bill a substitute for the dozen bills that are now persistently boring the Legislature for aid, and thinks the bill will be passed. It will take a less amount of money from the Treasury to carry its provisions into effect than the other bills before the Legislature, providing they all pass.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Tuesday, March 19.

BILLS ADVANCED TO THIRD READING.

Incorporating the White Plains Water-works Company.

Authorizing a special tax of $2,000 in the towns of Oyster Bay and Hempstead.

Amending the charter of the New-York Accidental Insurance Company.

Incorporating the Stuyvesant Safe Deposit Company of New-York.

The Utica Common School Bill.

On motion of Mr. SUTHERLAND, the bill requiring the Fourth-avenue Railroad Cut to be arched over was referred back to the Railroad Committee.

To amend the act for the prevention of frauds in the laying out of streets in New-York.

The President presented a communication from the Metropolitan Board of Health urging the necessity of establishing a quarantine station on land, for the prevention and spread of cholera. Ordered to be printed.

Also, a communication from the Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police relative to the controversy between himself and Justice CONNOLLY. Ordered to be printed.

Also, a report from the Managers of the Bloomingdale Asylum. Ordered to be printed.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. H. C. MURPHY—To cede to the United States certain land in Brooklyn adjoining the Navy-yard.

Mr. MURPHY stated that he dissented from the bill.

By Mr. O'DONNELL—To amend the act for the incorporation of Life and Health Insurance Companies.

By Mr. PIERSON—To authorize railroad companies to use passenger carriage state-rooms and charge additional fare for the same.

METROPOLITAN UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.

To incorporate the Metropolitan Underground Railway Company.

Mr. H. C. MURPHY moved to recommit, with instructions to amend by requiring the Company to enter into bonds to make good any damage that may be done private property or public streets by reason of any excavations made. Carried.

The absentees having been sent for, the bill was passed by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Andrews, Barnett, Bennett, Campbell, Chambers, Collins, E. Cornell, Folger, Gibson, Godard, Kline, La Bau, Low, H. C. Murphy, T. Murphy, O'Donnell, Platt, Sessions, White, Wilber—20.

NAYS—C. G. Cornell, Humphrey, Lent, Nicks, Parsons, Pierson, Stanford, Sutherland, Williams, Wolcott, Woods—11.

BILLS PASSED.

The charter the Village of Randolph.

For the relief of the Canajoharie Academy.

Authorizing the City of Brooklyn to borrow money for school purposes.

The Town of New Lotts School Bill.

Legalizing the proceedings of the annual town meeting of the Town of De Kalb.

To provide for building bridges in the County of Suffolk.

Amending the charter of the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company.

Amending the charter of the Village of Gloversville.

Appropriating $60,000 in said of the Elmira Female College.

Amending the act regulating the use of certain boats and vessels within the Metropolitan Police District.

Conferring additional powers upon American Jockey Club.

This bill was amended by authorizing the Company to offer premiums for the improvement of the breed of horses, but prohibiting the making of wagers on horse racing.

To change the name of the Rutger Female Institute.

Mr. WOOD moved a concurrent resolution for the appointment of a Joint Committee to investigate the affairs of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. Laid on the table.

The bill increasing the salary of WM. W. SMITH, Clerk in the New-York Surrogate's office, to $2,500, was ordered to a third reading.

A report was received from the Commissioners of the Central Park, relative to the west side improvement.

Mr. LENT presented a remonstrance against the extension of Fifth-avenue.

Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

The Brooklyn Sewerage bill.

Amending the charter of the village of Little Falls.

The bill authorizing the removal of insane female convicts from Sing-Sing prison and the Utica Asylum, to the Auburn Asylum, was passed.

RAILROAD TARIFF.

The bill authorizing the Central Railroad Company to charge 2½ cents per mile, passenger fare, was taken up as the special order.

Mr. PARSONS moved to amend by requiring the company to receive all way freight along their line, and move the same toward its destination within ten days from reception thereof, extraordinary circumstances alone excepted.

Mr. ANDREWS moved five days.

Mr. BENNETT opposed the motion, saying that shippers at the end of the route thought ten days a reasonable time for the starting of freight.

The motion was lost and Mr. PARSONS amendment was adopted.

Mr. WALCOTT moved to limit the operations of the bill to one year from the first of June. Lost by a vote of 8 to 12.

Mr. WALCOTT moved to limit the operations to ten years. Lost.

Mr. WHITE moved a substitute providing for two classes of passenger trains, one to run at the speed of twenty miles per hour, fare two cents per mile, and one to run at a speed exceeding twenty miles per hour, fare two and a-half cents. Adopted by a vote of 15 to 13.

Mr. FOLGER moved to limit the operation of the bill to three years from the first of next October. Lost, and the bill was reported to the Senate.

Mr. PIERSON moved to strike out Mr. WHITE's substitute and insert the original bill. Carried by the following vote:

AYES—Messrs. Barnett, Bennett, Chambers, Collins, C. G. Cornell, Godard, Lent, Low, H. C. Murphy, T. Murphy, Nicks, Parsons, Pierson, Platt, Sessions, Stanford, Sutherland, Wood—18.

NAYS—Messrs. Andrews, Campbell, E. Cornell, Folger, Gibson, Kline, La Bau, O'Donnell, White, Wilbor, Williams, Walcott—12.

The bill was then ordered to a third reading.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The report of the Committee of Conference on the bill providing for a Convention to revise the Constitution was next taken up, and adopted by the following vote:

YEAS.—Messrs. Andrews, Barnett, Bennets, Campbell, Collins, E. Cornell, Folger, Godard, Humphrey, LaBau, Lent, Low, T. Murphy, Nicks, O'Donnell, Parsons, Platt, Sessions, Stanford, White, Wilbor, Williams—22.

NAYS.—Messrs. Chambers, C. G. Cornell, Gibson, Kline, H. C. Murphy, Pierson, Wolcott, Wood—8.

CHAMBERLAIN OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Mr. THOMAS MURPHY introduced a bill fixing the salary of Chamberlain of the City of New-York at $10,000 per annum, doing away with all fees, and requiring the Mayor and Chamberlain to advertise for proposals from banks for the deposit of the City funds, said funds to be deposited in the banks making the highest bid.

Mr. MURPHY also introduced a bill incorporating another elevated railroad. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The Speaker presented the report of the Metropolitan Board of Health, relative to preventing the spread of epidemic diseases.

A CONTESTED SEAT.

Mr. HISCOCK said the bill relative to the contested election in the Eighth New-York Aldermanic District was ordered to a third reading yesterday, contrary to the rules of the House. The bill was yet in the hands of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. SIGERSON did not know that such was the case when he moved the bill in Committee of the Whole, and had no objection to reconsider the action taken yesterday.

The Speaker ruled that the bill being still in the hands of the Committee, having been recommitted, the action had upon it was null and void.

This was agreed to by a vote of the House.

A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. HOYT rose to a question of privilege. The New-York *Tribune* of yesterday contained an extract from the correspondence of the *Sunday Mercury*, stating that the Committee on Charitable Institutions had concluded to report a bill to regulate prostitution in New-York. The statement was without foundation. The Committee had resolved unanimously to report against the bill referred to and would do so in writing in a few days.

CLAIM BILLS.

A large number of claim bills were passed. During their reading it was found difficult to keep a quorum present, and Mr. MILLSPAUGH moved a call of the House, which was carried, and the galleries and lobbies were cleared.

Mr. H. SMITH moved that all members absent be declared in contempt, and that they shall not participate in further proceedings until excused by a vote of the House. Motion carried. The doors were then opened, and the absent members appeared and made their excuses.

The bill to increase the capital stock of the Long Island Railroad was passed. Recess to 7:30 o'clock

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the charter of the village of New-Rochelle.

To provide for the erection of a new academy building at Homer.

To amend the act to supply Brooklyn with water.

To amend the charter of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.

To amend the charter of the Metropolitan Public Conveyance Company.

To prevent injury and loss of life to persons on railroad cars.

To incorporate the Odd-Fellows' Hall Association of Buffalo.

To refund to the Cornell University the amount paid by EZRA CORNELL to Genesee College.

To change the county-seat of Schuyler County from Havana to Watkins.

To incorporate the Buffalo Park Company.

To authorize the Commissioners of Central Park to construct a stone stairway.

To amend the act relative to the powers and duties of the Commissioners of Emigration.

To prevent obstructions upon piers and wharves in the port of New-York, and to regulate the use of slips and wharves adjacent thereto.

To authorize the Atlantic Life Insurance Company to make special deposits.

To authorize the City of Rochester to borrow money for school purposes.

To revive the charter of the Susquehanna Bridge Company.

Relative to the Father Matthew Total Abstinence Society of South Brooklyn.

To incorporate the New-York College of Dentistry.

Adjourned.

Canadian Gunboats on the Lakes—Destructive Fire at Bothwell, Canada.

QUEBEC, C. E., Tuesday, March 19.

A large body of seamen belonging to Her Majesty's steamer *Aurora*, go West immediately to equip the gunboats on the Lakes, and prepare them for service as quick as possible.

The Irishmen of this city celebrated St. Patrick's Day yesterday by a procession and church services. The turnout was larger than for many years past.

BOTHWELL, C. W., Tuesday, March 19.

A fire broke out last night in the Carroll House, which in ten minutes was a mass of flames. The fire speedily communicated with the Martin House adjoining, and crossing Main-street, connected with Baxter's Exchange office, the Commercial Bank, and other buildings. About sixty buildings were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $60,000.

MONTREAL, Tuesday, March 19.

The corner-stone of St. Patrick's Hall was laid yesterday by Father O'DOWELL.

At a meeting in the evening, B. DEVLIN, President, in a speech, claimed for Ireland the same liberty and freedom as Canada; a Legislature of its own, and a Government of its own people. This granted, he said, Fenianism would very soon die out.

BOTHWELL, C. W., Tuesday, March 19.

The main portion of the town is in ashes. Over one hundred houses have been destroyed. A large number of families have been rendered houseless and destitute, and are leaving the town by every train in all directions.

Matters on the Pacific Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, March 19.

The French transport ship *Detrande*, from Tahiti, arrived yesterday, being the first of a regular line of Government vessels which are to make monthly trips to this port.

The successful working of the Atlantic cable has induced the French Government to transfer the base of supplies from Valparaiso to San Francisco.

The steamship *Constitution*, for Panama, sailed to-day with $877,000 in treasure, of which $640,000 was for New-York.

The United States Marshal to-day seized the books and papers of the principal importers of French wines, to be used in evidence for the Government in a certain wine case in the United States District Court.

The ship *R. Robinson* and *Chas. Luling* from New-York have arrived.

Ship *Ella Norton* with a cargo of wheat for Hampton Roads has sailed.

Flour market dull. The steamer to-day carried 6,300 barrels for New-York; sales of Extra at $6 25 and Superfine at $5 25. Wheat active; sales at $1 75 @$1 80, and very choice at $1 90. Legal-tenders 75.

Reconstruction in Louisiana.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, March 19.

Gen. SHERIDAN's order to-day says that no general removals from office will be made, unless the present incumbents fail to carry out the provisions of the law and impede reorganization, or unless the delay in reorganization necessitates the change. Pending reorganization, it is intended to create as little disturbance in the machinery of the various branches of the Provisional Government as possible, consistent with the law of Congress and its successful execution; but this condition is dependent upon the disposition of the people, and the length of time required for reorganization.

A Gambler Arrested for Murder in Tennessee.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Tuesday, March 19

WILLIE FERGUSON, a gambler, who recently shot and killed a fireman in this city, was arrested on Washington-street early this morning.

A notorious New-York counterfeiter named WM. GERNAN was arrested to-day and sent to New-York on a requisition of the Governor of that State.

A special dispatch from Little Rock to the *Avalanche* says the Governor vetoed the bill loaning $1,060 per mile to aid in building railroads. It will probably be passed over the veto.

State Hospital for the Insane.

ALBANY, N. Y., Tuesday, March 19.

The Governor has to-day appointed the following-named gentlemen Managers of the Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane: Hon. Abiah W. Palmer, of Amenia; Hon. Wm. Kelly, of Rhinebeck; Dr. Cornelius W. Agnew, of New-York City; Dr. A. Cooke Hull, of Brooklyn; Hon. Amasa J. Parker, of Albany; Dr. Edward L. Beadle, of Poughkeepsie; Hon. George Clark, of Newburgh; Hon. Joseph Howland, of Fishkill; John P. H. Tallman, Esq., of Poughkeepsie.

Burglary in St. Louis—Relief for the South.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, March 19.

The loss by the burglary of BOGWELL, MEYERS & VOORHIES store on Saturday night, will probably reach $7,000 instead of $3,000, as previously reported. No clue has been obtained to the robbers.

A resolution was adopted by the Merchants' Exchange to-day, under which a Committee of ten prominent merchants was appointed to solicit money and food for the benefit of sufferers in the Southern States.

The Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURGH, Tuesday, March 19.

The Senate to-day considered the bill passed by the House authorizing an election in Philadelphia to decide the question whether passenger-cars shall run on Sunday. The bill was passed in the Committee of the Whole, and laid over till to-morrow.

New Insurance Company in Boston.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 19.

A new Insurance Company, chartered within ten days, named the Independent Insurance Company of Boston, went into operation to-day. The capital paid in is $300,000.

AFFAIRS IN NEW-ORLEANS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, March 9, 1867.

IMPEACHMENT OF GOV. WELLS PROPOSED.

Our Legislature has entertained a memorial to impeach Gov. WELLS. The leading count in this indictment is an alleged defalcation some years ago as Receiver of Public Taxes. Differing as the writer does from Gov. WELLS in many points of abstract opinion, it is yet to be regretted that the Executive and Legislative Departments of the State should be kept in antagonism at a time when harmony is so important to the erection of Southern society. If we cannot agree upon an amenity of opinions among ourselves, with what reason can we hope for it from others? If we cannot forget or postpone our prejudices against each other, how can we expect our Radical enemies who feel no interest in common with us to surrender or suppress their animosity? We are now justly condemning them for proposing to impeach President JOHNSON. They denounce him unjustly, as we think, for a dereliction of duty. Why should we reproduce in farce that which they may dignify as a political tragedy?—set a precedent for disfranchisement which may some day end in the death of the nation.

If the offence alleged in the impeachment against Gov. WELLS was committed long before his almost unanimous election to his present office, it was as notorious then as now. If it has slept thus long there can be no motive for awakening it except that which leads to the proceedings against the President—the desire to remove an obstacle. This impeachment is but an incident in a war waged between these Departments of State Government for some time past. The writer knows nothing of the merits, if, indeed, that term be applicable. Out of these unhappy controversies has grown a misrepresentation of our social condition, that now culminates in a total deprivation of office not only of both parties here, but in States in which no such controversies have existed, and where public order has been unbroken. Gov. WELLS has done his part in this controversy. He has charged on the municipal authorities the riot of July. He recognized the galvanized convention of 1864, and now he issues his proclamation announcing that the municipal and other elections are to be held under the law of suffrage and eligibility laid down by Congress. Like the dispute in the fable, Congress swallows the oyster and presents each of the litigants with a shell.

We should commend the following apologue to the parties contending: There was an American town comprised, according to the prescriptions of WASHINGTON IRVING, by the "accidental assemblage of a tavern, a store and a blacksmith-shop," with the private dwellings appropriate to those institutions. The people of this town were on extremely bad terms with each other, so that very few of them spoke when they met their neighbors at the town pump, while the backbiting was incessant and very bitter. Such were their social relations when, in the year 183—, there occurred the fall of meteors. The firmament was on fire; stars shot by broadsides madly from their spheres, and the terrified villagers imagined the end of the world at hand. So some repentant backbiter reminded his friends that they were in no fit frame of mind to enter the presence of their Judge, and suggested a general amnesty and reciprocal forgiveness. The terrified sinners fell on their knees, embraced each other, made mutual recantations and professions of future friendship. One incorrigible citizen alone held out until the assembled village besought him in tears to sacrifice his animosities, and not imperil his own salvation and theirs by opposing the sole impediment to a divine amnesty. Thus beset, he yielded. "Neighbors," said he, "I am willing to shake hands with my enemies, but I give notice to all that if the world don't come to an end, that things must stand exactly as they did before." Provided those who have party feuds will suspend them for the present and come up to the rescue of the South in the hour of her peril, it will be a matter of comparative insignificance if they resume their relations when the danger is over.

THE CARNIVAL.

You have seen so many descriptions of the Mardi Gras that a description will be unnecessary. It is sufficient to say, that the Latin race turns the day before the period of self-denial is to commence into festivity, just as we lose sight of the nativity in the pleasures to which immemorial custom has dedicated the season. Here, the day begins and ends in a masquerade. Persons, single or in parties, parade the streets in the most grotesque costumes. The Americans, however, who generally improve upon even the follies of other people, have organized a mysterious band who are called "The Mystick Krewe of Comus." The suggestion may be found in MILTON's charming little drama, and is there intended to illustrate the various vices which have subjugated men, and moreover to show the triumph of virtue over temptation. The earlier figures and tableaux here were intended to display some great historical event by a series of representations. This year they have chosen, however, the rather inapplicable theme of a gourmand's vision. The various viands were personified and traversed the streets in procession. At night, as has been the custom, they reappeared in tableaux on the stage at the Varieties Theatre, and the mimic feast was enacted. There were peripatetic lobsters and recumbent sirloins. There were grave demijohns and gamboling decanters. Sherry and champagne waltzed together, while all the *entremets* which can be imagined thronged the scene. The entertainment is very expensive; the tickets are given away in invitations, and the theatre is packed with the *élite* of the city. Though very well got up, the subject was not appropriate to the troubles which surround us, and the vision of food to the hungry epicure is but a type of the anxiety of a people born free to regain their lost liberties. The day passed without any other acts of violence than are normal upon a large population delivered over for a day to enjoyment, and in good part to intemperance.

DEATH OF DE BOW.

The death of Mr. DE BOW has been a serious loss to the South. Originally a teacher of the fallacy that the rights of a people may be maintained by metaphysics, and that the culture of a particular staple gave its producers control over the wants of the world, he had become convinced, with the rest of us, that the world is not so dependent on any one staple as to enable the producers of that staple to dictate terms to those who consume it. He had become the earnest friend of mixed industry, and was at the time of his death engaged personally in the prosecution of an important railroad connecting the West and South, and also in disseminating all the knowledge he could obtain on the subject of cotton-spinning, labor-saving machines and all other manufacturing information useful to the South. His loss is of especial importance in another point of view. He was a most industrious and judicious publisher, and had sustained a Southern periodical where almost every one else had failed. This had been done for many years past by printing it where composition and paper were cheaper than at the South, and by a well-organised system of solicitation and collection. Very few persons combined so many qualifications for making and maintaining a publication as Mr. DE BOW, and among other valuable qualities which he possessed it may be doubted whether any will be more difficult to replace in the South than this last and indispensable one of being able to conduct a newspaper.*

OUR CITY ELECTIONS

[illegible] Monday for half the first and second [illegible] We have the natural conflict of [illegible] from the political chaos into which we have fallen. The Mayor proclaims the charter and its qualifications. The Governor, *ex parte*, gives notice that the late law of Congress prescribes the rule of suffrage and eligibility, and the military commandant has not thus far spoken or telegraphed. The *status*, unhappily, seem plain enough. The law of Congress takes effect from its passage. All vacancies occurring in office must be filled under it. An ineligible incumbent chosen, a qualified voter excluded and the election may be set aside like those of Richmond and of Alexandria. We cannot yet realize that we are Indians taxed, but not represented; that we are not in a Territory but in a penal colony. That we have no citizens of the United States, except the freedmen, and that they have no more rights than ourselves. From the force of habit we talk of laws and constitutions when we should address ourselves to repairing the unhappy calamities which surround us. Pardon our folly, we shall in due time become accustomed to the darkest of despotism and grope in our dungeons with faculties sharpened by exercise.

W. M. B.

* We believe it is now understood that Mr. DE BOW is not dead. But as it can do neither him nor the world at large any harm to understand what would have been said of him if he had died, we leave the above paragraph as it was written.—ED. TIMES.

THE AMERICAN COLONY AT JAFFA.

From an Occasional Correspondent.

BOSTON, Friday, March 15, 1867.

I saw a gentleman yesterday from the vicinity of Machias, Me., who "escaped" being one of the American colony at Jaffa. He says that late letters from some of the colonists to their friends represent ADAMS, the leader, as a deceiver of the first class, if not an imposter of many year's standing. He corroborates all previous reports of the destitution and sickness prevailing among the colonists, and says the authorities in Palestine are decidedly hostile to ADAMS and his pretended object. Many of the adventurers would return if they had the means, but as the matter now stands they are entirely at the mercy of ADAMS, who has possession or control of the funds of the company. It was not until the arrival of the colony at Jaffa that the true character of their leader was discovered. A letter received at Jonesport—a place where the elder held forth and succeeded in making a number of proselytes—states that ADAMS was intoxicated during the voyage out, and while in one of his maudlin spells attempted to "do" *Richard III.* before his astonished audience. Before the party sailed for the Holy Land, and during the period in which ADAMS gathered his company, his past record was exposed by the local papers, but his converts had no faith in the truth of those statements. ADAMS certainly occupies an unenviable position before the public. The "Elder" turns out to be the identical person who figured in this city about twenty years ago as a Mormon elder, and soon after as a preacher and actor. He preached on Sundays, and never failed to give notice at the conclusion of his discourse that he might be seen and heard during the week at the theatre in such and such plays. He was also a Millerite in 1843. There are men of high standing and veracity ready to testify to having repeated seen the "Elder" so much intoxicated as to be unable to render his part correctly at the theatre. At the same time he was preaching infidelity. No one seems to know where ADAMS came from, but his career during the past twenty-five years has certainly been as inconsistent as it has been varied. ADAMS is represented as a man of considerable ability. He certainly succeeded in deluding people's minds and winning proselytes and followers when he went into Maine and convinced over a hundred people that he was a true descendant of Ephraim, and that he had been appointed of God to settle in and revolutionize and Christianise a land which has for more than one century resisted the efforts of American missionaries. His paper, the *Sword of Truth*, did much to gain him converts, for in it he published highly colored accounts of Jaffa, and how welcome an American colony would be there. ADAMS proved himself, before this Jaffa affair, a disreputable character—practicing the foulest vices and preaching the purest doctrines in various parts of New-England, as a Methodist, a Baptist, and a Campbellite, and alternating as a lecturer on elocution and temperance, besides getting intoxicated. In the neighborhoods where he operated in Maine the friends of morality and religion unmasked his hypocrisy and false teaching, and warned those who were being ensnared by his designs. But all to no purpose. The previous character of J. G. ADAMS was not sufficient to throw doubt on the sincerity of this Jaffa scheme, and all right-minded men and women prophesied that it would prove the ruination pecuniarily, if not morally, of those parties engaged in it. The information derived from letters received from the colonists would go to show that they have realised in a terrible manner how true was the exposure of ADAMS, and how foolish was the Palestine emigration scheme. It was at a place called Indian Village that ADAMS made his headquarters in Maine. Here he taught elocution, besides preaching his peculiar doctrine. He also got up theatrical performances in a large hall, there painting the scenes himself and making all the appointments. SHAKESPEARE's plays were performed, and drew large audiences. This singular and talented individual played quite a part on the "Down-east" stage. He made his power felt. It was a strange infatuation, but he sowed the seeds of discord and ruin, and has proved an Ephraim wolf to many of that people. The last heard of ADAMS he had been arrested by the American Consul at Jaffa for refusing to settle with the colonists, and after lying in prison for some time, was released on promise of doing justice to those who connected themselves with him. ADAMS has now only about a dozen admirers, who, when the spell of infatuation under which they are laboring shall have passed away, will regret the course they have pursued and the enthusiasm with which they have pursued it. Several letters have been received at Machias and other places giving an encouraging picture of the condition of the colonists, but it is believed they were dictated by ADAMS for the purpose of shielding himself from the odium thrown upon him by his outrageous conduct. I might write columns of the misdeeds of this man, but as my informant intends to publish a full *exposé* of ADAMS and his blasphemous and hypocritical deeds I desist. ADAMS spent three years in making proselytes to his faith. If it is not within the province or power of our Government to render the suffering colonists aid, their friends intend to fit out a vessel and restore them to their homes again.

DOMESTIC ITEMS.

On the night of the 12th inst., four men went to the house of the County Treasurer in Jefferson, Illinois, who was absent from home, boldly rang for admittance, knocked senseless the servant who opened the door, and going to the bed of the Treasurer's wife, presented a pistol at her head and demanded the keys of the safe. Receiving the key they took the contents of the safe, from $8,000 to $10,000, and after ransacking the house from cellar to attic in search of more plunder, left undisturbed.

The Common Council of Paterson, N. J., recently forbade the Erie Railway Company to run their trains through the city at a faster rate than six miles per hour. The Company ceased selling excursion tickets between Paterson and this City, and threatened the cessation of the sale of commutation tickets. The city thereupon repealed its ordinance, and appointed a Committee to confer with the railroad officials.

A young man was drowned in Arkansas during the recent flood while attempting to rescue his sister, who had taken refuge on top of her house from the rising waters. He swam in on horseback, but failed to reach the house and turned back, but recalled by her cries he renewed the attempt, and when near the house his horse sank and both perished in her sight. She remained on the house nearly three days before she was rescued.

Gov. BAKER, of Indiana, has vetoed a bill which empowered County Commissioners, upon the application in writing of a majority of the resident tax-payers, to make appropriations from the County Treasury, to aid the construction of manufacturing establishments and machine shops.

An Ohio paper says that at no time within the past ten years, in the month of March, has the wheat crop given such decided promise of abundant harvest as at the present time, and that its country exchanges are all of the same opinion.

The Delaware Legislature has found it necessary to remain in session one week longer than was intended, for the purpose of adopting some plan of taxation to meet deficiencies in the revenue and the expenses of the State Government.

A woman giving her name as Mrs. RAY, has been arrested in Chicago, accused of shooting a man named BARNEY KNIGHT, at Logansport, Ind., in a fit of jealousy. BARNEY's wound is a dangerous one.

On the 11th instant the first pile was driven for the railroad bridge across the Mississippi River at Quincy. A large number of citizens witnessed the ceremony.

Five schooners have been added to the Provincetown whaling fleet, this year; two more are now on the stocks, and the keel of third is to be laid. All for the Atlantic fishery.

The Illinois Legislature passed a law compelling competing lines of telegraph in the State to take messages from each other for transmission under penalty of forfeiture of their charter.

The citizens of Portland, Me., have voted, 800 to 50, to accept the act authorizing the city to loan money, to be raised from bonds, for the purpose of rebuilding the burnt district.

A bill before the Massachusetts Legislature empowers the manufacturing corporations of Fall River to enter into contract with each other respecting mutual insurance against loss by fire.

The Pennsylvania House of Representatives has passed the bill to impose a tax of ten cents per ton on all coal mined by railroad, canal or transportation companies.

The office of Treasurer of Ripley County, Ind., was robbed a few nights since of $500. The strength of the inner lock of the safe saved about $30,000 to the Treasury of the State.

The fire which destroyed the business portion of the town of Albany, Ga., last week, originated from a kerosene lamp.

The Chicago police are making descents upon the keno rooms.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Answer of Superintendent Kennedy to the Resolution of Inquiry from the State Senate—Interesting Statements.

In answer to a resolution of the State Senate, the Police Commissioners called upon Mr. JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent of Police, to report to them the origin of the difficulty between himself and Police Justice MICHAEL CONNOLLY. The following is Mr. KENNEDY's report, which was duly forwarded to the Senate by the Police Board and received by that body yesterday, and ordered to be printed:

STATE OF NEW-YORK, IN SENATE,
ALBANY, March 12, 1867.

On motion of Mr. WOOD:

Resolved, That the Metropolitan Police Commissioners be, and are hereby directed to transmit to the Senate a copy of their General Order, No. 489, and report the particular reason alleged by the Superintendent as having influenced him to issue said General Order.

By order of the Senate.

JAS. TERWILLIGER, Clerk.

MARCH 14, 1867.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolution be furnished to the Superintendent, and that he be, and is hereby directed to report to this Board his reasons for issuing General Order referred to therein.

By order of Board of Police.

D. B. HASBROUCK, Chief Clerk.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT, METROPOLITAN POLICE,
NO. 300 MULBERRY-STREET,
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1867.

To the Honorable the Senate of the State of New-York:

The Metropolitan Police Commissioners, in compliance with the resolution of the Honorable the Senate, dated March 12, 1867, "requiring them to transmit to the Senate a copy of their General Order No. 489, and report the particular reasons alleged by the Superintendent as having influenced him to issue said General Order," respectfully

Report, That on the receipt of said resolution on the 14th of March, they caused a copy of said resolution to be delivered to Superintendent KENNEDY, together with a resolution of this Board directing the Superintendent to report to this Board his reasons for issuing the General Order referred to in said resolution of the Honorable the Senate. In compliance with the said resolution from this Board, Superintendent KENNEDY has transmitted to this Board a written statement of his reasons for issuing the said General Order. The said written statement containing a copy of said General Order No. 489 is hereto annexed.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

By order of the Board of Metropolitan Police.

THOS. C. ACTON, President.

S. C. HAWLEY, Chief Clerk.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
METROPOLITAN POLICE, NEW-YORK,
March 16, 1867.

To the Commissioners of Metropolitan Police:

In compliance with your resolution of 14th instant, I respectfully submit the accompanying copies of affidavits of members and ex-members of the Police force, as containing a statement of some of the conduct and language of Justice CONNOLLY, of the Fourth District Police Court, which led me to issue General Order No. 489. The thirty affidavits submitted herewith are selected from about fifty of similar import, embracing only a portion of the cases that could be presented. This number, however, seems sufficient to show that a proper regard for a just administration of the criminal laws and for the protection and support of faithful officers and members of the force in the discharge of their unpleasant duties, required on my part such action as would protect them, as far as it was possible, from continued insults and threatenings.

It is, I suppose, proper for me to add that nothing other than the frequent repetition of the course of conduct and use of language set forth in these several affidavits, covering as they do a period exceeding six years in duration, influenced me to prepare and issue the order in question. I submit that such a course of treatment of the officers and policemen was calculated to intimidate, deter and prevent them from a performance of their duties, and to encourage those arrested and charged with offences to persist in their illegal conduct. In order that the points presented by the several affidavits may be more readily comprehended, a summary of each is made a part of this report.

The affidavit of Ex-Policeman PHILIP LOWENTHAL (Document A) shows that, on Nov. 19, 1860, the patrolman had entered a house where a husband and wife were engaged in deadly strife. Each had the other by the hair with one hand, while with the other hand one was using a knife and the other a bottle with the bottom broken off as weapons of attack on each other. When separated, they were both severely wounded. The policeman arrested both parties and took them to the Station-house, where each charged the other with assault and battery with intent to kill. When taken in the morning before Mr. Justice CONNOLLY, and the case stated by the officer as one of cross complaint by the prisoners, the Justice prevented the complaints from being made, by threatening to send both prisoners to Blackwell's Island in case they should make any such charges. They of course declined to make the charge. Thereupon, turning to the officer, who, at some hazard to his own safety, had probably saved at least one life, the Justice reprimanded him for making the arrest, and for interfering at all in a family quarrel when not called in by either of the parties to the fray. The emphatic words were: "You had no business whatever to go in the house. If Mr. O'CONNOR (one of the prisoners) will sue you for false imprisonment I will do my best to assist him in the suit. If they (meaning the prisoners) will make a charge against you for assault and battery I will commit you now."

Patrolman ROGER JUDGE in endeavoring to protect the premises of a quiet resident of his patrol beat from the attacks of a disorderly crowd, which had already broken some of the windows, on June 4, 1863, found it necessary to arrest a man named SWEENY, who persistently resisted the efforts of the officer to disperse the crowd. (Document B.) On taking his prisoner before Justice CONNOLLY, he made a proper charge of disorderly conduct against the prisoner, whereupon the Justice discharged the accused and addressed the officer in these words: "What right had you, Sir, to arrest this man? I have a great mind to lock you up. If you arrest that man again, or any other, on a similar charge, I will have you committed and tried for a misdemeanor."

Patrolman JOHN KEIRNS arrested WM. SMITH on the 28th of May, 1865, for passing counterfeit money. (Document C.) While making the arrest two men endeavored to rescue the prisoner; KEIRNS called assistance and succeeding in arresting all three of the men. They were taken before Justice CONNOLLY and the proper charge made against each, when he promptly discharged them all, remarking at the same time to the officers: "Had I been there I would have rescued the man from the hands of violence," and censured the policemen for making the arrests. So soon however as the District Attorney was made acquainted with the case, it was laid before the Grand Jury, when SMITH was indicted for the offence, and on trial plead guilty.

On May 29, 1865, ROBERT ROBERTS, then a member of the Twenty-second Precinct Command, arrested HENRY TREMER for committing an assault and battery on his wife, in the street, and in the presence of the policeman; he took him before Justice CONNOLLY and made the necessary complaint. The Justice forthwith discharged the prisoner and threatened to lock up the policeman for doing more than his duty. (Document D.)

The affidavit of Sergt. BURNS (Document E,) shows that he was obliged to arrest a drunken schoolmaster, on Aug. 3, 1865, for being drunk and disorderly; but when taken before Justice CONNOLLY on the following morning and the charge made against him, the prisoner was released without evidence of the drunkeness allowed to be produced. And the Justice reprimanded the Sergeant for making the arrest; asserting that the Sergeant was not on duty at the time, and had no right or authority to make an arrest. Such assertion was unwarranted in law and directly at variance with the instructions of the Board of Police.

The affidavits of Patrolman CHARLES HUMPHREYS and of Patrolman JOHN IRVING, (Documents F and G,) show that in one case, on Feb. 5, 1866, and in the other on April 12, 1866, they made arrests of persons for recklessly throwing dirt and rubbish into the street, in violation of City ordinances, and took their prisoners before Justice CONNOLLY, where they made the necessary complaints; in each case the prisoners were discharged; but the officers were reprimanded. It is easy to see what would be the natural effect of this course on the offenders, and one of them repeated the offence the same day; he was again arrested by Patrolman IRVING, and being detained until the following morning, was taken before another Justice, who held the accused for trial.

During a strike of the car drivers of the street railroads, Sergt. JOHN T. WRIGHT, on April 17, 1866, had charge of a squad of men to preserve the peace in the vicinity of the Sixth-avenue Railroad depot. It became necessary to disperse a noisy and disorderly crowd, who were hooting and yelling to discourage new drivers from doing their work. (Document H.) Several of the most boisterous of the gang, refusing to be quiet and desist from their disorderly conduct, or to leave the ground, were arrested and taken before Justice CONNOLLY. Proper charges were made against the offenders by the Sergeant, when the Justice informed him he had no business to make the arrests; that every man had a right to yell and hoot as much as he pleased; that it was no violation of law in his court; that Metropolitan Law might do for Police Headquarters but that it would not suit him. He then discharged the prisoners, and further reprimanded the Sergeant for doing what is believed to have been his duty in the premises.

Sergt. WM. J. ROBINSON had seven hackmen arrested at the Central Park, on April 26, 1866, for various violations of the City ordinances governing "hackney coaches," (document I.) Four of the number were not provided with cards to present to customers, showing the legal rates of fare, as required by section 31, chapter 40, of the Ordinances of the City of New-York, revised in 1859; and the proper charge was made. The Justice at first refused to receive such a charge, asserting there was no law to sustain it. The Sergeant then referred him to the ordinance, and after the Justice had read aloud the sections applicable, he said, "Well, that was not known to me before, and if I am ignorant of it it cannot be expected that hackmen should know it!" He then discharged the whole seven, although three of the men were charged with infractions of the other provisions of the ordinances.

Patrolman ALGERNON S. ROSS arrested a man named H. KNUBEL for selling liquor on Sunday, May 6, 1866, (Document K,) and took him before Justice CONNOLLY, when he made the appropriate charge. The Justice, as soon as the charge was made, threatened to put the policeman under bail for making the arrest, as well as the prisoner, whom he held.

On the same Sunday (May 6, 1866,) Patrolman JOHN MCLAUGHLIN arrested DENNIS RYER for selling liquor, (Document L,) and took him before Justice CONNOLLY. In this case the Justice required the policeman to give bail in $300, on a charge of encouraging RYER to sell liquors, the policeman having tasted the liquor to enable him to testify in the case. The Justice, on this occasion, seems to have felt it necessary to assure the accused of his sympathy, by requiring bonds from the policeman; and at the same time he privately informed the officer: "It shall go no further; it will not amount to anything." And it has not.

Patrolman PATRICK OATIS arrested JOHN MOORE on Sunday, May 6, 1866, in the act of selling liquor in violation of law. (Document M.) The prisoner was taken before Justice CONNOLLY, and the proper charge was made; two witnesses testified to the facts in the case, and it appeared that the officer had entered MOORE's bar-room by the back-door, in the same way his customers went in; the Justice then announced that "MOORE had a right to shoot the officer as a trespasser, and he would have been justified in knocking his brains out."

Again, on Sunday, May 6, 1866, Patrolman JEREMIAH F. GILLEN arrested the bar-tender of JOHN MASON, a licensed liquor-dealer, for selling and receiving pay for liquor on that day. (Document N.) The prisoner was taken before Justice CONNOLLY, and the proper charge was made against him. The Justice discharged him forthwith, and then said to MASON, the proprietor of the liquor store, "Club that officer out of your place if he comes there again."

Patrolman WM. J. MCMURRAY on Sunday, July 1, 1866, arrested JOSEPH HILL for violating the Excise Law. (Document O.) When the prisoner was brought before Justice CONNOLLY and charged with the offence, the Justice made the following declaration:

"Citizens ought to protect themselves. If some of you officers had your brains knocked out the parties who did it would be justified. How long have you been on the police? You are one of these smart, efficient officers, looking for promotion. Now, I shall discharge this man; and if you bring any more men here on such a charge as this, I will lock you up. If I was this man I would sue you for false arrest."

The affidavit of Patrolman ALMAS B. STODDARD, (Document P,) shows that on July 3, 1866, he arrested one REARDON for violating the Excise Law by selling liquor without a license; that he took his prisoner before Justice CONNOLLY and made the appropriate complaint, after hearing which the Justice used the following language to the officer:

"Most horrible crime! most horrible crime!! How dare you bring a citizen before me on such a complaint? Don't you know that the Recorder has given his opinion that the law is unconstitutional? Now, Sir, if you bring another prisoner before me on a similar complaint, I will commit you to a cell. You have your choice, to obey me, or to obey the Superintendent of Police. Now, Sir, go to the Station-house and tell your Captain what I have said to you."

Then turning to the prisoner the Justice used to him the following language: "You go home, open your place, and sell liquor to whom you please."

Patrolman GEO. H. TWINE, on the 4th of July, 1866, (Document Q) arrested the same man, REARDON, for the violation of the Excise Law on that day, and took him before Justice CONNOLLY and made the proper charge. The Justice discharged the prisoner, and then incited him to make a charge against the policeman for assault and battery in making the arrest, which REARDON refused to do, saying he had come along with the officer without force or violence. The Justice then told REARDON to resist in case any attempt was made to arrest him again; and, addressing the policeman, he said: "Now, if you or any other officer bring any more persons here on such a charge as this, I will discharge them, and lock you up." This threat failed to prevent the officer from performing his duty; and during the same day he again arrested REARDON for a similar offence, and again took him before Justice CONNOLLY and made the proper charge. The Justice at once exclaimed: "Didn't I tell you not to come here again with that charge; what do you mean? This is clearly a contempt of Court. Now I will lock you up." Then turning to REARDON, required him to make a charge of assault and battery against the policeman for making the arrest; which seemingly he complied with reluctantly, and then he required the policeman to give bail in $300 to answer at the Sessions.

On July 4, 1866, Sergt. BARNETT L. PHILLIPS arrested JOHN MILLER for a violation of the Excise Law (Document R and S.) He took him before Justice CONNOLLY and made a proper charge against him. The Justice forthwith discharged the accused, and then urged him to make a charge against the Sergeant, saying: "If you will make a charge of assault and battery against Sergt. PHILLIPS I will lock him up." The man declined to make the charge.

On July 8, 1866, Patrolman PATRICK OATIS arrested FRANCIS GROSS, while in the act of kicking a man in the head, whom he was holding down on the sidewalk (Document T.) The prisoner was taken before Justice CONNOLLY and a proper charge made. The policeman was examined on the facts of the case, and when that was through with, the Justice exclaimed: "You saw too much. You are a d——d nuisance. There has not been one day's peace in the Twenty-second Ward since you have been there." After the policeman had been thus addressed the offender was discharged.

Patrolman JOHN SMEDICK, on Sept. 12, 1866, arrested JOHN MCCARTY for disorderly conduct and assault and battery (Document V.) He was taken before Justice CONNOLLY and the proper charge made against him. The prisoner was at once discharged, and the Justice made an announcement thus: "I am sorry MCCARTY did not take your club from you and break it over your head."

On Sept. 26, 1866, Patrolman CORNELIUS MAHONY and two other officers arrested JAMES CULLEN, DANL. LOONEY and PATRICK LOONEY, for a felonious assault and battery on a Mrs. RUSSE, in a stable. (Document V.) They were taken before Justice CONNOLLY, and the charge made by the woman, supported by other testimony. Two of the prisoners were held and one discharged. After having made this disposition of the case, the Justice reprimanded the officers for making the arrest without a warrant.

Roundsman ALFRED P. SCHULTZ, on the night of Dec. 20, 1866, hearing a female voice crying "Murder," "Help," &c., in a brewery building, called for assistance and then entered the place, where he found the woman, who pointed out the person whom she charged had maltreated her. (Document W.) The officer proceeded to arrest the man, when two other men interfered, and endeavored to effect a rescue, which made it necessary to arrest them. These prisoners were taken before Justice CONNOLLY. The woman testified against the man who had caused her to make the outcry; but before the policeman could testify against those who had attempted the rescue, the Justice in a very strong manner reprimanded the officers for making the arrests, telling them, "You might have been instrumental in destroying a whole brewery of ale." The three prisoners were then discharged.

On Jan. 9, 1867, patrolman JOHN QUINN arrested a man named BESHBACK for throwing ashes in the street, and took him before Justice CONNOLLY, where he made the charge for violating the ordinances of the City, and of the code of the Metropolitan Board of Health. (Document X.) The law of the State makes the offence a misdemeanor. (See chap. 377, Session laws 1866.) The justice upbraided the officer for being too efficient in small things, and neglecting more important matters; then referred to imaginary omissions of duty on beats several miles distant from the precinct with which QUINN was connected, and told him to go there and perform duty. In ridicule of the officer and of the ordinances under which he acted, he tauntingly said: "It's a pity that you officers hadn't the City Ordinances and Health Ordinances pinned to your shields."

On Jan. 18, 1867, Patrolman JOHN MCLAUGHLIN arrested HENRY HUGHES for violating the Excise Law (Document Z.) The prisoner was taken before Justice CONNOLLY to have the proper charge made out against him, but before the policeman was allowed to make the charge he was subjected to a long and irrelevant examination, and when that was through, the Justice refused to allow the officer to make a complaint, and discharged the prisoner.

Patrolman DAVID STEVENS entered the liquor-store of Mrs. SAUL on Sunday, Jan. 20, 1867, and found her son, a lad of fourteen or fifteen years of age, engaged in selling liquor to customers (Document A A.) The boy was arrested and taken before Justice CONNOLLY, where the proper charge was made. He was promptly discharged and the officer reprimanded by the Justice, he using, among other expressions, the following: "Mrs. SAUL had a perfect right to split your head open, and would have served you right if she had."

On Sunday, Jan. 20, 1867, Capt. M. B. WILSON arrested JOHN MASON, a licensed liquor-dealer, for violation of the Excise Law. (Document B B.) He took the prisoner before Justice CONNOLLY, and made the proper charge. After hearing it, the Justice discharged MASON, and instructed him to resist any Police Officer who attempted to arrest him again for such an offence, using, also, the following words: "If you are brought before me, I will commit the Captain or any other Police officer who may arrest you."

Roundsman EUGENE T. WOODWARD arrested a drunken woman named MARGARET POWERS, on Jan. 26, 1867, she being at the time very disorderly on the street. While detained at the Station-house she continued noisy and disorderly, and warned the officers that if taken before Justice CONNOLLY he would not hold her—that he was her relative, and if taken to his Court she would be back again before the officer who should take her. After being detained so as to become somewhat sobered, (as required by a rule of the Police Justices,) she was taken before Justice CONNOLLY and the proper charge made. Without taking any testimony in the case, the Justice discharged her and reprimanded the officer for making such an arrest. The woman, as she had foretold, returned to Fort Washington on the same conveyance with the policeman who had taken her before the Justice.

On Sunday morning, Jan. 20, 1867, Patrolmen THOMAS LEVINS and RICHARD VAN GIESON arrested THOMAS GREGAN for violation of the Excise Law, and ALLEN WOLFORD for interfering with the officers while in the discharge of their duty, (Documents D D and E E.) In this case the officers had been witnessing the conduct of the prisoner GREGAN and his customers, in his bar-room, for more than half an hour before the arrest took place; that when arrested GREGAN gave WOLFORD a key and directed him to get pistols for him out of a safe; that it then became necessary to use force in order to take this prisoner to the Station-house. While this was being done the other prisoner followed the officers, and, as the officers had reason to believe, with the design of aiding in a rescue, should opportunity offer; and he was not taken in custody until he reached the Station-house, when it could be done without hazard to the safety of the principal prisoner. During the morning the prisoners were taken before Justice CONNOLLY and the proper charges made. The Justice discharged the complaints, at the same time announcing that "GREGAN had a right to keep his place open for the accommodation of his customers, and that he had a right to resist the arrest; that he would have been justified in shooting the officers for attempting to make it; that they had gone too far; that they were carrying this thing with a high hand; and that before long they would find themselves locked up."

Eight days after this arrest the parties again appeared before Justice CONNOLLY and made complaint against the policemen who had effected the arrest. Regarding the proceedings against the policemen as merely vexatious, and designed to overawe the officers and deter them from properly and faithfully performing their duty, when they were required by the Justice to furnish bail in $300 each, I advised them to decline offering any bail except themselves. Justice CONNOLLY insisted on the officers furnishing satisfactory bondsmen, and in default thereof he committed them to prison on Feb. 8, 1867.

Such a course of conduct on the part of Mr. Police Justice CONNOLLY, so long and so persistently continued, appeared to me to require me to take such action as the statute authorized, as well with a view to the due administration of the criminal laws as to protect the officers and men under my command, and to enable a proper discipline and performance of duty to be maintained, and I issued General Order No. 489, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF METROPOLITAN POLICE, No. 300 Mulberry-street,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 8, 1867.

GENERAL ORDER No. 489.—When it becomes unsafe for a member of the police force to faithfully perform his duty, lest by so doing he should incur the displeasure of a judicial incumbent, and expose himself to insult and degradation; it also becomes the duty of the executive officer of the Department to exercise his authority for the protection of the men under his command.

Two patrolmen have already been committed to prison on a frivolous charge of assault and battery, made by a liquor dealer whom they had arrested, in the proper discharge of their duty, for a violation of law; and this course having been taken under the advisement of a person who recently appeared as counsel for a Liquor Dealers' Society, it is presumptive that a similar course is intended to be pursued toward all other faithful officers.

Wherefore, until further orders, you will refrain from taking or sending any person under arrest before Mr. Police Justice MICHAEL CONNOLLY, or to any Court where he may preside in the character of Justice of the Peace, for examination or commitment.

The Twelfth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Thirty-second Precincts will send all persons whom they may arrest to these headquarters, at all times when it is known that Justice CONNOLLY is presiding at the Fourth District Court, for special orders as to the Court they shall be taken before. When any other Justice is holding Court at the Fourth District Court, you will take your prisoners there as heretofore.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.

GEO. W. DILKS, Inspector.

On the 3d of March inst., the general order was somewhat modified by special telegraphic orders, copies of which are herewith appended.

Very respectfully submitted.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.

SPECIAL TELEGRAPHIC ORDERS, MARCH 3, 1867.

To Twenty-second, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Thirty-second Precincts.

During the period Justice CONNOLLY is sitting in the Fourth District Court, you will send your prisoners to the Second District Court, at Jefferson Market, for disposal, unless otherwise ordered.

J. A. K.

To Twelfth, Nineteenth and Twenty-third Precincts.

During the period Justice CONNOLLY is sitting in the Fourth District Court, you will send your prisoners to the First District Court, at the Tombs, for disposal, unless otherwise ordered. J. A. K.

To Twenty-first Precinct.

During the period Justice CONNOLLY is sitting in the Fourth District Court, you will send your prisoners to the Third District Court, at Essex Market, for disposal, unless otherwise ordered. J. A. K.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Of the 390 deaths which occurred in this City last week, 63 were from zymotic diseases, and of these 13 were from scarlatina.

Of the whole number 109 were under 1 year old; 27 between 1 and 2 years, 16 between 2 and 3 years, 11 between 3 and 4 years, 6 between 4 and 5 years, 12 between 5 and 10 years, 12 between 10 and 15 years, 6 between 15 and 20 years, 86 between 20 and 40 years, 66 between 40 and 60 years, 34 between 60 and 80 years, 5 of 80 years and upward.

The number of deaths in our public institutions was 69, as follows: Fort Columbus, New-York Harbor, 1; St. Vincent's Hospital, 3; Ward's Island, 9; Randall's Island, 1; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, 1; Colored Home, 3; Almshouse, 22; F. and P. Hospital, 1; Charity Hospital, 18; St. Luke's Hospital, 3; Mount Sinai Hospital, 1; Bellevue Hospital, 7.

CAUSES OF DEATH.

The following is an analytical table indicates the principal causes of death for the week:

	New-York.		Brooklyn.	
Zymotic diseases	—	63	—	26
Of which—				
Measles	6	—	0	—
Scarletina	13	—	3	—
Typhus-fever	6	—	—	—
Typhoid fever	5	—	5	—
Acute diarrhoea	8	—	—	—
Constitutional diseases	—	118	—	43
Of which—				
Dropsy	8	—	3	—
Cancer	4	—	4	—
Tubercular disorders	104	—	36	—
Local diseases	—	173	—	67
Of which—				
Meningitis	15	—	3	—
Convulsions	27	—	8	—
Disorders of the circulatory system	16	—	10	—
Pneumonia	37	—	12	—
Nephria	9	—	2	—
Developmental Diseases	—	30	—	12
Of which—				
In children there were	6	—	3	—
In women there were	5	—	1	—
Nutrition there were	18	—	6	—
Deaths by violence	—	9	—	3
Total mortality for week	—	390	—	151

DR. HARRIS' WEEKLY LETTER.

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH,
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS, March 19, 1867.

There were 390 deaths in New-York last week; 69 were in public institutions, 50 being deaths on the Island, and 321 being deaths in City dwellings. There were 145 deaths in Brooklyn, exclusive of the Kings County institutions.

Zymotic diseases produced fewer deaths than in any previous week in twelve months; they gave 63 deaths or 16.1-5 per cent. of the mortality last week in New-York, and 27 deaths, or 17.92 per cent. of the mortality in Brooklyn. That this diminution or mortality from zymotic infections is not a fortuitous event is plain enough from the circumstances which have attended the warfare upon fever-nests the past Winter. Fevers of all kinds, including scarlatina, (13, measles, 6, typhus, 6, and typhoid, 5,) killed 30 persons in the week in New-York and on the islands. Of 27 cases of fever, traced from one lodging-house and all kept under sanitary care, the fourth patient died last week; of 26 cases in another locality where hundreds were exposed, after two deaths, the outbreak was terminated by cleansing and dispersion, and in several other instances the outbreaks of fever have been effectually controlled by definite hygienic measures. Every medical officer who has observed the place and circumstances of the fever-nests of the City, and the excessive concentration of poor people in tenements during the past Winter, knows there has been, and still is, great danger from the fevers that now seem to be in abeyance.

The fevers are capable of doing a no less fatal work than was done by other zymotic maladies last Summer and Autumn, when, in August, they destroyed on an average 510 lives every week, or 60.61 per cent. of all who died, or in September, when zymotic disorders killed 273, or nearly one half of all who died every week.

There was an increase of 26 deaths from the tubercular and other "constitutional" diseases last week in New-York; the increase from all causes was 15, but the total number was nearly 100 less than in the corresponding week of 1866. The deaths in the first year of infancy constituted 27.95 per cent. of the total mortality in New-York, and but 19.87 per cent. in Brooklyn. The deaths of children five years old and under equaled 43·33 per cent. in the former, and 37.75 per cent. of the total in the latter city.

The mean temperature in the week was but one degree above freezing point; the extreme range of temperature was 35 degrees, the minimum being 20 degrees; the maximum 55 degrees Fahr. The average of humidity was 68, complete saturation being regarded as 100. Rain and snow fell equal to 2½ inches depth of water. The excessive amount of rain and snow-fall the past four and a half months is worthy of record.

According to the observations made for the Board of Health by Dr. JONAS P. LOINES and Prof. MORRIS, the amount of such precipitation since Feb. 13 to last Saturday, is equal to 10 1-5th inches depth of water. In some regions of the country in the Mississippi Valley, a still greater amount than this has fallen.

E. HARRIS.

Sale of Ferry Leases.

Yesterday the leases of the Staten Island and Twenty-third-street and Pavonia-avenue Ferries were sold at auction in the Governor's Room, City Hall, Mr. JOHN H. DRAPER officiating as auctioneer. The attendance at the sale was very small, and but little interest was manifested in the matter.

The lease of the ferry running from the foot of Whitehall-street to Staten Island, for a term of ten years from the 1st of May next, was first offered on the usual conditions, except that the purchaser would be required to buy all the boats, buildings and fixtures of the present lessee on terms to be fixed by appraisers.

The first and only offer was $1,000, when a gentleman remarked that the conditions of the sale would of course prevent any competition. The lease was then knocked down to the only person bidding, Capt. VANDERBILT, for $1,000 per annum. This ferry now lets at an annual rental of $5,100.

The next lease offered was that of a ferry to be run from Twenty-third-street, North River, to Pavonia-avenue, Jersey City, the lease to date back from 1st of May, 1866, and to extend to May 1, 1869. The only bidder was an agent of the Erie Railroad Company, who got it for $50 per annum.

POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Before Justice Dowling.

FARO GAMBLERS.

James H. Williams, Wm. H. Wilson, Wm. F. Arnold, John P. Boyd, Wm. Wilson, Chas. B. Cuyler, Chas. Campbell, Stephen W. Fowler, Joseph King, Stephen Lemores, Wm. Morris, Shean P. Carr, Francis Campbell and Jeremiah Fowler were arraigned before the Court yesterday on a charge of having engaged in the gambling game known as "faro." The arrest of these men was published in yesterday's TIMES. Sergt. WADE, of the Second Precinct, testified that he had made the descent upon the premises, No. 102 Nassau-street, on Monday afternoon, and discovered the game of faro in full operation. He stated that CHARLES B. CUYLER was dealing the cards, and FRANCIS CAMPBELL acting as cue-keeper. On this evidence both of the accused were held to bail in the sum of $1,000 each for trial at the Court of General Sessions. The remaining prisoners were discharged for want of sufficient evidence. The name of the proprietor did not transpire. The gambling implements, consisting of a table, cue-box, silver deal-box, 600 ivory checks, a dozen packs of cards, a lay out, and the "pool," in which was a gold watch and chain, were sent to the Property Clerk at the Central Office.

ROW AMONG BROKERS.

In yesterday's TIMES was published the fact that on Monday afternoon two brokers, named SIGISMUND L. LICHTENSLADER and ABOT AUSTEN, became involved in an altercation in New-street, when LICHTENSLADER was pushed through a glass door, which had the effect of cutting him severely. Both men were arrested by Capt. WARLOW, of the First Precinct, and they were arraigned before the Magistrate yesterday, when both were fined $10 for said disorderly conduct. The money being paid the prisoners were discharged.

THE BEGGING-LETTER SWINDLER.

An examination was held yesterday in the case of JAMES BLAKE, *alias* Jerome Lawrence, whose arrest on Saturday was previously reported. The prisoner is accused of having obtained money from A. C. KINGSLAND, Jr., of No. 55 Broad-street, by means of certain forged letters of recommendation, purporting to have been signed by Rev. JAMES MILLETT, Rector of the Church of Holy Martyrs, and others. These letters stated that the accused was a soldier, and had been disabled. JAMES MILLETT, Jr., of No. 109 Second-avenue, testified that the signature appearing on the letter purporting to be that of his father, was a forgery. On this evidence, the Magistrate committed the prisoner for trial in default of $1,000 bail. BLAKE is 24 years of age, a native of New-York State, resides in this City, and has no occupation. Several other persons have been swindled by this sharper, but they have declined to prosecute.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Dodge.

STEALING TIME.

Yesterday afternoon a young man named TIMOTHY NOLAN walked into the liquor-saloon kept by THOMAS BUTLER, at No. 7 West Houston-street, and, without saying a word to any one, proceeded to take a large old-fashioned clock from a nail in the wall from which it was suspended, and then deliberately carried the timekeeper away with him. He was followed by the barkeeper, who caused his arrest. Justice DODGE held the accused for trial in default of bail.

SELLING OBSCENE PRINTS.

Two lads, named JOSEPH SMITH and WILLIAM E. DONOVON, were yesterday arrested by the Police for selling obscene *cartes de visite* in the streets. They were taken to the Jefferson Market Police Court, where they were, committed for examination in default of $300 bail each.

THE EXCISE LAW.

CHARLES DENKER, of No. 46 Watts-street, and ELIZABETH CAMPBELL, of No. 339 West Twenty-sixth-street, were arrested, and bailed to answer for alleged violations of the Excise Law.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Clerke, J.—Court opens at 10½ o'clock A. M.

Nos.
1279—Milner et al. vs. N. Y. and Virginia Steamship Co.
987—Frost vs. Sayre.
1145—Bryan vs. Brule.
1111—Snow vs. Empire Pen Co.
961—Waring et al. vs. Hoffman Fire Insurance Co.
1157—Swift vs. Van Wart.
1203—Mechan vs. Cen. Amer. Transit Co.
1215—Riddle vs. Sanford.
1005—Atkins et al. vs. Collier et al.

Nos.
2317—Cohn vs. Isaacs et al.
930—Clark vs. Mabb et al.
1237—Seniesinger et al. vs. King.
1409—Flattery vs. Horton, &c.
2761—Banks vs. Philbin et al
1413—Solomon et al. vs. Stillwell et al.
1415—Butterfield, &c., vs. White.
1417—Cornwall vs. Culver et al.
1425—Greata vs. Mealy et al.
1427—Hamilton vs. N. Y. Central R. R. Co.
1429—Baker, &c., vs. Webster.

Part II.—Held by Leonard, P. J.—Court opens at 10 o'clock A. M.

Nos.
850—Walker vs. Long Island Railroad Co.
1220—Dimick vs. McCarthy et al.
1226—Howe vs. Bryant et al.
1716—Requa vs. Sherwood.
2602—Hutton et al. vs. Trask, Jr.
1508—Osgood et al. vs. Rish et al.
964—Mead vs. Kerr.
1018—Akin vs. Egbertson et al.
1036—Stewart et al. vs. Moorehouse et al.
1040—Laing vs. Bulen.

Nos.
1042—Paris et al. vs. Schmall.
1090—Stevens et al. vs. Gilman.
496—Kennedy vs. Radcliffe.
342—Corwin vs. Field.
352—Corwin vs. Field.
846—Wood vs. City of Brooklyn.
904—Nassau Bank of New-York vs. Mayor, &c.
906—National Shoe and Leather Bank vs. Mayor, &c.
950—Grocers' Nat. Bank of New-York vs. Clark.
1108—Martin vs. Glapp et al.

Part III.—Held by Sutherland, J., at No. 73 Duane-street.

Nos.
1063—Post vs. Seaman.
685—Schenck vs. Bell et al.
245—Rosenthal vs. Lynch.
1144—Wilde vs. Hexter.
1276—Brayer et al. vs. Fisher et al.
802—Tully vs. Tappen.
1156—Lay vs. Hastings.
1050—Paton et al. vs. Butterfield.
1049—Leventritt vs. Butterfield.
356—Hartley vs. James et al.

Nos.
1268—Garrish vs. Jackson.
572—Mitchell vs. Schenck.
561—Cushman vs. Rowland et al.
1102—Sanborn vs. Herring.
918—Stevens vs. Patrick.
1382—Callicott vs. Place et al
758—Nevins vs. Marston.
1200—Covell, &c., vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1238—Sterling vs. Van Holten et al.
668—Bentley et al. vs. Gray et al.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Barnard, J., at No. 73 Duane-street.

Nos.
190—Lustig vs. Van Schoening and another.
197—Kinsey vs. Morange.
198—Trumper vs. Fabrius.
200—McCready, &c., vs. Olyphant et al.
202—Robinson et al vs. Burpun et al.

Nos.
206—Lenymann vs. Trinles.
207—Giles vs. Solomon et al.
208—Hawin vs. Cornish et al.
209—Oiliff vs. Jones et al.
12[illegible]—Billings, Jr., vs. Lawless.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Ingraham, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.
33—Morris vs. Coles.
35—Irwin vs. Trask.
58—Daly vs. Ericsson.
14—Bollis vs. Upton.
84—Gilman vs. McClellan.
101—Hermance vs. Hermance.

Nos.
104—Friend vs. Seckendorf.
114—Suydam vs. Tomlinson.
118—In re. New-York Opthalmic Hospital.
121—Olute vs. Griswold.
125—Parker vs. Penny.
128—Darling vs. Miller.

General Call No. 140—Nassau Bank vs. Blackman.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Before Monell, J.—Court opens at 11 o'clock.

Nos.
2787—Thompson vs. Hincherlocker.
1989—Gaffney vs. Chapman.
2979—Harris vs. Stillwell et al.
2643—Richardson vs. Jones.
2807—Compton vs. Read.
2767—The Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. The Erie Railroad Co.

Nos.
3011—Briggs vs. Brett.
3187—Parish vs. Hecker et al.
2933—Hoffman vs. Park Fire Insurance Co.
1183—Arnsick vs. Foster.
3035—Clarke vs. Pierce.
3039—Sohn vs. Hanburg.
3075—Drees vs. Benrmo.
3019—Kirchlor vs. Stewart.
3173—Appel vs. Beaureis.

Part II.—Before Garvin, J.

Nos.
2984—Walsh vs. Benson et al.
3110—Johnson vs. Huber.
1762—Maretzek vs. Cauldwell.
2076—Williams vs. Morse.
3022—Wood et al. vs. Cleveland.
3122—Beebe et al. vs. McCormack.
2746—Bruns vs. Rourk.
1540—Conner vs. Williams.

Nos.
3176—Whitney vs. Spratt.
3156—Badger vs. Simpson.
3126—Parish vs. Matthews.
3156—Santer vs. Harrison et al.
3180—West et al. vs. Schorohman et al.
2674—Hyams et al. vs. Howard.
3138—Orth vs. Sutton et al.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Part I.—Before Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 o'clock A. M.

Nos.
376—Kimball vs. Anthony.
540—Bayley vs. Stenton.
912—Martin vs. Bachman.
596—Goldberger vs. Leary.
565—Stilwell vs. Wheelwright.
580—Wylie vs. Halloway.
651—McGorum vs. Wilson.
301—Vienante vs. Third-avenue Railroad.

Nos.
653—Frier, &c., vs. Cohen.
656—Boyle vs. The Mayor, &c.
658—Stillman vs. Laing, &c.
659—Snowden vs. O'Connel.
660—Morris vs. Roberts.
661—Renard vs. Dinkelspiel.
662—Cany vs. The Excelsior Fire Insurance Company.

Part II.—Held by Brady, J.

Nos.
524—Flanery vs. Wilson.
525—Larkin vs. Same.
504—Walsh vs. The Sheriff.
639—Evans vs. Skelley.
641—McCollough vs. Raeffis.
642—Van Bert, &c., vs. Barnard.
643—Westheimer vs. Maudie.

Nos.
543—Lord, &c., vs. Greige.
293—Drachman vs. Cort.
663—Wehler vs. Sands.
664—Filmer vs. Taylor
665—Wyman vs. Merch'ts Trans. Co.
666—Kreutzen vs. Prentice.
667—Thomson vs. Knickerbooker.
670—Fant vs. Ploto.

MARINE COURT.

Held by Hearne, J.—Court opens at 10 o'clock A. M.

Nos.
—Johnson vs. Sylvester.
113—Pepper vs. Mooney.
81—Zeiger vs. Dembler.
49—Sperling vs. Stossel.
—Boyle vs. Philips.
100—Gonser vs. Weiss.
115—Kirshoff vs. Weiss.
139—Finegan vs. Rhinard.
141—Goodwin vs. Thompson.
153—Goddard vs. Doe.
154—Same vs. Same.

Nos.
156—Dishen vs. Schroedler.
123—Day vs. Bertine.
—Costielon vs. Bion.
124—Black vs. The Broadway and 7th-av. R. R. Co.
159—Sherman vs. Seyon.
160—Smith vs. Decker.
161—Gabriel vs. Gross.
162—Reed vs. Bousuet.
163—Murray vs. Smith.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

SALVAGE BY PASSENGERS—A COLORED REGIMENT SAVE A STEAMSHIP.

Joseph Forbes et al. vs. The Steamer Merrimac.—The libelants, who composed the Forty-third Regiment of United States Colored Infantry, were being transported from New-Orleans to New-York on the steamer *Merrimac* in November, 1865. When some two hundred miles from New-Orleans she sprung a-leak and leaked so fast as to extinguish her fires, and, the pumps becoming useless, it became necessary to resort to bailing as the only means of saving the vessel. The ship was put back for New-Orleans and the regiment was organized by its Commander into two reliefs, bailing under military discipline for two hours each with buckets, barrels and hogsheads. By this means the water was kept from gaining. This labor was continued for about three days, when the ship was anchored near the Southwest Pass of the Mississippi River, when she was hailed by the steamship *Morgan*, a vessel capable of carrying all the troops.

They continued to bail, however, until the next day and until the steamer was taken in tow by the *Morgan* and grounded on the bar at the mouth of the river.

The soldiers were greatly exhausted by their labors. They bring this suit to recover a salvage compensation for what they did.

By stipulation, the value of the *Merrimac* was fixed at $250,000 and a bond was given for $100,000.

The defence insist that the libelants, being passengers, were not entitled to salvage. That they were bound to do all they did to save their own lives, and that when hailed by the *Morgan* all danger was passed.

The owners of the *Morgan* also libeled the *Merrimac* for salvage in New-Orleans, and the defence claim that the libellants, not having joined in that suit, have lost their remedy, and should fail in this action.

The testimony in the cause was taken and the summing up adjourned till April.

For libelants Mr. Goodrich, Judge Beebe and Mr. Benedict; for claimants Mr. Spencer, Mr. Metcalf and Mr. Rapallo.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—MARCH 19.

Before Judge Monell and a Jury.

VERDICT AGAINST THE THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD—A TEST SUIT.

Anna Barrett vs. The Third-avenue Railroad Company.—This suit, which has occupied the Court for nearly a week, was concluded to-day by a verdict of $2,000 for the plaintiff. The action, as before reported, was for injuries sustained by the collision which occurred about a year ago at the junction of the Third and Fourth-avenue Railroads between a passenger car of the Third-avenue Railroad and a freight car of the New-York and Harlem Railroad. One person was killed by the collision, and a large number injured. The main question was whether the responsibility for the collision rested with the employes of the Third-avenue or the Harlem roads, each road charging the blame upon the other. About twenty other suits growing out of the same accident are pending, and this action was mainly important as being a test case determining on which of the two railroads a jury would throw the responsibility of the accident, and thereby furnishing a guide to complainants as to which road they should sue.

Chauncey Shaffer for plaintiff; Jas. L. Smith for defendants.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Russel.

The following cases were disposed of by the Court yesterday:

OBTAINING GOODS BY FALSE PRETENCES.

Robert Maylard, a genteel young man, was tried for feloniously obtaining from Messrs. E. S. Jaffray & Co., No. 350 Broadway, five dozen damask cloths, value of $344, by passing on the firm in payment therefor a check on the Second National Bank for the amount, signed Anderson & Maylard; no moneys being in said bank to meet the check, and no such firm having any deposit there, the Jury convicted the prisoner, and he was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

A COLORED BIAS.

George Bias, late a hand on board of the steamboat *Thomas Powell*, pleaded guilty of stealing from said steamer one overcoat and three blankets, of the value of $65, belonging to William H. Dodge, of Catskill. The property was contained in complainant's stateroom, and was stolen therefrom by the prisoner, who subsequently acknowledged the fact to the complainant on his arrest. The Court sentenced the prisoner to the State Prison for four years, there being other complaints for larceny pending against him.

A CASE OF HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Patrick Kelly was placed upon trial, on an indictment for robbery in the first degree, in feloniously assaulting and robbing one Patrick Riley on the night of the 17th of February last, in a vile den in Roosevelt-street, in the Fourth Ward. The complainant, a laborer, stated in his evidence that on the night aforesaid, the prisoner in company with another ruffian not arrested, induced Riley to enter the house, and while in a room with him, they knocked him down and forcibly took from his person the sum of $14. The counsel for prisoner undertook to prove an *alibi* but failed. The jury convicted the prisoner. Officers Mullen and Horbelt, Ward detectives, informed the Court that several robberies had taken place in the said house, and it was believed the prisoner had been a party to them. The Court sentenced the prisoner to the State Prison for the term of fifteen years.

A SICK DOMESTIC.

Pauline Sick, a German girl, who was lately in the employ of Ferdinand Loeser No. 193 Atlantic-street, Brooklyn, as a servant, stole from her said employer a lot of wearing apparel, and fled to this City with the goods, where she was arrested and the property found in her possession. Pauline pleaded guilty of an attempt to commit grand larceny, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

A CASE OF BURGLARY.

Thomas Reeves, a decent-looking man, by consent of the District-Attorney, pleaded guilty of an attempt to commit burglary at the store of James Keegan, No. 111 South-street, with intent to steal therefrom. The complainant stated he knew Reeves some years, and interceded with the Court to suspend judgment in the case, which was accordingly done.

STEALING A BREASTPIN.

James McGean, 22 years of age and a plumber by trade, was indicted for stealing a breastpin, value of $75, and United States bank notes, value of $75, from Mrs. Sarah J. Spaulding, No. 54 Seventh-avenue. The complainant in this case also asked clemency for the prisoner, as he had heretofore sustained a good character, and this was his first offence. The Court, after admonishing the prisoner, discharged him on his verbal recognizance.

A HOUSE-THIEF.

Michael McGinn, a shipcarpenter by trade, 21 years of age, pleaded guilty to an indictment for grand larceny, in stealing clothing and jewelry, value of $120, goods, &c., of William Vreeland, No. 385 Eighth-avenue, on the 6th inst. The prisoner desired time to satisfy the Court that he was not an old offender, and he was remanded till Friday for sentence.

EMBEZZLEMENT.

Otto Pelg, a Swiss boy, 17 years of age, pleaded guilty of collecting from Howard D. Lockwood, No. 159 Duane-street, the sum of $11, for goods delivered, and converting the same to his own use, and not paying the same over to his employer, Mr. A. H. Hart, of No. 90 White-street. The boy was remanded in order that inquiries might be made as to his previous character.

Mr. Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., Assistant District-Attorney, appeared for the people.

The following is the

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

The people *vs.* Joseph M. Donough; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* George Dingle, Ah. Hodgen; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* Patrick Duffy; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* James O'Connor; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* Chas. Gilbert; petit larceny.
The people *vs.* Chas. Bron.ng; felonious assault and battery.
The people *vs.* John Schroder; receiving stolen goods.
The people *vs.* Chas. Loyd; mayhem.
The people *vs.* Gustavus M. Berge; forgery.
The people *vs.* James Wilson, burglary, third degree.
The people *vs.* Edward Hagerty; false pretences.
The people *vs.* John Shannon; rape.
The people *vs.* John Mangan; felonious assault and battery.
The people *vs.* Henry Anderson; forgery.
The people *vs.* Annie Wilson; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* Sarah Jane Irving; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* Nellie Sampson; grand larceny.
The people *vs.* Lillie Brown; grand larceny.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Dowling and Kelly.

In this Court, yesterday, eighteen persons were convicted of petit larceny, two of assault and battery, two of having burglars tools in their possession, three of violation of the Health Law, three of violation of City ordinances, and one each of violation of Excise Law, and of adulterating milk. There were forty-seven cases on the calendar.

STEALING A DOOR-KEY.

William Otto and Balthazar Heerdt were sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months each for stealing a door-key, under circumstances which rendered it probable that they intended to use the same to obtain ingress to the house from which it was taken for unlawful purposes.

It appeared that they had been drinking during the evening in the saloon of Joseph French, in East Twelfth-street, and remained until the usual hour of closing, when the front doors being about to be shut, they went to a side door, unlocked it, and went out, taking the key with them. One of them was subsequently arrested, and gave information which resulted in the key being found in the possession of the other.

A THIEVING WAITER.

A colored boy named John Kerd was convicted of stealing a piece of muslin worth $4 from the Academy of Music, where he was employed at the time as a waiter. He acknowledged the theft, but said that as he couldn't get his money that night he took the muslin, which was not regarded by the Court as a justification, and he was sentenced to the Penitentiary for four months.

A PAWNBROKER REBUKED.

A small boy named William Dailey was found guilty of stealing wearing apparel to the value of $10 from the house of a lady residing at No. 362 Ninth-avenue. When arrested he had a pawn-ticket in his pocket, which led to the recovery of a portion of the articles from a pawn-office in the neighborhood. It appearing from the testimony that the office was in the habit of receiving goods from small boys without question, the Court characterized such places as nurseries of thieves, and instructed the Police officer to have the place reported to the Mayor's Office for revocation of the license. The boy was remanded for sentence.

GOATS.

Morris Powell and Martin Tracy were brought up on the charge of violating the City ordinance by letting goats run at large in the streets. They admitted the fact, but said that they had "banished" the animals as soon as they were complained of, in consideration of which the Court discharged them without fine.

ADULTERATING MILK.

Albert Schulberg, a milkman, was accused of adulterating his milk by mixing with it a quantity of that pernicious substance which physicians designate in their prescriptions by the term "*aqua pura*," vulgarly known as "Croton," to which offence he pleaded guilty, and was fined $25.

There were several cases of violation of the Health Law by throwing ashes in the street, in which the offenders were fined $1 each.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—MARCH 19.

By Barnard, J.

Peter Handebode *vs.* The Forty-second-street and Grand-street Railroad Company; all that the defendants could collect is the amount they could prove to be stolen; that is alleged to have been eighty-seven cents. Judgment for plaintiff on demurrer with costs. George Lehman *vs.* The Finkle & Lyon Sewing Machine Company; demurrer overruled. Judgment for plaintiff. Burrall *vs.* Vance; demurrer sustained; complaint dismissed with costs. Malone *vs.* Coane; I find there was a partnership. Referred to James H. Coleman, Esq., to take and state an account between the parties. Fowkes *vs.* The African Methodist Episcopal Church; I think the complaint bad; but I cannot pass upon it here. The demurrer must be overruled with $10 costs. Hunt *vs.* Sanger; the facts as shown do not charge the assignee with notice; on the contrary, that he had no notice. Judgment for defendant, Sanger, with costs.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 19.

By Judge Ingraham.

Walker *vs.* Cotton et al.; Walker *vs.* The Same; motions granted for fourth Friday of March. Miller *vs.* Jordan; motion granted for third Friday of April. Anderson *vs.* Hone; Bodwell, Jr., et al. *vs.* Glines et al.; Williams *vs.* Moun; motions granted. Wantz-elder *vs.* Kahnmeker; motion granted and commission ordered, with stay for thirty days, and leave to move for further stay at Circuit, if not returned on payment of $10 costs. Chas. A. Goodyear vs. French et al.; Stiger et al. vs. Marcuss; Bailey vs. Plastic Slate Roofing Joint Stock Company; motions granted. Dickinson vs. Smith et al.; order for attachment granted. Bernhard vs. Seligman; motion granted. Rockafeller vs. Stevens; motion denied; costs to abide event. Gantly vs. The Iowa and Minnesota Railroad Company; motion denied, with leave to renew after motion for commission is decided. Downes & Co.'s Manufacturing Company vs. Hill; motion granted for first Friday of April. Nelson vs. Nelson; same decision. Scott et al. vs. Sanborn et al.; motion granted; James Donnelly vs. Samuel Parker; motion denied. Skinner vs. Tallman; motion granted for first Friday in April. National Bank of the State of New-York vs. North American Lloyd et al.; Bank of the State of New-York vs. Badger et al.; motions granted. Kellogg, &c., vs. Homes et al.; motion denied, with leave to reverse if the issue is changed; costs to abide event. McGlane vs. Rogers; motion denied, with $5 costs. Hicks vs. McDonald; Bergmann vs. Swarts et al.; Cromwell vs. Beebe et al.; Scharff vs. Benriard; motions granted. Taxter vs. Scovill; motion granted for last Friday in March. Bolles et al. vs. Upton et al.; motion granted for third Friday in April term. Bailey vs. Plastic Slate Roofing Joint Stock Company; motion granted. Matilda Wood vs. Wm. H. Wood; reference ordered. Bernard Reilly vs. Thomas Hodgins; motion denied and injunction dissolved; $10 costs to abide event. The People ex rel. the Commissioners for erecting a Public Market in the City of New-York vs. The Common Council; no new suit is necessary; the judgment of appeals affirms the old writ; the proper course is to proceed on that judgment. McKesson et al. vs. Brigham—Motion granted for judgment for amount of note and interest from day of serving summons, with $10 costs. John Finley, Jr., vs. Jno. M. McCloskey; reference ordered to inquire and report whether anything, and if so: how much, is due to the attorney for defendant as a lien upon the papers in this case. Edward L. Ripley et al. vs. Frederick Hazelton et al.; motion denied, without costs. Ann Hunter vs. Sylvester E. Nolan et al.; motion granted in part.

By Judge Smith.

George D. Arthur et al. vs. Samuel Snoden et al.; motion granted, with $10 costs.

By Judge Clerke.

Philip Markey vs. Hugh Allen; motion for new trial granted, on payment of costs of trial at the February Circuit.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—MARCH 19.

By Chief Justice Robertson.

Albert H. Hawks vs. John M. Fox et al.; motion granted. Stephen E. Hatfield vs. The New-York Ice Company; motion granted. Eliza J. Ward vs. Charles Clark; motion to vacate order of arrest granted and defendant discharged upon payment of Sheriff and jailor's fees and $10 costs of this motion. Francis Huerst et al vs. Blaze Lorillard et al.; motion granted. Alexander Anderson vs. Charles E. Danforth et al.; motion granted without costs. Henry Kipp vs. John Bradley et al.; judgment ordered for plaintiff. Burr S. Craft vs. James W. Elmore; motion granted. Ernest Albrecht vs. John Sanders, et al.; motion granted. Daniel D. Youmans vs. Jas. Smart; motion granted without costs. Hugh Campbell vs. Edward Turner; motion granted. Sophronia L. Dole et al vs. Henry R. Chandler; motion granted without costs. Chas. A. Alexander vs. Samuel Wood; motion referring cause to a Referee, &c., granted.; Chas. Minzesheimer, et al. vs. Isaac Sommers; motion to open default granted upon payment of costs of inquest, and $7 costs of this motion. If defendant fail to comply with these terms within three days then the motion is denied with $10 costs.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 19, 1867.

$15,000 U. S. 6s, '81...C.	109¾	300 Erie R.......b10	60⅝
10,000 U. S. 6s, '67....R	131⅝	900 do.	60½
1,000 US.6s,5-20s,C.'64.	107¼	200 Reading	102⅞
1,000 U.S.6s,5-20s C.'65	108	1200 do	102⅝
1,000 US. 6s, 5-20s,C.'65 New	107⅛	400 do	102⅝
7,000 U. S. 6s, O. W. L. ½ yearly	105⅛	700 do	102½
5,000 Tr. Notes.7 3-10s, Second Ser.	105⅝	500 do	102¼
4,000 do....3d Ser.	105⅛	2300 Mich. So. & N. I.	78⅜
2,000 Ky. State 6s	98½	500 do	78¼
13,000 N. Car. 6s,...x-c	50	500 do.......3d call	78
20,000 Mo. St. 6s	98	10 N. J. Cen. R.	117¾
10,000 Tenn. St. 6s. new	64½	600 Cleve. & Pitts.	83
3,000 Minnesota 8s	102	300 do	82⅞
26,000 Ohio & M. C.	26⅝	200 do.......b30	83
4,000 Ohio Pr. O.	70	10 Chic. & N. W.	36⅞
5,000 Alt. & T.H.2d P.	82	200 do	36
10 Fourth Nat. Bank	104⅛	1300 Chi. & N.W.Pf.	64¾
14 Bank of N. Y.	118	100 do.......b60	64⅝
200 Canton Co	46⅞	100 do	64⅝
300 West. U. Tel.	41⅝	200 Cleve. & Tol....s10	119
100 do......b10	42	200 do.......s30	119
300 do......s60	41⅞	100 do	119¼
300 Quick. Min. Co.	37	300 Chic. & R. I.	98
100 Mar. Min. Pr.	23⅛	100 do	97⅞
100 Adams Ex. Co	58¼	400 do	97⅞
100 do	58	800 do	97⅝
200 Rutland Mar.	12	100 do	97⅝
60 Pac. M. SS. Co.	122	200 do.......s30	97⅝
60 do	121½	100 do	97½
100 do	121½	7 Chic., B. & Q. R.	131½
300 do	121½	100 P., F. W. & C.	97⅝
100 do	121½	400 do.......b3	97⅝
100 do......2d call	122	25 do	97½
100 N. Y. Cen.	106	100 do	97⅝
200 do	105⅞	100 do.......2d call	97⅝
100 do	105⅝	100 Chi. & Alt. R.	108⅛
106,000 O. & M. Cer.	26⅝	100 Mar. & C. 1st P.b60	25⅝
75 U. S. Trust Co	58	126 Cin., Ham. & D. R.	85
100 Pac. M. SS. Co.	121¾	400 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	64¾
200 N. Y. Cen.	105⅞	50 do	64⅝
300 do	105⅞	100 do.......b30	64⅝
100 Reading R	102⅝	100 do	64½
1000 do	102	100 Chi. & R. I.....s60.	97
200 Chic. & N. W.	35⅝	200 do	97⅝
200 Clev. & Pitts	82⅝	100 do	97⅝
		100 P., Ft. W. & C.	97⅝
		100 do.......b15	97

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 U. S. 6s, '81...C.	109	100 Canton Co	47
3,500 U.S.6s, 5-20s.C.'65 New Issue	107⅛	3000 Erie R	59⅝
		300 do	59½
100,000 Tr. Notes.7 3-10s. First Ser.	106	500 do	59⅝
		30 Erie R. Pr.	73
10,000 Missouri 6s	97⅛	700 M. S. & N. I.	77⅞
40,000 do	97	50 Ill. Cen. R.	116
40,000 N. Car. 6s....new	49	200 Clev. & Pitts	82⅝
10,000 O. & M. Cer.	26⅝	300 do	82⅝
1,000 Chi. & N. W. 1st.	87	500 Chic. & N. W.	35⅝
100 Pac. Mail.....s60.	121	400 Chic. & N. W. Prf.	64⅝
20 do	121⅛	500 do	64⅝
100 do	121⅛	100 do.......b10	64⅝
200 do.......s30	121⅛	200 C. & R. I. R.	97⅝
100 N. Y. Cen.	105⅞	100 do.......s60	97⅝
1000 do	105⅞	100 Tol., W. & W.	39
30 do	105⅞	800 P., F. W. & C.	97⅝
300 do	105⅞	100 do	97

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

200 Mar. Pref.	23⅛	800 M. S. & N. I.	78⅛
100 Con. Greg. Gold.b30	12⅝	200 do	78⅛
100 Cumb. Coal	122	300 do.......s3	78⅛
100 do	122	900 do	78⅛
300 West. U. Tel....b10	42	300 do.......b3	78⅛
300 N. Y. Cen. R.	105⅞	200 do	78
600 do	105⅞	1000 Clev. & Pitts.....b3	83
500 do.......s3	105⅞	500 do	83
200 Erie Railroad	59⅞	500 Chic., R. I. & P.	98
800 do	59⅞	600 do	98⅛
400 do.......s3	59⅝	800 do.......b3	98⅛
300 do.......b3	60	300 do	98
300 do	60	300 Chic. & N. W.	36
400 do.......c	60	600 do	36⅛
1200 do	60⅛	200 do.......b10	36⅛
600 Reading R.	102⅝	500 do.......s3	36⅛
1800 do	102⅝	200 do	36⅛
1000 do	102⅝	100 P., Ft. W. & C.	97⅝
300 do.......b30	102⅝	200 do	97⅝
800 Chi. & N. W. Pr.	64⅝		

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100 Canton Co	47⅛	4500 M. S. & N. I.	77
100 do.......b3	47⅛	1200 do	76⅞
100 do	47⅛	1800 do	77
500 Pacific Mail	121	800 do.......s3	76⅞
100 N. Y. Central....b10	105	1200 do.......b3	77
200 do.......s3	104⅞	1100 do	77⅛
200 do	104⅞	800 do.......b5	77
900 do.......c	104⅞	600 do.......s5	77
400 do.......b3	104⅞	200 Chic., R. I. & P.	97⅞
300 do.......b3	105	300 do	97⅞
300 Erie R.	59⅝	300 do	97⅝
800 do	59⅝	200 do.......b30	97⅝
3200 do	59⅝	200 do	97⅝
500 do.......b10	59⅞	100 do.......b30	97⅝
800 do.......s3	59⅝	600 do.......s5	97⅝
300 do.......b5	59⅝	300 Chic. & N. W.	35⅝
300 Hud. Riv. R.	138⅛	200 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	64⅜
700 Reading R.	102	100 P., F. W. & C.	96⅞

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

10 Amer. Ex Co.	58	400 Erie Railroad	59⅞
100 Quick. Min. Co.	37	300 do.......b3	59⅞
100 Pac. M. S.S.Co..b30	122	200 Cleve. & Pitts	82⅝
100 do	122	100 Chi., R. I. & P..b10	98
600 N. Y. Cen.	105⅞	300 do	97⅞
100 do.......b4	105⅞	400 Chic. & N. W.	35⅞
500 do	105⅞	200 do.......b3	36
300 Reading R.	102⅝	300 C. & N. W. Pr.	64
200 Mich. S. & N. I..b3	77⅞	300 do	64⅝
800 do	77⅞	200 do.......b10	64⅝
300 do.......b10	77⅞	200 P., F. W. & C.	97⅝
200 do.......s3	77⅞		

TUESDAY, March 19—P. M.

The Gold Room opened weak this morning a fraction below the closing of last night, 134 ₰ cent., and sales were made at 133⅞@⅞. The price subsequently returned to 134 ₰ cent., and the market remained steady to the close of Bank hours. The speculation in the Room seemed very much at a stand. There is no great confidence in any material advance, and yet the cash Gold is not easy enough to tempt free sales for a decline. The market news from Liverpool of higher Cotton and Breadstuffs, and the political news from South Carolina of the probable early acceptance of the Reconstruction measures of Congress, including negro suffrage, are against a rise in Gold, and there is no sufficient demand, at present, for Foreign Exchange to neutralize this influence. The rates for the Boston mail closed 108⅞@109 for 60-day Bills on London. The Customs demand for Gold was pretty large to-day, $473,000.

There is a very steady state of affairs in the Money market. The rates to the Brokers are 6@7 ₰ cent., with exceptions at 5 ₰ cent. for round sums left on call with the great dealers in the Public funds of the United States. The Domestic Exchanges at the South as well as at the West are now in favor of New-York, and after a few weeks the course of Currency, both in Greenbacks and National Bank Notes, will be decidedly in this direction. The Treasury Office received over a million of dollars in 7.30 ₰ cents by way of conversion and purchase to-day. This operation increases as the Consolidated 5-20s of January and July advance in the open market. They are now up to 107@107⅛ ₰ cent. The old 5-20s of 1862 were dull at 109@109⅛; the 5-20s of 1865, May and November, steady at 107⅞@108 ₰ cent.

The activity in the Railway market at the Stock Exchange continues to increase. The speculation in the New-York and Western Roads was quite buoyant early in the day at a further rise in New-York Central, Erie, Michigan Southern and Rock Island, and a large business was done at the advance. There were probably some considerable realizations on these Stocks bought at lower figures, and, as usual at the outset of a great Spring or Summer speculation, there was a reaction of 1@1½ ₰ cent. at the 1 o'clock Boards, followed by another upward turn before 2 or 2:30 o'clock. The fluctuations in Michigan Southern were most frequent, the movement in this Stock exciting a very lively interest, and, next to this, the ups and downs in New-York Central excited remark, as it soon became known that some heavy lines of the Cash Stock were sold last night and this morning at from 105 to 106⅛ ₰ cent. The reaction was to 105@104⅞ ₰ cent. The Spring Dividends on Rock Island and Pittsburgh caused a firm feeling in both stocks, and indirectly influenced, in a favorable way, Fort Wayne and Northwest Preferred, whose Dividends are yet to be declared, the first for April (quarterly) and the other for June (half yearly.) On the Miscellaneous list, Pacific Mail continued weak; Mariposa Preferred and Western Telegraph steady. In Erie and Reading Roads there was a considerable business done at an advance on Monday's sales, and Cleveland and Toledo advanced to 119@119¼ cash and on seller's option.

In the afternoon after the Boards, the Railway market ruled comparatively steady. The business in Erie was larger than usual at the 2:30 P. M. regular Board, based, in part, it is believed on the sale of options, 30-day, by a leading and wealthy operator; that is, he agrees to take the Stock at any time within 30 days at 57 ₰ cent., so that parties speculating for a rise can limit their loss, if loss should occur on purchases at 59⅞ or upward.

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s	99	98	Northwest	35⅞	36⅛
U. S. 5-20s	109⅞	109⅝	N. West Pref.	64⅛	63⅞
U. S. 7.30s	106	106	Rock Island	97⅞	98
N. Y. Central	105⅞	106	Fort Wayne	97⅞	97⅝
Erie	59⅝	60⅛	Pacific Mail	123½	122
Hudson	137	138	Quicksilver	36½	36⅝
Reading	101⅞	101⅞	W. U. Telegraph	41⅝	41⅞
Mich. Southern	77⅝	77⅞	Mariposa Pref.	23⅛	23⅛
Illinois Central	115⅞	116	Ohio Certificates	27	27
Pittsburgh	82⅝	83	American Gold	134	134⅜
Tennessee 6s	66⅝	66	Bills on London	109	109

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₰ cent., 1867	130¼	5-20 500 & 1,000	108
6 ₰ cent., 1868	129	5-20 reg., 1865, new issue	107
6 ₰ cent. coupon, 1868	129	5-20 cou., 1865, new issue	107
6 ₰ cent. reg'd. 1881	109⅝	Oregon W. L., 1881	105
500 & 1,000, 1881	109	5 ₰ cent. reg'd, 1871	109⅛
5-20 registered, 1862	107½	5 ₰ cent. reg., 1874	102⅝
5-20 500 & 1,000	109	10-40 registered	97⅞
5-20 registered, 1864	107¼	10-40 500 & 1,000	97⅞
5-20 coupon small	107	7 3-10 1st series	106
5-20 500 & 1,000	107⅞	7 3-10 2d series	105⅞
5-20 registered, 1865	107⅛	7 3-10 3d series	105⅞

And the following for the City Bank Shares:

Union	116	Bank of the Repub.	114½
America	132½	Irving	102
City	200	Metropolitan	123
Phenix	105	Nassau	105
Tradesmen's	142	Commonwealth	105
Merch'ts Exchange	107	Impt'rs. & Traders	112
State of New York	107	Park	140
Commerce	114	Central National	120½
Ocean	102	Fourth National	104
American Exchange	115		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	95	Chi. & N. West. S. F.	88
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	91	Chi. & N. W. Int'st B.	91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	91	Chi. & N. W. Ex'n B.	82
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	103	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	85
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. '76	106	Cen. 7 ₰ cent. conv.	80
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '65-'76	106	Del. L. & W. 2d M.	97
Erie 1st mort. 1867	102⅝	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. ext.	89¾
Erie 7s. 2d mort. 1879	100	Tol. & W. 2d M.	78
Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83	97	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	72
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	91¾	Mil. & Pr. du Ch. 1st M.	94
Erie 7s. 5th mort., 1888	88	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	98
Buff., N.Y.&E. 1st M. '77	90	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	98
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M., 1869	101⅛	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	101⅛
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M. 1875	99	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	101½
Hud. R. 7s. conv., 1867	100	N. J. Central 2d M.	102
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	101	Pitts., Ft. W.&Ch. 2d M.	94
Harlem 3d mort., '68	97	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	95
Mich. So. 7 ₰ c. 2d M.	92½	Cleve. & P. 4th mort.	70
N. Ind. Goshen Line, '68	96	Chi. & A., 1st mort.	89¾
Mich.S.& N.I.S.F'd 7 ₰c.	99	Chi. & Alton Income	91
Pac.R.7's guar't'd by Mo	95	Ohio & Miss. 1st mort.	87
Ill. Cen. 7 ₰ c. 1875	107¾	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	80
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	90	Joliet & Chic. 1st M.	102
Alton & T. H. 2d. pfd.	80	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	95
Alton & T. H. 2d M.Inc.	76		

The Cotton and Merchandise traders between this port and the seaports of the South have agreed not to pay freight charges in advance hereafter, or not until the actual delivery of the property by the carriers at the place of destination. The agreement and signatures are published elsewhere in this paper.

We have been requested to call attention to the advertisement announcing the completion of arrangements for the prompt payment of the first of April coupons on the Roman (Pontifical) Loan.

The week's export of Produce and Merchandise from this port has been to the currency value of $4,815,398. Included in the exports have been 13,526 bales Cotton.

The managers of the National Bank of the Republic, Philadelphia, have decided to increase the capital stock of that institution to the amount of $1,000,000.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Receipts for Customs, $503,000; Gold Notes, $202,000; Balance, $111,576,155 91; Payments, $2,357,914 57; Total Receipts, $2,277,742 32.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum in Gold, payable in the City of New-York. For full particulars apply to FISK & HATCH,
Bankers and Dealers in Government Securities,
No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, NO. 5 NASSAU-ST.,

Will receive SEVEN-THIRTY notes of all the series in exchange for the NEW 5-20 CONSOLIDATED BONDS, at the best market rates, which holders of seven-thirties will find to their advantage.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, March 19, 1867.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been 14 bbls. Ashes, 1,923 bbls. Flour, 868 bags Corn Meal, 1,300 bushels Corn, 2,360 bushels Oats, 2,040 bushels Malt, 1,718 bbls. Pork, 789 pkgs. Cut Meats, 749 pkgs. Lard, 45 pkgs Beef and 585 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are in request and firm at $8 37½@$8 50 for Pots, and $12 75@$13 25 for Pearls, ₰ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Is quiet at unchanged prices.

CANDLES—Have been in moderate request at previous figures.

COFFEE—Is quiet, but held firmly. Java at 24½c.@25c.; Native Ceylon, 19c.@20c.; Maracaibo, 17½c.@18½c.; Laguayra 17½c.@19c.; Rio, 15½c.@19c.; St. Domingo, 16c.@16½c., in gold, ₰ lb. The week's sales of Rio Coffee have been 9,345 bags, including, according to Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SONS, "3,506 bags, balance per *Dannebrog*, and 1,031 balance per *Bremerin*, at 17c., duty paid; and 3,506 per *Nora*, at 12½c., in bond. 1,300 bags Santos, per *Insulanerin*, have also been sold. The market closes steady, but quiet, owing to small supply offering." Stock of Coffee here to-day 44,905 bags, including, of Rio and Santos, 22,825 bags; of Java, 6,131 bags; of Ceylon, 3,000 bags; of Ceara, 2,000 bags; of Maracaibo, 260 bags; of Laguayra, 5,046 bags; of St. Domingo and of other descriptions, 5,643 bags.

Stock of Rio in the Country.

	Bags.
New-Orleans	2,000
Baltimore	10,000
Philadelphia	1,000
New-York	22,825
Grand Total	35,825

COTTON—Is in moderate request at about yesterday's quotations, though there is less buoyancy in the market. Middlings at 32c.@33½c., chiefly within the range, ₰ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 2,700 bales, against receipts of 2,056 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts, thus far, this week	5,100
Receipts last week	17,724
Receipts preceding week	19,813
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	221,789
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1866	450,584
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	667,394
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports this week	13,526
Exports since Jan. 1	131,733
Exports since Sept. 1	251,628
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here	225,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports from Sept. 1, 1866, to latest mail dates	1,463,000
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1866	804,000
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports at latest mail dates	610,000

FISH—The demand has been quite moderate; prices have not varied much.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and western Flour has been rather more sought after at a further advance of 5c.@15c. ₰ bbl. The extreme prices claimed by holders have tended to check transactions. Sales since our last have been 8,450 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 30@$10 50; common to good Extra State at $10 70@$11 50; good to choice do. do. at $11 55@$12 65; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $11 25@$12 35 ₰ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$9 30	@10 50
Extra State	10 70	@12 65
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 65	@15 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	11 25	@12 35
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	12 35	@15 00
Extra Genesee	12 70	@15 00
Common to choice extra Missouri	13 00	@17 00

Southern Flour continues quiet, but firm. Sales have been reported of 300 bbls., at $10 80@$12 40 for ordinary to fair extra, and $12 40@$16 75 for fair to choice extra do. ₰ bbl. Canadian Flour continues in moderate demand at $11 10@$15 for extra, ₰ bbl.; sales 425 bbls. Rye Flour has been in demand at from $7 30@$8 20 ₰ bbl.; sales 450 bbls. Corn Meal in less demand at $5@$5 25 for Western and Pennsylvania; $5 15@$5 25 for Jersey; $5 25 for Marsh's Caloric; $5 25 for Baltimore, and $5 50@$5 55 for Brandywine, ₰ bbl.; sales 200 bbls. Of California Flour sales were reported of 1,750 sacks, at $14@$15 ₰ bbl. of 196 lbs.

GRAIN.—Wheat has been quoted 2c.@3c. ₰ bushel higher, but has not been in urgent request at the advance. Sales have been made of 34,000 bushels, including No. 2 Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $2 43@$2 50; Amber State at $3 12@$3 15; and White California at $3@$3 05 ₰ bushel. Corn has been in fair demand at an advance of 1c.@2c. ₰ bushel. Sales since our last, 137,000 bushels at $1 20@$1 21, closing at $1 21 for mixed Western in store; $1 21@$1 22½, closing at $1 22½, for mixed Western afloat; $1 18@$1 22 for new Yellow and White Jersey, Southern and Western, ₰ bushel. Oats have been in less request, and depressed in price. We quote: Chicago, Milwaukee, Michigan and Ohio at 64c.@68c.; and State at 71c.@72c. ₰ bushel; sales 41,000 bushels. Barley has been in more demand at firmer rates. Sales since our last 53,000 bushels at $1 18@$1 25 for Canada West, free; 92½c. for Canada East in bond; 90c. for Western, and $1 15@$1 18 for State, ₰ bushel. Barley Malt is in moderate demand at $1 25@$1 35 ₰ bushel. Rye is in fair demand at rising prices. Sales 23,500 bushels, at $1 32@$1 33 for Western; $1 19 for Canada, in bond, and $1 40@$1 42 for State, ₰ bushel. Mr. EDWARD BILL notices the fortnight's business in breadstuffs thus: "In the interval since the date of my last circular the market for Flour has gradually assumed a firmer tone, and prices on all grades (particularly choice Family) are considerably higher. This is caused in a measure by a material decrease in the stock here and the light supply, and great firmness at nearly all the Western ports, giving but little promise of free receipts from that quarter before another harvest. As the trade learn to appreciate the quality of California Flour, and become accustomed to its use, there is an increased demand and higher prices are obtained. The market for Wheat is more active, and several cents advance has been paid within the last week—choice Spring is scarce, the stock consisting chiefly of the lower grades. California white sells more freely to the millers at about $2 90@$3 25—the latter price for a choice lot. Rye has improved in value, and is held with firmness. Barley, for home use and export, is in good request. For Oats (with a reduced stock) higher prices are asked. Indian Corn is again active and sells freely (largely on speculation) at our increased quotations. The export clearances from this port for the fortnight foot up: To Great Britain and Ireland, 25 bbls. Corn Meal, 315,725 bushels Corn, 158,862 bushels Barley, 14,480 bushels Peas. To Continental ports, 41 bbls. Flour, 17,320 bushels Rye. To South America, 6,925 bbls. Flour, 714 bbls. Corn Meal, 2,200 bushels Corn, 900 bushels Oats. To all other ports, 17,203 bbls. Flour, 375 bbls. Rye Flour, 7,828 bbls. Corn Meal, 9,591 bushels Corn, 1,602 bushels Peas. Making a total to all ports of 24,165 bbls. Flour, 375 bbls. Rye Flour, 8,667 bbls. Corn Meal, 327,516 bushels Corn, 17,320 bushels Rye, 158,862 bushels Barley, 900 bushels Oats, and 16,082 bushels Peas."

Export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1, 1866.

From	Barrels Flour.	Bushels Wheat.	Bushels Corn.
New-York, March 15, 1867	50,855	347,893	4,167,371
New-Orleans, March 8, 1867	291	—	—
Philadelphia, March, 12, 1867	—	3,345	217,034
Baltimore, March 12, 1867	—	—	369,027
Boston, March 12, 1867	3,619	—	—
San Francisco, Feb. 19, 1867	34,326	2,467,373	—
Other Ports, March 12, 1867	18,608	16,332	10,160
Total	107,699	2,834,943	4,763,602
To about same period, 1866	120,898	1,193,943	5,514,553
To about same period, 1865	88,105	1,505,071	73,359
To about same period, 1864	670,752	8,916,845	240,220

To the Continent.

From	Barrels Flour.	Bushels Rye.	Bushels Wheat.	Bushels Corn.
New-York, to March 15, 1	2,164	139,493	—	8,060
Other Ports, to latest dates	19	—	41,436	—
Total	2,183	139,493	41,436	8,060
To about same period, 1866	4,077	297,241	61,133	41,803
To about same period, 1865	13,625	—	71,721	9,185
To about same period, 1864	29,786	13,965	142,386	6,343

HAY—North River is in limited supply and fair request at $1 50@$1 60 for shipment, and $1 75@$1 95 for local use, ₰ 100 lbs. Straw, $1 25@$1 62 ₰ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in moderate demand, including new at 35c.@70c.; old at 20c.@45c.; also, new foreign at 58c.@85c. ₰ lb.

HIDES—Have been moderately inquired for at unchanged rates.

HEMP—Has been quiet, but steady.

LEATHER—Sole has been in moderate supply and demand at about previous quotations, which we report: *Sole*—Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Light, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped good, 44c.@47c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 47c.@50c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies Cropped, good, 18c.@21c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 28c.@29c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 29c.@30½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 29c.@30½c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 27½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 27½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 27c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres Damaged, all weights, 24c.@26½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres Poor, all weights, 19c.@21c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Light, 35c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 35c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, heavy, 38c.@45c., cash, ₰ lb.

MOLASSES—Continues in limited demand, including Porto Rico at 60c.@70c.; Cuba at 43c.@55c.; New-Orleans at 80c.@90c. ₰ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in better request and buoyant, including Spirits Turpentine at 76c.@77½c. ₰ gallon; Crude do. at $5 50; Resin at $4 12½@$11 75 ₰ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 75@$3 25; Pitch, $4 25@$4 50 ₰ bbl.

OILS—Continue in very moderate demand, including Crude Whale at 80c.@90c.; Bleached whale at 95c.@$1; Crude Sperm at $2 65@$2 70; Unbleached do. at $2 90@$3; Lard Oil at 90c.@$1 16; Red Oil at 62c.@70c.; Linseed Oil $1 30@$1 34 for English and American, ₰ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is in demand and steady at from 15½c.@16½c. for Crude, 26c.@28c. for ordinary to prime Refined, in bond, and 42c.@44c. for Refined, free, ₰ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more freely offered, and has been in less demand, even on speculative account, closing at decidedly lower prices. Sales have been reported of 4,750 bbls., in lots, at $23@$24 for new City and Western Mess, closing at $23 62 for new Western Mess; $22@$22 50 cash, and regular way, for one-year-old City and Western Mess; $18 25@$19 for Prime; $21@$22 25 for Prime Mess, and $24@$25 for Clear, ₰ bbl. Sales were also reported of 3,750 bbls. new Mess, for forward delivery, including sellers' and buyers' option, March, April and May, at $23 87@$24 25 ₰ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate request at 9c.@10½c. for Shoulders, and 12½c.@14½c. for Hams, ₰ lb. Sales equal to 535 pkgs. Bacon continues scarce and in demand; sales 660 boxes, at 11½c.@11½c. for Short Rib; 10½c.@10½c. for Cumberland Cut, an unascertained price for Long Clear and 12c. for Short Clear, ₰ lb. Lard is in less urgent request at former prices; sales since our last 1,500 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 12½c.@13½c. for new, ₰ lb. Small lots of very choice new bring a shade higher prices. Dressed Hogs continue altogether nominal. Beef has been in more request at $12 50@$18 50 for Plain Mess and $17@$21 50 for Extra do.: sales have been reported of 1,400 bbls. Tierce Beef continues inactive at from $33@$36 25 for India Mess, and $30 50@$33 for Prime Mess ₰ tierce; Beef Hams are in demand at $37@$40 50 ₰ bbl.; sales 115 bbls., part to arrive. Butter continues dull and heavy at 23c.@35c. for State, and 36c.@38c. for fancy do., and 11c.@28c. for poor to prime Western, ₰ lb. Cheese rules quiet at 10c.@20c. ₰ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ₰ lb	34	@37
Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ₰ lb	35	@38
New-York State Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ₰ lb	33	@36
New-York State Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ₰ lb	30	@32
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ₰ lb	34	@37
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, fair to good, ₰ lb	30	@32
New-York State, Dairies—fresh firkins, extra, ₰ lb	35	@38
New-York State Dairies—ordinary qualities, ₰ lb	25	@28
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, good to extra, ₰ lb	30	@33
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, fair to good, ₰ lb	29	@25
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ₰ lb	30	@31
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, ordinary, ₰ lb	25	@28
Western Reserve—firkins, fair to prime, ₰ lb	23	@28
Western Reserve—firkins, ordinary, ₰ lb	11	@15
Western States—firkins, fair to good, ₰ lb	15	@20
Western States—firkins, common	11	@12
Rolls, State, good to prime in cloths	20	@25
Rolls, Western, good to prime, in cloths	20	@25
Rolls, poor to good	15	@18

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, 1st quality State, ₰ lb	19	@20
Factory Dairies, 2d quality State, ₰ lb	18	@19
Factory Dairies, Western, ₰ lb	17	@18
Farm Dairies, 1st quality State, ₰ lb	18	@19
Farm Dairies, 2d quality State, ₰ lb	17	@18
Farm Dairies, Western, ₰ lb	16	@18
Skimmed Cheese, Western and State, ₰ lb	10	@15
Farm Dairies, Common, ₰ lb	15	@16

PRINTING CLOTHS—The Providence *Journal* says: "The market has been quite active during the past week. Market opened at 10 cents for common 64x64, and closed at 10½c. for first class 64x64. The following are the sales: 3,000 pieces 56x30, 8½c.; 8,000 pieces 56x60, 9c.; 34,000 pieces 64x64, 10c., early in the week; 25,000 pieces 64x64, 10½c.; 30,000 pieces 64x64, 10½c.; 10,000 pieces 65x64, 10½c. Total, 110,000 pieces."

RICE—Has been quiet, at unchanged figures.

SEEDS—Have been in moderate demand and firm, including Clover, at 13c.@14½c. ₰ lb.; rough Flax at $2 80@$3; Calcutta Linseed at $2 55@$2 60, (in gold;) and Timothy at $3 60@$4 ₰ bushel.

SKINS—Have been inactive, including Honduras Deer, at 55c.@57½c.; San Juan, 50c.; Sisal, 55c.; Vera Cruz, 55c.; Chagres, 52½c.@55c.; Puerto Cabello, 45c.; Para, 60c., in gold, ₰ lb. Matamoras Goat, 45c.; Buenos Ayres, 35c.; Payta, 34c., in gold, ₰ lb.; Curacoa, 55c.@57c., currency; Cape, 37½c.@40c., currency; Madras, 47½c.@50c. each.

SPICES—Have been in limited request and heavy.

SUGARS—Have been lightly dealt in at drooping prices. Sales since our last 420 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 10c.@11½c. and 170 boxes Havana at 10½c.@11½c. ₰ lb. Refined Sugars continue quiet at from 13½c.@15½c. ₰ lb.

STEARINE—Sales 43,000 lbs. at 12c.@12½c. ₰ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 107,000 lbs. at 10½c.@11½c.; also 39,000 lbs. Grease at 9c.@11c. ₰ lb.

TEAS—Have been quiet and somewhat depressed in price.

WHISKY—Has been inactive at former quotations.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 700 bales Cotton at 11-32d.@7-16d. by sailing vessels and 9-16d. by steamer, ₰ lb.; 100 tierces Beef at 3s. 6d. ₰ tierce; 5,500 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. ₰ bbl.; 60 tons Oil Cake and 120 hhds. Tallow, part at 17s. 6d. ₰ ton. For London, a British ship, with Petroleum, at £1,100. For Glasgow, 200 bbls. Resin, by steamer, at 2s. 6d. ₰ 280 lbs. For an Irish port, direct, a ship with 35,000 bushels Corn, at 5s. 3d. ₰ quarter. For Antwerp, 150 hhds. Tobacco at 25s.@27s. 6d. ₰ ton.

Sales of Real Estate—March 19.

BY MULLER, WILKINS & CO.	
House and lot No. 41 East 13th-st., 19.3x49.4	$17,650
House and lot No. 669 Water-st., 24.10x70	4,050
House and lot No. 326 Front-st., 19x70	4,225
House and lot No. 79 Jackson-st., 16.2x75	5,550
House and lot No. 81 Jackson-st., 19.6x75	4,500
House and lot No. 83 Jackson-st., 19.10x75	4,625
1 lot s. s. Front-st., 75 ft. west Jackson-st., 25x70	5,100
1 lot adjoining on Jackson-st., 25x70	5,000
1 lot n. s. South-st., 100 feet w. Jackson-st., 25x70	6,950
Bulkhead of 125 ft. on East River, 75 ft. west of the westerly line Pier No. 56, East River	4,300
2 lots n. s. 109th-st., 95 ft. w. 3d-av., ea. 25x100.11 ea.	1,225
1 lot n. s. 109th-st., 245 ft. w. 3d-av., 25x100.11	945
3 lots n. s. 43d-st., 255 ft. e. 3d-av., ea. 20x100.5, ea.	450
House and lot No. 125 Monroe-st., 25x100	10,275
BY A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.	
Horatio-street—2 lots and buildings, Nos. 79 and 81, each lot 23x84.3½	$10,100
BY JAMES M. MILLER.	
No. 26 Cedar-street, brick building, 25.10½x62.4	$18,700
Southwest cor. Catharine and Oak streets, 16.11x70	16,100
No. 349 Greenwich-street, house and lot, 20.3x87.6	15,500
No. 15 Harrison-street, house and lot, 20.5x96.1	16,200
No. 17 Harrison-street, house and lot, 22.6x63.8	13,000
No. 538 Greenwich-street, house and lot, 21.4x77.6	12,800
No. 517 Washington-street, stable 21.3x77.6	12,300
Nos. 14 and 14½ Carmine-st., house and lot, 25x100	12,000
Nos. 126 and 128 East Thirteenth-street, house and lot, each 23.7x103.3, each	12,800
No. 123 W. Twenty-second-st., house and lot, 21x98.9	18,250
No. 125 W. Twenty-second-st., house and lot, 21x98.9	21,100
No. 127 W. Twenty-second-st., house and lot, 21x98.9	21,000
No. 5 Rutgers-place, house and lot, 27x130	12,350
BY JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL—BROOKLYN PROPERTY.	
1 b. s. front house and lot on 3d-st., near 5th-av.	$15,000
1 b. s. front house and lot on Lee-av., near Wilson-st.	12,750
1 Phila. brick front house and lot on Hewes-st., 267 ft. from Bedford-av	9,500
1 Phila. brick front house and lot, adjoining last	9,600
1 Phila. brick front house and lot, 175 feet from Bedford-av	9,400
1 Phila. brick front house and lot adjoining above	9,400
1 brick house and lot, cor. South 6th and 3d sts	6,250
1 brick house and lot, South 6th, near 3d-st	3,800
1 brick house and lot, adjoining above	3,750
1 brick house and lot, adjoining above	3,750
1 gore lot on Wyckoff-st., near Washington-av	1,900
4 lots on Union-st., near 5th-av., each	1,250
5 lots on President-st., near 7th-av., each	875
5 lots on Carroll-st., near 7th-av., rear of above, ea.	875
3 lots on 7th-av., near Carroll-st., each	2,500
1 lot on Polhemus-place, near Carroll-st.	1,400
3 lots on 9th-av., near 11th-st., each	1,600
2 lots corner Bedford-av. and Kosciusko-st., each	1,240
7 lots on Bergen-st., near Classon-av	450

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—THE LENTEN LECTURES of St. John's Chapel, Varick-st., near Canal, will be given every WEDNESDAY EVENING during Lent, at 7½ o'clock. WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 20, Rev. Dr. MORGAN, of St. Thomas' Church, will lecture.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm name of JOHN MIDDLETON & CO. is dissolved by the death of Mr. JOHN MIDDLETON. The business of the late firm will be settled by the remaining partners.

L. MANDEVILLE.
E. D. MANDEVILLE.

The undersigned will continue the business at the "Old Stand," No. 87 Fulton Market, under the firm name of MANDEVILLE BROS.

L. MANDEVILLE.
E. D. MANDEVILLE.

NEW-YORK, March 17, 1867.

THE FIRM OF LIBBY & BACON, OF No. 59 Murray-st. and No. — Broadway, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

D. LIBBY.
T. BACON.

NEW-YORK, March 19, 1862.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $3,000 TO INvest against an equal amount in a respectable, pleasant, and profitable light manufacturing business already started; a rare chance for a good business man; references exchanged. Address for interview, A. H. S., Box 107 *Times* Office.

THE SENIOR PARTNER IN A WHOLEsale clothing-house is desirous of disposing of his interest therein, and will offer strong inducements to a party wishing to embark in the trade; the house is well established and prepared for Spring business. Address in confidence, with real name, R. H. S., Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—ON PAVONIA-AV., JERSEY CITY, the stock, lease and fixtures of a first-class grocery-store, including horse and wagon. No. 120 Pavonia-av., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—A CROCKERY, GLASS, LAMP AND oil store; entire house, with lease. Inquire at No. 256 10th-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE
LITTLE WATCHMAN,
Or Robbin's Patent Portable
BURGLAR ALARM.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 24, 1866.

"This is to certify that I have thoroughly examined the LITTLE WATCHMAN, or Burglar Alarm, patented by Henry R. Robbins, and unhesitatingly pronounce it to be the best thing for the purpose I have ever seen. It is truly a burglar alarm." W. P. CHAMBERLIN, Chief of Police, Hartford, Conn.

"The noise of the explosion and the continued ringing of the bell not only awakens the household, but is enough to frighten the burglar and attract the attention of all the policemen in the neighborhood."—*Frank Leslie's Weekly.*

"The Little Watchman brings grief to the burglar."—*Commercial Advertiser.*

"The Little Watchman sets all robbers at defiance."—*New-York Evening Express.*

L. P. TIBBALS, No. 478 Broadway,
AND OF ALL HOUSE FURNISHING, HARDWARE AND TOY DEALERS.
PRICE FIVE DOLLARS.
OFFICE OF THE ROBBINS' BURGLAR ALARM COMPANY,
NO. 24 BROADWAY.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE
WATER WHEELS

REYNOLDS' PATENT sweeps the field; new improvements; low prices; does not clog; has no complications of gates or costly flume work; compact for shipment; great water-saver; the only wheel that excels overshots; gold medal awarded by American Institute for superiority. Also, Shafting and Gearing furnished when required. GEORGE TALLCOT, Late TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 96 Liberty-st

A. THE FEET! THE FEET!! DAGGETT'S ELASTIC VENTILATING INNER SOLES for ladies' and gentlemen's use, have proved a profitable investment to those afflicted with rheumatism, or damp, cold feet. They give elasticity to movements of the limbs. They prevent the wear and soiling of the stockings. Sold by boot and shoe dealers.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS 75 cents per pack, at all stationers and fancy goods dealers. These cards will not split, and cost no more than the ordinary sharp-pointed cards commonly used. Wholesale at the manufacturers', SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st., New-York.

NOTICE—THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SOLD out all his interest in the stock and business at No. 196 Court-street, Brooklyn, and no person is authorized to buy or sell any goods, wares or merchandise on my account. B. C. HAWKINS.
MARCH 15, 1867.

FOR SALE—A COMPOUND ACHROMATIC Microscope, with ¼ inch, ½ inch and 1½ inch object-glasses, 3 eye-pieces and condenser; fitted in black walnut case, with drawers, and 75 mounted objects; all in perfect order; price $125. Address ROBERT H. WILLIAMS, Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

TWO CHILDREN ARE OFFERED FOR adoption by a lady in reduced circumstances, whose husband is dead. One is a girl seven years of age, the other a boy of three years; are healthy, intelligent and prepossessing. Apply at the bakery, No. 205 Greenwich-st.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT THE BRUSH FACTORY, No. 329 Pearl-st., New-York (Harper's Building.) All articles at the lowest factory prices. JOHN K. HOPPEL.

MARBLE MANTELS.—350 MANTELS ON hand of every style and quality, which will be sold for the next 60 days at a liberal deduction, at A. KLABER'S Mantel Warerooms, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF GREEN PARrots, at No. 205 East 20th-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK COMMON PLEAS.—EDWARD N. LINN *against* JUSTUS R. SACKETT and others. Notice.—I, WILLIAM J. OSBORNE, appointed by an order of the above court, Receiver of the above defendant, Justus R. Sackett, will sell, through MULLER & WILKINS, Auctioneers, at the Merchants' Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of April, 1867, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said Justus R. Sackett of, in and to the following described real estate, stocks, notes and judgments, viz.: A tract of land containing 120 acres, more or less, situate in Newaygo County, Michigan; lot No. 238, 50x150, on the northerly side of Medford-st., in the village of Malden, Mass., subject to about six years arrears of taxes; 2,800 shares of stock of the Central Montana Gold and Silver Mining Company; five shares of stock of the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad Company, old issue; two shares of stock of the Delano Life Preserving Coat and Vest Company; 100 shares of stock of the Portsmouth Dry Dock and Steamboat Basin Company; note of E. B. Sackett, dated Nov. 8, 1849, at 12 months, for $1,676 66; note of E. B. Sackett, dated Jan. 12, 1858, at one day, for $125; note of N. B. Sackett, dated July 14, 1862, on demand, for $30; note of N. B. Sackett, dated Feb. 15, 1862, at 4 months, for $50; note of N. B. Sackett, dated May 25, 1865, at 4 months, for $20; judgment against A. M. Sackett, recovered April 7, 1866, on which there is now due $8,103 18 and interest; 20 shares of old stock of the Relief Fire Insurance Company, hypothecated for a loan of about $800.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 18, 1867.
W. J. OSBORNE, Receiver, No. 45 William-st., New-York.
mh20-law3wW*

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED.—A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS, who can cut and fit ladies' and children's plain and gored dresses, desires a few more engagements in families by the day or week; operates on two sewing machines; would go a short distance out of City; reference. Address SEAMSTRESS, Station D.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR SEAMSTRESS, an engagement to do plain and fancy needle-work; also to cut and fit ladies' and children's garments, at home or at employer's residence, three days in each week. Call at or address No. 119 8th-st., fourth floor, back room.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED PROTESTant English woman, a situation as nurse to an invalid lady or growing children, or would like to take charge of a gentleman's house during the Summer; has good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 166 West 30th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as nurse; is thoroughly competent to take the entire care of an infant from its birth; can sew if required; a family having a country place preferred; can be highly recommended. Apply at No. 400 6th-av., third floor.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV., near 25th-st., situations, City or country, of all nations, recommended chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, excellent cooks, cooks, washers and ironers, houseworkers, young girls, &c.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman a situation as nurse and seamstress, or would take care of children and do chamberwork; best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 67 Wyckoff-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid or waitress, or wash and iron in a private family; will be found willing and obliging; the best of City reference will be given. Call for two days, at No. 122 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman, a situation as laundress and chambermaid; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 266 East 9th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman a situation as cook; understands all kinds of French and American cooking, soups and desserts; three years City reference from her last place. Call at No. 266 East 9th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; can make good bread and biscuit; can give good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 177 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman, as chambermaid and waitress, or as waitress only, in a private family; lived 4½ years in her last place: the best of City reference given. Call at No. 77 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl who has lately landed, a situation in a respectable private family, to do general housework. Call for two days at No. 722 2d-av., corner 39th-st., front room, one pair stairs up.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOman a situation as nurse and seamstress, or seamstress and chambermaid; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 407 Canal-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress or chambermaid and seamstress; no objections to the country. Call at No. 306 East 17th-st., third floor, back room, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as first-class laundress, or would do chamberwork and sewing; best reference given. Call at No. 222 East 23d-st., near 1st-av., back room, third floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION in a private family as chambermaid and plain sewer; has no objection to tending children; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, if not engaged, at No. 198 East 21st-st., rear building, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT seamstress; thoroughly understands sewing on a sewing-machine, and understands hair-dressing; five years' reference from one of the first families. Can be seen to-morrow morning at No. 877½ Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART, CApable girl to do cooking or general housework; is neat, economical and respectful, and an excellent washer and ironer; best references given; City or country. Call at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as child's nurse, and can do plain sewing; will go as chambermaid; can give good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 240 7th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class cook in a respectable private family; understands her business perfectly well in all its branches; can come well recommended from her last place. Call at No. 108 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation to cook, wash and iron; is a good baker of bread and biscuit; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 115 39th-st., second floor, between Broadway and 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as chambermaid and waitress, or waitress alone in a private family; has satisfactory City reference. Call at No. 77 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble colored servant, who can take the place of nurse and seamstress, and to act as lady's maid. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; WILling to go to Newport or elsewhere with a private family for the Summer. Call or address at No. 141 West 16th-st., till engaged. Best of reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CAPABLE young woman as seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses and all kinds of family sewing; has good City reference. Call or address No. 236 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer. Can be seen, for two days, at her present employer's, No. 15 West 47th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as first-class waitress; understands the care of silver, &c., thoroughly; has the best City recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A TAILORESS, WORK IN FAMilies, by the day, to cut and make boys' clothes; also sacks and basques, and gored skirts, the latest styles. Address Mrs. A. W., No. 151 East 58th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as chambermaid; the best of city reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 162 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT cook; understands her business in all its branches; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 94 East 11th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid and waitress or sewing; good reference. Apply at No. 205 East 20th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD COOK, to cook, wash, &c.; is a capable and willing girl for City or country. Can be seen at the Employment Association, No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced nurse who would take charge of an infant and sew; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 67 West 16th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as chambermaid or as nurse and to do plain sewing; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at 214 6th-av., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A respectable English woman; can take the entire charge of an infant, and is fond of children; good City reference. Call on or address A. B., No. 37 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation as seamstress and light chamberwork; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 60 West 37th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL to do general housework, or would do chamberwork and waiting; good reference. Call at No. 101 West 19th-st., back room, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLEaged woman as laundress; has best of City reference; was eight years in her last situation. Inquire at No. 390 7th-av., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; she understands cooking in all its branches, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 488 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as nurse and plain sewer; understands the care of a baby from its birth; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 283 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; baking and pastry, all kinds of desserts, jellies and ice-cream; good reference. No. 347 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl as seamstress or chambermaid; best of City reference from her last situation. Inquire for two days at No. 17 East 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as laundress or fine washer and ironer; would assist in the chamberwork; no objection to the country. Call at No. 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and take care of children; good reference can be given. Call at No. 82 West 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman a situation as waitress and chambermaid, or take care of children; no objections to the country; good City reference. Call at No. 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands baking pastries, jellies and made dishes; best of City reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 99 East 4th-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; good reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 28 Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A WELCH GIRL A SITUATION in a private family as first-class waitress; is fully competent in her capacity. Can be seen at No. 430 4th-av., near 31st-st.; ring the bell.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chambermaid, waitress or nurse. Call for two days at No. 217 East 23d-st., first floor; good City reference; no objections to going to the country.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, ladies, gentlemen or family washing at her own house; is a good laundress; good reference. Apply at No. 96 West 27th-st., rear, top floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation to do general housework; has good City reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 25 East 22d-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG girls as seamstress and chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at last place, No. 14 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, Protestant; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 9 East 5th-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and waitress, or child's nurse and sewing. Call for two days at No. 305 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at her last place, No. 30 West 37th-st.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF FINDING A good place for a faithful, honest woman, as nurse or to wait on a lady; has no objection to travel; competent in both capacities; she can recommend her for neat sewing and kindness to children. Call at No. 5 West 22d-st.

AN EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS WISHES to take in washing, who understands fluting and fine ironing; the best of City reference; terms reasonable. Call all this week at No. 330 East 21st-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH excellent City reference, a situation in the City or country; makes excellent pastry, soups and jellies; also, does the coarse washing; in a private family or boarding-house. Call at 193 East 21st-st., new No. 317.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MARRIED man—is one year married—a situation as farmer; thoroughly understands farming in all its branches; also is a good plain gardener, and thoroughly understands the care and treatment of all kinds of stock; his wife is a first-class dairywoman; has had five years' experience; can furnish three years' best of reference; thoroughly competent to take entire charge of any gentleman's place. Can be seen, or address W. H., at Mr. Young's seed-store, No. 9 John-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a man of long experience in the business; can go as married or single man; is a member of the Episcopal Church, in good standing; would prefer a new place to be laid out, or a first-class place with graperies, greenhouses, &c.; has the best of recommendations from former employers. Apply to G., gardener, at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man of first-rate knowledge of fruits and flowers under glass, orchards, vegetables and lawns. Address G. A. R., at Messrs. Thorburn & Co.'s, No. 15 John-st., or Messrs. Reid & Buist's, florists, No. 807 Broadway. He has the best of references for great success in his crops and character.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PRACTICAL farmer; is a good coachman and gardener, or would work a farm on shares; having 20 years' experience in all its branches; is a member of the Church of England, with one in family, or would go as a single man; is fully competent to take charge of any gentleman's place; can produce most undoubted testimonials. Address P. M., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT Englishman, aged 33, married, no incumbrance, to take charge of a gentleman's farm (large or small;) understands raising cattle, draining and farming in all its branches. His wife will take charge of dairy and buttery; will go to any part of the country; good reference from last employer. Apply at CARPENTER'S Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN and groom; just disengaged and wishes employment as above; understand his business thoroughly; also the care, treatment and management of horses, training if required; twelve years' unexceptionable reference; no objections to town or country. Address J. M. C., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER BY A first-class man, accustomed to the care and management of cattle; his wife would take the management of the dairy; has been eight years in his present place; can give the best of reference from his present employer. Apply or address G. G., at Henderson & Fleming's, No. 67 Nassau-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady and industrious man who thoroughly understands his business; or would take a situation as coachman and gardener, as he is thoroughly conversant with vegetable gardening; satisfactory reference given from last employers. Address, for two days, T. R., at A. Acker's, grocer, Portchester, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF TWENTY, who speaks and translates French, Spanish and English, a situation in a counting-house where he can make himself useful; will be content with moderate salary; references exchanged. Apply to A. B. MILLS, No. 117 Nassau-st., Room No. 27.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant young man, who understands his business thoroughly; no objection to the country; will be found willing and obliging; the best of City reference from his last employer. Address J. B., Box No. 194 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant man as good vegetable gardener and coachman; the best of reference; will make himself generally useful; is married, wife and baby. Call on Wednesday at the servants' office, No. 320 4th-av., from 9 to 4 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a strictly sober and steady young man, who understands his business thoroughly; is a good groom and careful driver; would be willing to take care of a small garden; good reference can be given. Address S. L., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a middle-aged man, Protestant, of long experience in England and this City; has the best of City reference; he will be found a first-class trainer of young colts, both to saddle and harness. Can be seen at No. 740 6th-av., in store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION to mind a fast team; would fill a nice coachman's place; one who thoroughly understands the training of young horses to saddle or harness in every capacity; any gentleman wishing such, call at C. Trainor's harness-store, No. 744 Broadway.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY a single man who thoroughly understands gardening in all its branches, hot and cold graperies, greenhouse, good vegetable grower, with the laying out of new grounds; the best of reference given. Address J. D., No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN A SITUation as waiter in a private family; has the best of city reference; no objection to the country. Call or address J. N., at Mr. Morris's grocery store, corner of 12th-st. and University-place; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman; thoroughly understands his business, and is a good, careful driver; has no objection to take care of a small garden; good reference given. Call for two days at No. 382 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN, A SITUATION AS coachman, who thoroughly understands his business; in a respectable family; no objection to go in the country; best City reference given. Address, for two days, F. S., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man who thoroughly understands the care of horses; will be found civil and obliging; the best of personal reference from his last employer. Address T. C., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AN AMERIcan, a situation as coachman; understands the care of cattle, and would be willing to assist in the garden; can refer to late employers. Address W. C., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCH married man as gardener, who fully understands his business—the care of hot and cold vineries; also green and hot-house plants, fruits and vegetables. Address H. F., No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom; has the best of City reference from his last employer; is sober, honest and will be found attentive to his duties; City or country. Address or call, B. WALLACE, No. 58 West 30th-st., Print Stable.

WANTED.—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a man of long experience in this City; is a first-class driver and groom and a single man; the best of City reference. Address R. D., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, with first-class references; is willing to make himself useful and work for moderate wages. Call or address PETER, No. 81 Nassau-st., Room No. 9.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, A SINGLE Protestant man, a situation as coachman and groom; understands his business and is willing and obliging, &c.; first-class testimonials. Address G., Room No. 60 Frankfort House, corner William-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; is willing and obliging; has three years' reference; country preferred. Address for two days J. D., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; good reference can be seen from his late employer; is willing to make himself useful; no objection to the country. Address for two days S. T., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A SITuation as coachman and groom; is a good, careful driver; understands his business, and is willing and obliging; good City reference. Address J. F., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY REspectable middle-aged man as coachman; thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages; good careful driver; best of City references. Call at Bookham's, No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waiter in a private family; a respectable steady man; has good City reference; will be heard of for three days. Address T. S., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble man as coachman and gardener; one who truly understands his business. Call or address J. FLANAGAN, No. 152 Baxter-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as gardener and coachman; thoroughly understands both; best of City reference from his last employer. Address P. H., No. 335 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, a situation as waiter in a private family or genteel boarding-house. Address M. MCCANN, No. 936 Broadway, (in the provision store) for one week.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG SCOTCHMAN, A place to take charge of a farm; understands his business; has the best of reference. Call for two days at R. H. ALLEN & CO.'S, No. 189 Water-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS GERMAN waiter, a situation in a private family; has twenty years' City reference. Apply in Jackson's grocery, under Fifth-av. Hotel.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as gardener, to take care of greenhouses, &c.; is a Protestant; can come well recommended. Address W. P., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom; thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; the best City reference. Can be seen at private stable No. 1 West 38th-st. J. McA.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom; has the best of City and country reference; will be found willing and obliging. Address H. N., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FRENCHMAN JUST ARrived from London, a situation as a waiter in a private family; good references given. Address V. L., No. 242 6th-av., care of Mr. Coste.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as coachman or any weekly work; he is a good City driver; is married but has no family. Address J. M., Box No. 214 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A POSITION IN A BANK OR COMmission house by a young man; references will be given as to capability, integrity, &c. Address N. Y., Box No. 5,027 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as groom or coachman; understands gardening; is a Protestant. Address J. G., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

PARIS EXHIBITION.—AN ELDERLY PHYsician, raised and educated in Paris, who resided since several years in this country, offers to one or several gentlemen intending to visit Europe and the Exhibition, to dispose of his time and his perfect knowledge of the English, French and German languages in their favor as a guide. Address W. H. B., Box No. 3,930 Post-office, New-York.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm-hands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servant's Institute, No. 138 11th-st., cor. 6th-av.

A GENTLEMAN IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING a situation for his son, 16 years of age, (just from school,) as assistant bookkeeper, or in any other capacity where he can be useful and have enough to do; the best of reference given. Address Room No. 1 Clinton Hall.

LOST AND FOUND.

REWARD.—ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REward, and no questions asked, for the return to C. H. RAYMOND of the PEARL CROSS taken last week from house No. 152 Hicks-st., Brooklyn.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
Classical French and English School, with primary department and gymnasium, 5th-av., corner of 28th-st.

MME. VALENCIA'S FRENCH AND ENGlish Boarding and Day School, 124th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., Harlem.—Madame has a vacancy for two more boarders. The location is pleasant and healthy, and the comforts of a home may be enjoyed, with the advantages of a classical and finished education. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Chas. L. Jones', No. 843 Broadway.

ST. MARY'S HALL, FLUSHING, L. I.—An Episcopal school for young ladies. Education thorough and liberal. Health, comfort, habits and moral training of pupils specially cared for. School opens EASTER TUESDAY, April 23.
Rev. THOS. DRUMM, M. D., Rector.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE, SEMINARY HILL, NEWBURGH ON THE HUDSON.—English, French and Classical School for 25 boys, commences Summer session April 1. For circulars address HENRY W. SIGLAR, Principal.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, &c., FOR BUSINESS.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 659 Broadway, teach book-keeping practically, as used in the best New-York houses. They also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and make elegant business penmen.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Classical, Commercial and French, with preparatory departments, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square. Terms reasonable. GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE—HAVERSTRAW, N. Y.—A select boarding school for ten boys. Pleasant location. Terms moderate.
LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding School for young ladies, College-av., New-Brunswick, N. J. A native French teacher resides in the family.

A YOUNG LADY WILL GIVE LESSONS on the piano at $10 per quarter in advance, at her own or pupil's residence; thorough instruction will be guaranteed. Apply at No. 690 6th-av., near 40th-st.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address MISS EMILY NELSON.

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING SCHOOL Fishkill, N. Y.; terms moderate. For circulars, &c. address the principal, REV. W. PECK.

MORNING SCHOOL—ALSO, CLASSES IN drawing, painting and music, at Miss BLACKWELL'S studio, No. 1,193 Broadway.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

TEACHERS.

A PRIVATE TUTOR.—A GENTLEMAN OF experience will give private instruction in the classics, mathematics and English branches. Hours from 3½ P. M. until 6. Highest references. Address M. A. Box No. 107 *Times* Office.

A GOVERNESS.—A YOUNG LADY WISHES an engagement as above; can teach English in all its branches; fluent in French, music and Italian rudiments; good references. Address A. M. D., No. 16 1st-st., Bowery.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF A German University, desires a few additional pupils in German at a moderate charge. Address S. O., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN LADY SPEAKING excellent French and English, a situation as governess; salary not so much an object as a comfortable home. Address A. C., No. 200 West 4th-st.

LECTURES.

LECTURE.—STEINWAY HALL, WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 2½ P. M. SUSANNA L. KILBORN, M. D., will speak upon *The Nervous Sympathies Between the Mind and Body in Man*, and the Consequences to the Mind of Disturbances in the Harmony of those Relations, viz.: *Loss of Memory, Melancholy, Duality, Insanity.*

Tickets 50 cents; sold at Steinway Hall, Fowler & Wells' and at the door.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway

NEW PATENT PIANOS.

RAVEN & BACON, Manufacturers of PIANO-FORTES with PATENT COMBINATION SOUNDING-BOARDS, patented Aug. 14, 1866. This invention introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instruments, as it affects the sounding-board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The sounding-board, released from its connection with the piano-case, and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment.
WAREROOMS, 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, N. Y

WATERS' SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS, MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS, the best manufactured, to let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Old pianos taken in exchange. Liberal discount to teachers and clergymen. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. Pianos tuned and repaired. New 7-octave pianos for $275 and upward. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.
HORACE WATERS.

HAZELTON BROTHERS, PIANO-FORTE manufacturers, would call the attention of musicians and the public generally to the many and great improvements in the construction of their pianos. Their "EUPHONIC AGRAFFE TREBLE" has been tested by the highest musical talent in the country, and conceded by all to possess power, brilliancy and sweetness in the highest degree. Pianos to let.
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THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.—Fifty-six gold or silver medals or other highest premiums awarded them. Used and recommended by the best organists generally. Fifty styles, $75 to $1,000.

New and second-hand instruments rented on favorable terms.

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N. B.—Repairing neatly done, and instructions given.

AN ASSORTMENT OF PIANO-FORTES for sale and exchanged at the factory, Nos. 156 and 158 East 21st-st. L. P. CUMMINGS.

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DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st. "Les Menus Plaisirs, nouveau quadrille fashionable," just received from the Societe Academique of Paris.

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WANTED—A WORKING FARMER, WHO UNderstands all kinds of farm work, cattle and horses; married man preferred, who can board the men; wages $35 per month, with a comfortable house free of rent. Apply with undoubted references, Office No. 2, G. H. BRUSH, No. 200 Broadway.

WANTED—IN A CUSTOM-HOUSE BROKER'S office, an American boy about 18 to 19 years old; one residing with his parents; must be intelligent and reliable. Address, in own handwriting, Box No. 3,924 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A LACE EMBROIDERY AND White Goods Importing House a salesman, who has a first-class connection in New-York State and the northwest. Address Box No. 6,703 New-York Post-office.

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WANTED—A COMPETENT FARMER ON A place near the City; married man with small family; Scotchman preferred. Apply at HENDERSON & FLEMING'S, No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN, A COLORED MAN, who thoroughly understands the care of horses and is willing to make himself generally useful.
W. K. PEYTON, No. 274 Bowery.

WANTED—A WAITERMAN WHO THORoughly understands his business; also, a man to act as footman and assist in the dining-room. Apply at Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS HAD business experience, can come well recommended and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address Box No. 5,313 Post-office.

WANTED—A NUMBER OF AGENTS, TO whom a small salary and commission will be paid; none but those having references need address WILLIAM MOORE, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A THOrough waitress, Protestant. Apply at No. 140 West 23d-st., from 9 to 11 A. M.

WANTED—A WAITRESS; CITY REFERENCE required. Apply at No. 82 10th-st., between 5th-av. and University-place.

BANKING.—WANTED, A MESSENGER IN OUR Bank; $2,000 deposit, (as security;) also a person as teller and assistant cashier, with $5,000, (as security.)
W. E. ARNOLD, Cashier,
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ASTROLOGY.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS clairvoyant, has removed to No. 100 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., where she shows the likeness and tell the name of the person you will marry. Beware of illiterate pretenders who try to imitate her. Lucky numbers.

NO. 814 BROADWAY.—POPULAR LECtures on astrology and public examination of Natives by Dr. BROUGHTON every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS. The Doctor can be consulted on astrology privately daily.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ITALIAN OPERA. THE STAR OF THE NORTH. Cast including Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, Miss Amalia M. Hauck, Baragli, Bellini, Antonucci, Fleury, Ricardi, Muller, Reichardt. Conductor, Signor Torriani.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, The Richings grand English Opera, LA SONNAMBULA.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, KENILWORTH. Lady Don as Ye Earl of Leicester.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, Edwin Booth as RICHELIEU.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, PAUL PRY. Characters by Messrs. John Gilbert, Geo. Holland, B. T. Ringgold, J. C. Williamson, Miss Mary Gannon, Mrs. Vernon, Mrs. Sedley Brown, Miss M. Scott. To conclude with RURAL FELICITY.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS IN IRISH AND YANKEE LIFE. ALL HALLOW EVE AND LATEST FROM NEW-YORK.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. G. L. Fox as Pheneas and the Deacon.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2, and EVENING at 7½, OURTENEMENT-HOUSE. A LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS. GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION. Dwarf, Fat Boy, 200,000 Curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE RUNNELLS FAMILY, ACTING DOGS, ACROBATIC FEATS AND GROUPINGS, HINDOO MIRACLES, &c.

NEW FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, George Christy every night, Otto Burbank, J. T. Boyer and E. Hughes.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS.
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, CINDER-LEON, DEMON DANCE, SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, and THE BLACK CROOK, PATTI IN PARIS, &c.

DODWORTH'S HALL.
Broadway, opposite 11th-street.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST. MIRACULOUS ILLUSIONS; L'ESCAMOTEUR and his FAIRY SINGING BIRDS.

UNION HALL.
Broadway and 23d-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 3 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, BUNYAN TABLEAUX, largest panorama in the world, illustrating Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress.

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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

We have advices to March 19 by Ocean Telegraph. Arrests of Fenians still continue in Ireland, but no further outbreak has occurred.

On the night of the 18th, in the House of Commons, the Derby Government asked leave to bring in a reform bill the following day. The features of the bill were explained by Mr. DISRAELI. Mr. GLADSTONE took ground against the position of the Government, but debate was deferred until the bill should be before the House.

An important debate took place on the 18th in the French Corps Legislatif in regard to foreign affairs, in the course of which Representatives THIERS and FAVRE severely attacked the foreign policy of the Emperor.

Count VON BISMARCK will not, it is said, protest against the absorption of Poland by Russia.

Admiral TEGETHOFF has been recalled from this country by the Austrian Government.

CONGRESS.

The joint resolution which passed the House on Monday authorizing the Secretary of War to turn over to the managers of the Asylum for Disabled Soldiers the Government property at Camp Chase, Ohio, was passed in the Senate, and now goes to the President for approval. Mr. TRUMBULL called up the House joint resolution to suspend all further proceedings under the law for payment for slaves enlisted or drafted into the military service of the United States. After some little debate the further consideration of the bill was postponed until to-day. The action of the House on the Supplementary Reconstruction bill having been reported, the Senate agreed to a Conference Committee. Mr. JOHNSON said he had been requested by his colleague, Mr. THOMAS, the newly elected Senator from Maryland, against whom charges of disloyalty were made on Monday, to move the reference of his credentials to the Judiciary Committee, in order that those charges might be thoroughly investigated. The documents were so referred. The Senate then went into Executive Session. The doors were soon after opened, when the Committee of Conference on the Reconstruction bill reported. The Committee agree to the Senate proposition that the State Constitutions of the rebel States shall be ratified by a majority of the votes cast, provided it shall be shown that a majority of the registered voters voted on the question of ratification. A clause is added providing that Congress must be satisfied that all registered voters were afforded an opportunity to vote without fear or interruption. The report was agreed to, and the Senate again went into Executive Session, and soon after adjourned.

In the House, Mr. JULIAN asked leave to report a joint resolution relative to the issue of agricultural scrip to the States recently in rebellion. It recites that on the 3d of April, 1866, Agricultural College Scrip, covering nearly 270,000 acres, was, by the direction of the President of the United States, issued and delivered to North Carolina, under the act of July 5, 1862; that the General Land Office was now preparing to issue scrip in like manner to Virginia, Georgia and Mississippi. That such action by the President took for granted that those States were restored to their constitutional relations to the Union, a question which Congress alone could rightfully determine; and it prohibits the further issue or delivery of such scrip to any of the States lately in rebellion, except the State of Tennessee, until those States are fully restored to their rights as States by Congress. Objection having been made to the introduction of the resolution, Mr. JULIAN moved to suspend the rules, which was agreed to—yeas 69, nays 18. The resolution was then introduced, and the previous question moved, when it was passed by yeas 103, nays 23. The Speaker announced the disagreement of the Senate to the House amendments to the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill. Mr. BINGHAM moved to recede from the amendments—negatived, yeas 62, nays 77. The motion to insist upon the amendments and ask for a Committee of Conference was then agreed to. Mr. STEVENS called up his Confiscation Bill, which was published in full in the TIMES of yesterday morning. The bill provides for the confiscation of all public lands in the lately rebellious States, and all lands which belonged to the belligerent enemy. He proceeded to read a lengthy speech in support of the bill, but his strength failing after a few minutes' exertion, he sent his manuscript to the desk and had his speech read by Mr. MCPHERSON, the Clerk. The reading of the document occupied an hour and a-quarter. Mr. STEVENS then moved to postpone further consideration of the bill until the [illegible] next, which was agreed to. In Committee of the Whole the bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the relief of the destitute in the South, was taken up. Gen. BUTLER offered a substitute for the substitute offered by him last week. His proposition empowers the military Commanders of the several districts created by the Reconstruction Bill, to levy and collect by military power, assessments on all persons owning over one hundred and sixty acres of land, or having an income amounting to over $600 per annum, sufficient to relieve the destitution and pauperism among white people in their respective districts. Gen. BUTLER desired to have both his substitutes before the House at once, but was informed by the Speaker that he could not under the rules. He accordingly withdrew the last one offered. The first provides that the $1,000,000 be appropriated to the relief of the widows and orphans of Union soldiers who were starved to death in rebel prisons, rather than to destitute rebels. Mr. SCHENCK, however, immediately offered Gen. BUTLER's second proposition as a substitute for his first one. Mr. WOODBRIDGE made a lengthy appeal in favor of the original-bill. A lengthy debate ensued, and a number of newspaper extracts were sent to the Clerk's desk and read, but the Committee rose without having come to any decision regarding the bill or the amendments. The Conference Committee on the Reconstruction Bill submitted a report, and a message from the Senate announced that that body had agreed to the report. Mr. ELDRIDGE moved to lay the report on the table, a proposition which would have killed the bill. The House negatived the motion; yeas 26, nays 111. The report was then agreed to and the bill now goes to the President for his signature. The House adjourned at 5 o'clock.

GENERAL NEWS.

In the Maryland House of Delegates on Monday Mr. JONES, from the Joint Committee on Federal Relations, submitted a long report, concluding with resolutions refusing the ratification of Maryland to the Constitutional Amendments. He said that Mr. HAMMOND, a member of the Committee, concurred in the report, but did not bind himself to all its conclusions, and that Mr. EVANS, a member of the Committee, had not read the report, but was opposed to the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment.

The Cleveland and Second Mortgage bondholders of the Milwaukee and Minnesota Railroad have filed bonds to the amount of $150,000 to appeal from the recent decision of Judge MILLER's Court to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Dispatches from New-Westminster announce that the Legislative Council of British Columbia on Monday voted unanimously for admission into the Colonial Confederacy.

Mrs. JEFFERSON DAVIS passed through Goldboro, N. C., a day or two since, on her way North, and at the depot received a handsome donation of greenbacks.

A meeting of leading Democrats was held in Albany on Friday evening, for consultation, and it was resolved "that the Democracy can, must and will carry the city at the next election."

LOCAL NEWS.

The third meeting of the New-York Sunday-school Institute was held last evening in the Reformed Dutch Church corner Fifth-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street, Rev. J. H. VINCENT presiding. The house was crowded to its utmost capacity, and the interest in the proceedings was fully sustained throughout. Addresses were delivered by Rev. H. D. GANSE, and Messrs. ANDREW A. SMITH, R. G. PARDEE and others. The fourth meeting will be held this evening in the same place.

Both Boards of the Common Council met yesterday. The resolution instructing the Corporation Counsel to take proceedings to prevent the Commission for Improving the Broadway Pavement from proceeding with the work was concurred in. The Corporation Counsel was instructed to assist Mr. Justice CONNOLLY in his legal proceedings against Police Superintendent KENNEDY. The Aldermen adjourned to Monday next, and the Councilmen to Thursday.

In the Court of Special Sessions yesterday eighteen persons were convicted of petit larceny, two of assault and battery, two of having burglars' tools in their possession, three of violating the Health Law, three of violating City Ordinances, one for violating the Excise Law, and one for adulterating milk.

Two of the Hibernian rioters, BERNARD CLARK and THOS. NEWMAN, who were engaged in the Grand-street *fracas* on Monday, were yesterday arrested. Justice SHANDLEY refused bail for CLARK, but discharged NEWMAN under $1,000 surety to answer. The wounded Police officers are all doing well.

The leases of the ferries running from the foot of Whitehall-street to Staten Island, and from Twenty-third-street, North River, to Pavonia-avenue, Jersey City, were sold at public auction yesterday—the first for $1,000 and the second for $50 per annum.

The man who was murdered in Williamsburgh on Monday night has been identified as JOHN FITZPATRICK, a native of Ireland, about 35 years of age. The murderer is not known.

A meeting of the Army and Navy Union of Brooklyn was held last evening, at which it was resolved to erect a building suitable for a library and reading-room for soldiers and sailors.

In the Court of Special Sessions, yesterday, there were thirty convictions for various offences, mostly for petit larceny.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday several cases were disposed of, and prisoners sent to State Prison for various terms.

Judge BUCKLEY, of the Second District Court in Brooklyn, got into a quarrel in a saloon on Monday night and was taken to the Station-house.

Judge MICHAEL WALSH, of the First District Court of Brooklyn, died at his residence yesterday morning.

The bill incorporating the Metropolitan Underground Railroad Company passed the Senate yesterday by a vote of yeas 20, nays 11.

Business was more active yesterday in Produce and Merchandise, especially the former, which was variable in price. Breadstuffs generally favored sellers, while Cotton and Hog products were less buoyant, Western Mess Pork having declined materially. Freights were somewhat brisker.

There were about 1,800 beef cattle at the National Drove Yards, yesterday, on One Hundredth-street. Trade seemed to be rather dull. Most of the cattle were not well fattened, and much the larger proportion consisted of light, thin steers, from two to three years old. Brokers and drovers tried hard to get last week's prices, but they found slow sales at these figures. Good beef cattle brought from 16c.@17c. ℔ lb., net weight. Cattle of medium quality, 15c.@16c. ℔ lb., net weight. The poorest lots were sold for 12c.@13c. ℔ lb., net weight. Milch cows are dull and receipts light. Calves are in moderate request, the best selling at 12c.@13c. ℔ lb., live weight. An occasional extra calf may bring 14c. ℔ lb. Fat sheep are scarce, and the demand for them is active. A few of the best were sold for 10¼c. ℔ lb., live weight. Common sheep sell for 7c.@9c. ℔ lb., live weight. The hog market is active and prices firm. Heavy prime corn-fed hogs were selling yesterday at 8¼c.@8¾c., live weight. The same quality dressed sold for 10¼c.@10½c. ℔ lb.

"THE MEN IN THE GAP."—The depth of the Fenian feeling in New-York for those who are really running serious risks in the cause in Ireland, is shown in the easy unconcern with which they hear of the capture and imprisonment of so many of their kindred. They talk of "the men in the gap," as if it were a happy dispensation of Providence that put the unfortunate peasants in a corner where they could be caught and cribbed like so many sheep. Why do the leading Irishmen here not talk to the dupes of Fenianism in the manly way that Mr. MAGUIRE talked to the Knights of St. Patrick on Monday? Mr. MAGUIRE has been, for thirty odd years, a representative Irish Liberal. He controls a popular political journal in Ireland and is a member of the British Parliament. He represents that section of the Irish Catholic Church which opposes ultramontanism. And with all this record to give weight and emphasis to his words, he stands up here at a public festival to declare to his countrymen that Ireland can, and *will*, get the political redress she seeks, without the spilling of a single drop of blood. Mr. MAGUIRE further declares that his political leaders are Messrs. GLADSTONE and BRIGHT, and that his allies are the English Reform Party. Probably the advice of Gen. ROBERTS and Col. MEANY will go further with the Irish people here than Mr. MAGUIRE's; but it does not follow that it ought to go so far.

Who Are to Rule in the South.

We have received the following note in reference to an article in the TIMES of a recent date:

> *To the Editor of the New-York Times:*
>
> In an article in to-day's TIMES, headed "*Southern Loyalty*," you comment upon the action of Hon. JOHN M. BOTTS as a Southern loyalist, denying him any right "either by his services or sacrifices to absolute political control with other Unionists in the government of Virginia." From the tone of your article any one would infer that Mr. BOTTS had had an easy time of it all through the rebellion, instead of being a prisoner for months in a loathsome negro jail, and the object of oppression and outrage at the hands of rebels for years, simply because he was a thoroughly loyal Union man, and would not leave his State for fear of the consequences, choosing rather to stay and fight it out until driven away.
>
> Will you please tell me, with Southern loyalists who read your paper, who *are* the right men to have absolute control of the rebel State Governments if the loyal native Southerners of the Botts school are not? These men stood by the Union cause when it was confiscation, imprisonment or death, to so prove their fidelity to the flag. When Mr. BOTTS wrote against the Confederate Government and their cause, while in their hands, the TIMES was among the first to applaud his moral courage, and to praise his determined loyalty; now, it would seem, they would prefer that such men should not have the control of a loyal Government in their States.
>
> Yours respectfully, H. C.

Our correspondent asks a fair question and shall have a frank answer. The "absolute control" of local Governments in the Southern States must rest with *the people* of those States,—just as it does and always must in the North, and wherever else the principle of popular government obtains at all. Not with *part* of the people, with any one class or party or condition, but with *all* the people,—of all parties and of all conditions. Any Government controlled otherwise is not a popular Government. Any Government in the South under the "absolute control" of those only who were loyal throughout the war, would be an oligarchy, and would be in flat and flagrant contradiction to every principle upon which our institutions are based. Any State Government in Virginia in which Mr. BOTTS, and those who acted with him through the rebellion, should alone be permitted to vote, would be one of the worst and most odious oligarchies the world ever saw. It could not last an hour without the support of Federal bayonets; and such support would only add to the severity of its oppression and the odiousness of its character. Governments in this country must be *of* the people and *for* the people; when we make them anything else, we abandon the only thing in which we differ from the nations of the old world.

We understand perfectly the objections to this view. Are rebels and loyalists to be put on the same footing? Are they to have equal power and authority? Is there to be no punishment for crime against the Union, and no reward for standing by it? Unquestionably there ought,—but both should be bestowed in some other way than by overthrowing the institutions which the Union was made to preserve. Rebels may be debarred from *office*,—they may be held ineligible to all places of power and authority under the Government which they tried to overthrow, and loyalists alone may be held competent to fill them. But beyond this it is neither just nor safe to go. The right to a voice in making laws belongs to all who are required to obey them; this is the fundamental principle of our institutions, and it cannot wisely or safely be withheld.

Our correspondent favors the exclusion from the ballot-box of every white man who took part in the rebellion. We need scarcely tell him that this would put the absolute control of many of the Southern States into the hands of the blacks. The whites who were loyal throughout are a very small minority, and would be out-voted twice over by the blacks. Is he in favor, for any reason, or under any pretext, of thus giving the absolute political control of the Southern States to the blacks alone? The people are not. There is not a single State in the Union, Massachusetts not excepted, which would favor such a policy.

Political authority, moreover, is not earned by suffering, even in the cause of the Union. If Mr. BOTTS and his associates had suffered tenfold what they did for the Union, they would not be entitled therefor to a monopoly of government. Political power is to be distributed with reference to the public good,—not to the merit, necessities or sacrifices of individuals. The Union soldiers suffered in the Union cause far more than the people who staid at home:—ought they, therefore, to have a monopoly of political power in the Northern States?

The TIMES did applaud the resistance offered by Mr. BOTTS to the rebel government. It regretted his sufferings and his losses—though neither would compare with those of thousands of others both North and South. But they do not constitute any valid claim to absolute political authority, nor ought they to blind our judgments to the wants and interests which all government, to be permanent and safe, must consult.

Early Delivery of Telegraphic News.

It is announced that arrangements have been made by the Telegraph Company and the Associated Press for the delivery to subscribers, in every city and section of the United States, of financial and commercial news from every part of the world, as soon as it is received by Telegraph. Such an arrangement, carried out with energy and fidelity, will prove of immense advantage to the whole business community. A few individuals in every city have always managed to obtain quotations of the prices of stocks, produce, &c., in advance of their publication by the Press,—and have thus had an immense advantage for purposes of speculation over the great mass of their rivals in business. All the efforts of the Press to prevent this have proved unavailing. The largest speculators were sure to obtain the news first, and other dealers were thus in a great degree at their mercy.

The only mode of remedying the evil is that now adopted. The Press receives from Europe *three times a day*, quotations of all the leading articles of traffic, and prompt commercial reports from all parts of the United States, at an aggregate cost of more than $200,000 per annum. By the arrangement now entered into, all this news is handed over at once to the Telegraph Company, and by them transmitted to every city and town in the United States where it may be wanted, and is delivered to subscribers at a stipulated price per week or month. The authenticity and accuracy of the news cannot be questioned, and its distribution will be impartial and free from favoritism.

By availing himself of this agency every man engaged in business of any kind may protect himself against being misled by rivals in possession of later intelligence. In this way we trust what has hitherto been a fruitful source of complaint against both the Telegraph and the Press, may be obviated in the future. In this City the Telegraph Company at No. 145 Broadway has charge of the practical administration of the system, and application for a share in its advantages may be made to them, and in other cities to their branches or agents.

A Pecksniffian Gradgrind.

The New-York *Tribune*, which never fails to indulge a personal spite even at the expense of truth and fair dealing, conceding the justice of our remarks on the necessity of careful legislation in regard to the public finances, makes this comment:

> "The editor of the TIMES was a conspicuous member of the last Congress; and we regret the fact that his course therein did not seem to us sufficiently guided by the great and salutary truths above set forth.
>
> Can we misrecollect in saying that he publicly pledged himself, a few months since, to introduce at the late session a bill to reduce the salary of members of Congress from $5,000 to $3,000 per annum, and that he failed to redeem that pledge?
>
> Are we wrong in our impression that he pushed through a bill creating a new judicial district composed of Long Island, thereby adding considerably to the annual drain from the Treasury? and that he did this with special reference to making a near friend a District Judge for life?
>
> We cannot be mistaken in our conviction that his voice, often heard in the House, was seldom raised in favor of cutting down expenses, and that the net result of his labors did not tend to the prevalence of 'retrenchment and rigid economy.'"

Strange as it may seem to him, the editor of the *Tribune can* "be mistaken" and *can* "misrecollect," as he does in every one of the instances specified:

1. The member of Congress referred to pledged himself to introduce a bill to reduce the salaries of members if no one else did; and as Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, and one or two others anticipated him in the matter, he did not deem it worth while to multiply bills on this subject. But he supported the movement at every stage,—two or three times pressed the Judiciary Committee to report it, and gave his last vote in the House in favor of suspending the rules to act upon it. Is that "failing to redeem his pledge?"

2. The *Tribune* is utterly "wrong" in his impression about the bill creating a new judicial district. No such bill was passed by the Congress of which Mr. RAYMOND was a member: the district was created and the Judge appointed two years before he had a seat in Congress at all.

3. And the *Tribune* is also mistaken in its conviction as to Mr. R.'s general action on the subject of retrenchment and economy. He did not believe, it is true, that the National Debt could be paid by starving the clerks and other employes of the Government,—especially as ten times the sums thus saved were inevitably wasted in training raw hands for the places thus made vacant. But he did urge, on every proper occasion, every retrenchment consistent with the efficiency of the public service, and resisted the lavish reductions of taxation which have sacrificed millions of revenue for the benefit of private interests. It was on his motion in Committee that the mileage of members was reduced from forty to twenty cents,—a very small measure, it is true, but one which the *Tribune* ought specially to appreciate. He both spoke and voted against releasing the excess of incomes above $5,000 from the ten per cent. tax,—a measure which will cost the revenue at least $20,000,000 this year. He opposed the repeal of the tax on cotton, which would cost at least as much more. And he voted for none of the bills making appropriations amounting to millions and hundreds of millions for various political and private objects.

Evidently these are small matters in the view of the *Tribune*,—quite unworthy even of its notice. Its idea of economy is confined to the saving of "cheese-parings and candle-ends." If a clerk can only be put on a starvation salary, it deems the country safe; and advocates, with incessant and pertinacious zeal, a tariff for protecting private interests at the sacrifice of foreign commerce and the millions which it contributes yearly to the revenues of the country. "*Can* we be mistaken" in deeming this policy a good deal more Pecksniffian than patriotic?

National Banks—Indications of Financial Danger.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* detects indications of danger in the loose management and irregularities of many of the National Banks. It says:

> "We some weeks ago called attention to the fact that the banks, in violation of the spirit of the law, were using their funds at a distance from home at a rate of interest higher than the law allowed, and that other banks were speculating in Government securities and in gold, also in violation of law. On Saturday last we called attention to the fact of a practice grown common with the country banks when drawn on for balances due, of shirking the payment by answering with a draft on some other country banks, and that in turn by a draft on another near or remote. It is also very well known that all the banks do not hold the required reserve of greenbacks always on hand. The temptation of a profit on what the bank considers a safe operation is frequently too strong to be resisted, when the reserve is used, loans made, and a memorandum or security of some kind, sufficient to 'swear by,' is left for the time being in its place. These loose practices are beginning to tell in financial wrecks, scattered all around us, and in a general and growing distrust of the whole banking system. We know that several of the old banks in this city express themselves in decided opposition to these criminally reckless practices, that, beginning in speculation, end too frequently in crime and severe loss, if not bankruptcy, but with little avail in effecting a correction."

In the large cities, where the periodical returns of the banks are scrutinized carefully, serious departures from a sound basis would at once elicit remark. It was in this way that cases of non-compliance with the law in regard to the amounts of legal-tender held in reserve, were first brought to public notice. Elsewhere, this independent test, applied regularly by skilled financiers, is inapplicable. Means of judging of bank affairs are not readily available. The habit of analyzing statements and proclaiming irregularities from the house-tops does not exist. And there are, therefore, grave reasons for apprehending the prevalence in rural and remote localities of all the evils to which the *Ledger* alludes.

The temptation to looseness is, in these instances, strong. City banks have before them a fair field for the use of their funds; their circulation finds ample scope at their very doors. Scores of country banks, however, have no local demand to meet. They are established for speculative purposes, and with a view to operating in distant places. The more insignificant the nominal point of business the better is it for their purposes. They care little for local custom and none for local criticism upon their management. To get their notes into distant circulation is their chief aim, and how well they have succeeded may be inferred from the amount of notes issued from unheard-of villages which every business man daily encounters. Hence these banks have been and still are promoters of very questionable enterprises and very reckless speculations. Any project that promises large profits, and affords a chance of floating notes far away from the place of issue, has little difficulty in obtaining accommodation from banks of the character we describe. Dodges to evade payment of balances, and in any manner to keep their notes in circulation, are a part of their system. And it may well be doubted whether the requirements of the law concerning greenback reserves are often permitted to interfere with this method of doing business.

The recent developments of swindling by bank officers, and the stoppage of banks even where they might be supposed to be carefully watched, are circumstances that would justify more serious notice than has yet been taken of them. They demonstrate the prevalence of speculation in stocks and gold by bank officers, and the facilities with which large amounts of money may be obtained to carry on these transactions. That speculation is encouraged by a majority of the banks is notorious. Exempt from the check which liability to a call for specie would impose, and keen in the pursuit of profit, they are the mainstay of the speculative spirit which is undermining legitimate trade, and the support of the gambling combinations of which we continually hear. We have the authority of a Chicago journal for the fact that a "speculative mania" in breadstuffs and provisions is at work in the West, some of the signs of which have been visible in this City during the last few days. In truth, we suspect that the "upward movements" and "upward tendencies" of which our market reports speak, are altogether the result of operations that would be impossible without the help of National Banks. Our City banks, perhaps, have no connection with the "kite-flying" which is at the bottom of most of these transactions. But country banks, and Western banks especially, are not burdened with scruples on the subject. They want more profits; they want to get their notes away from home; and speculation, whether in Government bonds or in grain, whether in pork or fancy stocks, affords the readiest means of accomplishing both objects.

There is enough, then, in the present aspect of banking affairs to justify extreme caution on the part of every man who has anything to lose. We think, too, that there is enough to warrant a more thorough system of checks upon the transactions of National Banks, and their management generally, than has yet been brought into play.

Old Tammany at Auction.

The Sachems last night decided to sell Tammany Hall for what they could get, and appointed a Committee to hawk it about the town. The old house has a famous history, and at one time was the seat of the political power of the country. But after the corruption of its party leaders by JACKSON'"s headstrong will, and VAN BUREN's insidious craft, it began to go down.

The HARRISON campaign gave it a heavy shake, but the defeat of CLAY restored something of its *prestige*. With the Mexican war and TAYLOR the wigwam got another small earthquake, and many of its "big Indians" wanted to shake off CASS and BUCHANAN, with the worst of the old fogies, and come out upon a sort of liberal Democratic or Conservative Whig platform. Tradition, however, was too strong; even the name Whig was intolerable, and so the faithful went down with CASS, came up to blow with PIERCE, and then with BUCHANAN, like a millstone around their necks, made the third and irretrievable plunge during the late rebellion. Here and there "the bubbling cry of some strong swimmer in his agony," marked the place where a war Democrat managed to get to the surface; but these were exceptions—the mass of the shipwrecked sunk to rise no more. Bats and spiders began to nest in the Council Chamber; the "headquarters" became movable, and was now at the Park, then at Union-square, again at some club-house; the barrel of porter from which, as Croaker & Co. sang "the Bucktails were swigging all the night long," was dry, the bung out and the hoops fallen off; the coal-hole where "GUS. SCHELL" and "JOHNNY AUSTIN" had their little arguments, was abandoned and shut up; all was desolate and dreary. The success of SEYMOUR in 1862 gave a spasm of hope, but when he addressed his "friends" from the City Hall steps in July, 1863, even the Tammany was covered with confusion and shame. Since then the Wigwam has been practically shut up. Not even the target boys, who once had most of their annual sociables there, would come any longer, and the only fantastic toes that have tripped there for the past two Winters were those of the rats and mice that had free range of its once fine ballroom.

Though late in the day, the sale is a very proper move. For business purposes the site is valuable, and the money realized can be invested by the sachems as an accumulating fund for the building of a new hall as soon as the resurrection of the party becomes probable. Whether that event will precede the general muster foretold in the Apocalypse, may be a matter of doubt; but in case of emergency, the present trustees might as well empower their heirs and assigns to lay the new corner-stone on the 4th of July, 1976, or at such time thereafter as may be deemed expedient.

School-Building in the Upper Districts.

The increase of population in the Twelfth Ward, followed as that has been by more than a proportionate increase in the attendance at the public schools, has made it necessary for the Trustees to provide additional school accommodation for the east side of the Ward. The extent of the improvement may be judged of by the fact that the new edifice will suffice for the use of two thousand pupils—five hundred grammar students, and fifteen hundred primary scholars. The grounds are large—175 feet by 100. The cost, compared with the value of down-town property, is only a bagatelle, some $8,000. The building will, however, cost about $100,000. This amount the responsible residents and property-owners of the Ward deem it economy to expend now, in view of the vast additions that must be made to the population of the Ward so soon as the three-tier, or any through line of railroad for City travel is built. When that improvement is accomplished, every street in the Ward will be as thickly lined with houses (but with less of the tenement character about them) as the Fourteenth Ward is to-day.

The forecast of the Trustees of the Twelfth Ward in providing, as they purpose, for the school wants of their districts, shows that the people of the northern end of the Island are in earnest in demanding new means of *intra-mural* transit. They will support any scheme which promises accommodation for *through* travel; and as the "Metropolitan Transit Company" appears to offer the readiest means for this long-delayed accommodation, that scheme ought to be acted on promptly by the Senate. It is most unjust to tens of thousands of City residents that this matter should be trifled with longer. People of limited means who aim at securing any comfort at all for their families cannot pay down-town rents. Their whole income would go in paying for an ordinary-sized dwelling in a cleanly neighborhood. They must strike out into the suburban districts, or take to garrets in the lower wards. And they are a class so numerous, and as a rule so useful and industrious, that it is simply a crime to keep them dependent, as they are now, on the horse cars, which can, under no conditions whatever, be run so as to accommodate those who have to work for a living. The school officers in this matter of providing additional accommodations fairly reflect the popular feeling on the subject. The people demand a through passenger line for City travel. That demand ought to be attended to now.

MINOR TOPICS.

—New-York may certainly boast of having the most patient population in the world. There seems no limit to the impositions practiced upon them, to which they nevertheless submit, with uncomplaining patience. The manner in which they are treated on the City Railroads, in being crammed into cars already full to suffocation, would not be tolerated an hour by the people of any city in Europe; yet here it excites no complaint and scarcely any remark. Then, in the matter of processions their long-suffering is equally conspicuous. For hours on Monday, scores and hundreds of railroad cars, omnibusses, carriages and carts stood still in the streets, while the long procession of Hibernians filed slowly through the streets, for no other purpose than to show their regalia and display their banners to the breeze. The same thing is seen whenever any considerable body of men desire to use the public streets for their own amusement. The whole traffic of that part of the City which is required stands still until the display is over,—and then business is allowed to resume its course. Is not this carried to an extent which is beginning to be something of a nuisance?

—The franchises of our ferries are generally supposed to be of some value, but it would seem from the sale of leases yesterday that this is not the case. The franchise of the ferry running from the foot of Whitehall-street to Staten Island was sold for $1,000 per annum, and that of a ferry to be established from Twenty-third-street, North River, to Pavonia-avenue, Jersey City, for $50. The Staten Island Ferry now rents for $5,100 per annum, but it seems that the lessees have got a clause inserted in their charter to the effect that the purchaser of the franchise must also buy all their boats, ferry buildings and fixtures. This, of course, as was remarked by a gentleman present at the sale yesterday, kills the sale, and renders the whole thing a mere farce. The purchaser, Capt. VANDERBILT, would have got the franchise had he bid $1 for it instead of $1,000. In regard to the Twenty-third-street ferry, as the Erie Railroad Company own all the water front at the foot of Pavonia-avenue, of course no one but themselves can run a ferry thereto. Thus some of the City's most valuable franchises are absolutely given away.

—While there is ample testimony to the suffering of the Southern people, it is gratifying occasionally to meet with facts indicative of energy and a determination on the part of Southern men to get out of the slough of despond and begin again the journey of success. The Directors of the Milledgeville and Warrentown (Ga.) Railway seem to be of the latter mould. They have purchased and shipped through their English agents all the iron necessary to the completion of their road, and one cargo, consisting of a sufficient quantity of iron to lay a track from Mayfield to Sparta, an important point, has already reached Charleston. Capitalists in this City who are associated with the Southern holders of stock, are sanguine in the hope of finishing the work this Fall as far as Milledgeville. The great difficulty experienced by people from the North is that of traveling from point to point. The great raiders of the last war did great service to the Union cause in damaging the means of transportation at the South, but now that the use for which the rebels desired the roads has disappeared, it becomes a matter of national interest to rebuild them all and reestablish universal communication as speedily as possible.

—The Charleston *Mercury* takes a very just view of the position of the Southern States under the Reconstruction Bill. It reminds its readers that nothing is submitted by it to the discretion of the South. Terms are not offered for them to accept or reject, as they please. The Constitutional Amendment of 1866 was thus offered to them and they rejected it; but this bill marks out certain things which are to be done, with or without the consent of the South. State Conventions are to be called,—delegates are to be elected by universal suffrage, a new Constitution is to be formed and submitted to the popular vote. All these things are fixed facts. All that any Southern man has to decide is whether he will vote or not. The *Mercury* says that it is simply a question whether the great body of the people shall take part in framing the Constitution or leave the whole business to the colored voters enfranchised by the bill. This view of the case will doubtless control the action of the great mass of the Southern people.

—The trades people of Trenton, N. J., are a sensible set of individuals. At a recent meeting of the bricklayers, plasterers and stone-masons of the place they unanimously resolved that it was not desirable to ask an increase of wages. This in itself is a remarkable contrast to the trades unions hereabouts, but they cap the climax by giving as a reason that an increase would induce landlords to raise the rents of their houses, and the prices of the necessaries of life, already high, would put them entirely beyond their reach. We commend the action of these people to the unions that talk so loudly and declaim so foolishly hereabouts. Wages are higher now than many employers can pay, and although the prices of living and eating are in a certain sense extortionate, it may be well to remember that half a loaf is better than no bread, and the present wages permit the purchase of more food than no wages at all.

—The Police are entitled to great credit for their admirable behavior during the disgraceful disturbance caused on Monday by a portion of the St. Patrick's procession. They showed courage, promptitude and a determination to do their duty, and deserve the rewards which a correspondent suggests that the public should give them. We beg to remind him, however, that there is already in existence a fund for the very purpose of rewarding members of the force who may thus suffer in the discharge of their duties. It was originally established for the relief of policemen who suffered injury during the draft riots of 1863, and has since been augmented by public and private contributions. We have no doubt the trustees of that fund will take such prompt action as may be required by the present case.

—Is not the *Tribune* a little premature in its exultation over the fact that WADE HAMPTON and other distinguished South Carolina politicians address political meetings, without distinction of race or color, side by side with colored orators? Does not this foreshadow the possibility, at all events, that the colored vote may not always be at the command of itinerant political missionaries from the Northern States? It would cause disappointment in some quarters, certainly, if it should prove that, in giving the suffrage to the negroes, Congress had only put an increased vote at the command of the Southern ex-rebels. Yet this ominous conjunction in South Carolina looks a little like it.

—It is a singular and not very creditable fact that the newspapers everywhere, in giving accounts of Irish processions and celebrations, invariably add as matter of news that "for a wonder all was quiet," or "everything passed off peaceably," or "no disturbance occurred," or "there was much less drunkenness than usual on such occasions." It is true, there are almost always exceptions, with such outrages as that upon the Police yesterday, to note; but it is equally true that a peaceable Irish procession or celebration is sufficiently surprising to be invariably noted as unusual. Is it not time that the leading men of Irish birth should exert themselves to remove this stigma from their race? No one ever thinks of saying that an American or French or German parade "passed off without disturbance;" why cannot the turbulent Irish blood be tamed into equal subordination to law and order?

—There will soon be a decline in the rent of houses in the neighborhood of the Academy of Music unless the police take measures to suppress an evil which is rapidly growing into a nuisance. Whenever balls are given at the Academy or at Irving Hall, the hack-drivers hold a levee in Irving-place, Fourteenth-street, making the night hideous with their shouts, yells and ribaldry. It frequently happens that the neighborhood does not become quiet until three or four o'clock in the morning, and those who are in the least degree nervous, find their sleep seriously disturbed five or six nights in the week. It is the duty of the Police to see that the hack-drivers do not turn this neighborhood into a public stand for their vehicles. There is certainly not the slightest necessity for it; for ball-goers ought to be able to indicate with some accuracy the hour at which they wish their carriages to be in waiting.

—If the foot-bridge at Fulton-street should prove to be a success, there will be a demand for similar accommodation at several points along Broadway. The pressure of foot passengers and vehicles at the Chambers-street, Canal-street and Grand-street crossings, is almost as great as at Fulton-street. But the structure now approaching completion must first be thoroughly tested before the enterprise takes a wider scope. If the spiral staircases are found too narrow to admit of the rush which is seen on the sidewalks for eight hours of every day; or if they are so near a perpendicular as to repel fastidious lady wayfarers, or stout, gouty and short-winded gentlemen, the project may have a hard struggle to win its way to popularity. But we shall wait and hope for the best.

—Mr. THADDEUS STEVENS' confiscation project meets scant favor among the extremists of his party. The Chicago *Tribune*, one of the most vigorous and unyielding of Radical journals, has taken strong ground against it, declaring that it is entitled to no encouragement, and that the Western people do not desire and will not tolerate it. The same tone pervades the comments of nearly the entire Republican Press on the subject. The idea of vindictiveness and spoliation is repudiated as at variance with the policy and repugnant to the feelings of the North. This ground was taken while yet the decision of Congress on the reconstruction question was unknown; and assuredly it will not be abandoned now that the work of reconstruction has been begun under circumstances which promise satisfactory results.

THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT.—There is a spirited and vigorous contest in progress in the Second Congressional District of Connecticut, and the Republicans owe it to themselves to see that their candidate, Mr. CYRUS NORTHROP, is elected. Although comparatively a young man, Mr. NORTHROP has had a good share of experience in public affairs. He graduated at Yale College in 1857, and has held for the last year or two the Professorship of Rhetoric and Belles Lettres in that institution. Before his election to this position he was for some time editor of the New-Haven *Palladium*. Ever since his graduation he has been more or less active in the politics of Connecticut, and his influence and labors have done much to keep the State true to Republican principles. Mr. NORTHROP has marked abilities as a speaker and debater, and sterling qualities as a man. The Republicans of his District have done well in securing a candidate of such high personal character and such strong claims on the popular vote.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"NORMA."—Mme. PAREPA ROSA's appearance as *Norma*, last evening, was even a greater success, because a success in a higher order of lyrical drama, than the performance of her *début*. On the first night the warm and responsive audience, only too willing, perhaps, to see her successful, might be supposed in some instances to have accepted the will for the deed and crowned her with triumphal favors before they were sufficiently contested for. After impulse comes thought, and with thought judgment. But Mme. PAREPA ROSA's position after the severer ordeal, passed in "Norma" last night, was even more assured, and more emphatically assured than when she had revealed her new powers in the gentler emotions and simpler musical requirements of the tender *Leonora*. Here Mme. ROSA exhibited, more than ever, the ingenious power of exciting that sense of personal sympathy, that idea of hearty mutual good-will which—rightly or wrongly—our American audiences love to have established with their entertainers; and in two nights of opera, she has done more to make the public acquainted with this rarer merit than might otherwise have been effected in ten years of oratorio or any amount of concert singing. Her performance last night was particularly effective in this particular. Originally the character of *Norma*, as furnished by the librettist, must have been "a part to tear a cat in," but BELLINI had no taste for tearing cats, or tearing lungs, in music, and he has given to the tremendous situations of the story some of the rarest and most beautiful strains. To hear Madame PAREPA in these, is to hear her in delighting duty and in delighting moods, and always displaying, naturally, the most characteristic features of her genius. In "Casta Diva" she was simply irresistible, and her phenomenal sustaining of the high note called forth an overwhelming response of enthusiasm which was almost as long sustained by the audience, and was resumed in the tumultous recall she received after the act. Succeeding this comes the famous duett with *Adelgisa*, and here again Mme. ROSA was great, and was most admirably companioned in the aria by Mme. TESTA, and secured an imperative encore, as did also their duet in the last act. The histrionism of this and the last act was very perfect, and completed the triumphs of the evening for Mme. ROSA. In short, daguerreotyped at any moment during her personation of *Norma*, and though she may be only passing at that moment from one gesture to another, you will have fixed on the plate a picturesque and expressive figure. In the *rôles* of *Pallio* and *Orevese* Signora MAZZOLENI and ANTONUCCI gratified expectation and assisted in making the representation thoroughly complete. The performance was witnessed by Gen. GRANT, Mr. GEORGE PEABODY and several other distinguished public gentlemen, who, on being recognized as they entered their boxes, were warmly greeted by the rest of the audience. To-night the "Star of the North" will be the opera. "Norma" will be repeated for the matinee on Saturday.

STEINWAY HALL.—Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' last symphony soiree for the season will take place on Saturday evening next. The pieces in rehearsal for the close of this admirable series of concerts are the "Entr' acts to Rosamunde," by SCHUBERTH, BEETHOVEN's Symphony No. 7 A and the "First Walpurgisnight, op. 60," by BEETHOVEN

WASHINGTON.

Supplementary Reconstruction Bill—The Southern Relief Bill—Confiscation Speech of Mr. Stevens—Confirmations by the Senate—Union Meeting at Selma, Ala—Relief for the South—Indian Affairs—Foreign Liquors in Nicaragua.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

Washington, Tuesday, March 19.

Both Houses concluded action to-day on the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill. It went to a Conference Committee, and the result was that the House receded from its amendment which required a majority of the registered electors to vote upon the ratification of the Constitutions. As agreed upon, the aggregate vote upon this question must be equal to one-half the registered vote, and a majority of the votes thus cast will ratify. Another amendment to the bill was agreed upon, designed to more distinctly define the revisionary power of Congress over the action of the State Conventions.

THE SOUTHERN RELIEF BILL.

The Million Dollars Southern Relief Bill came up again in the House to-day, in Committee of the Whole, Mr. Pomeroy, of New-York, in the chair, and afforded several members a coveted opportunity for speeches. Gen. Schenck presented a substitute, which was proposed by Gen. Butler, for the amendment to the Senate bill proposed by the latter when the bill was up last week. It is sweeping in its provisions, and directs the military commanders of the Southern districts to levy a tax, sufficient to support the poor in their respective commands, on all persons whose incomes exceed six hundred dollars per annum. Extracts from the Southern correspondence of the New-York Times and other papers were read, and Gen. Butler sent to the Clerk's desk an anonymous communication regarding Southern donations to Jeff Davis, which was also read. No final action was reached.

CONFISCATION SPEECH OF MR. STEVENS.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, made his long-expected speech on confiscation to-day—or rather, attempted to make it—but was physically unable to proceed with it, and was obliged to impress the services of Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, who is one of the finest readers in the country. It is understood that this speech was prepared for delivery during the last session, but no opportunity offered. It has been in type in one of the newspaper offices of this city for several months. During its reading Mr. Stevens occupied his seat, but was evidently very weak, his lips were perfectly colorless, and he exhibited other symptoms of unusually poor health.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE.

The Senate to-day confirmed another large list of appointments, and likewise rejected a number. There is a disposition manifesting itself on the part of the Senate not to draw the line too closely in rejections, and for the past two days, by far the greater number of the President's appointments have been confirmed, including a number of Democrats, or supporters of the Administration. Among those confirmed to-day were Gen. J. J. Bartlett, as minister to Stockholm, *vice* Campbell, and P. J. Sullivan, as Minister to Bogota. This last confirmation reflects no credit on the Senate, and some of its nice discrimination might well have been bestowed upon him. To confirm such as he and reject the wounded hero, Bassett Langdon, of Ohio, and the Radical Gov. Birney, of Michigan, is more nice than wise. Among the nominations by the President to-day, are Wm. Dorscheimer, United States District-Attorney for the Northern District of New-York, and A. Buckhardt, Postmaster at Sing Sing; also, for New-Jersey, Noah D. Taylor, Collector, Fifth District; Samuel Jones, Collector, Fourth District; R. B. Hathorn, Assessor, Fifth District; B. F. Robinson, Assessor, Fourth District.

BUSINESS IN THE SENATE.

The Senate was engaged to-day chiefly upon various small matters of legislation, and did nothing of importance beyond agreeing to the conference report on the Supplemental Reconstruction bill. Senator Conness introduced a resolution raising a select committee to ascertain how the proceedings of the Executive Sessions get into the papers. It is supposed that, if raised, the committee will call upon the correspondents to tell what they know about it. If Senator Conness will direct his attention to the Senators and the officers of the Senate first, he will probably stop all leakages without calling upon the correspondents. They are very apt to print what they hear stated upon good authority, and if he don't like it, let him teach his brother Senators to be more reticent.

THE PRESIDENT'S STATE DINNER.

There were present at the President's State dinner this evening Hon. F. W. Seward and wife, Gov. Thomas, Senator-elect from Maryland, F. P. Blair, Senior, Commodore S. P. Lee and wife, and the following members of Congress: W. S. Lincoln and wife, W. Loughbridge, G. W. Morgan, D. J. Morrell, W. A. Pile, D. Posley, J. V. L. Pruyn and wife, W. H. Robertson, W. E. Roberson, L. Sylo, T. E. Stewart and wife, C. U. Taylor and wife, G. Twitchell, D. Van Anken, P. Van Trump, C. Van Wyck, J. T. Wilson, and F. Wood.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Hon. Samuel H. Torrey has been nominated by the President as District Attorney for Louisiana. He was a consistent Unionist during the entire war, and the Southern loyalists here have signified their intention to urge his confirmation, which is thereby assured.

It is stated that Senator Conness, of California, will decline a renomination. His term expires with this Congress.

The National Committee of Soldiers and Sailors appointed by the Pittsburgh Convention held a meeting here to-day, and resolved to prosecute the work of national organization at once. Headquarters are established in Washington. Maj.-Gen. H. A. Barnum, of New-York, is Chairman, and L. Edwin Dudley, of Washington, is Secretary.

To the Associated Press.

Washington, Tuesday, March 19.

UNION MEETING AT SELMA, ALA.

A dispatch from Selma, Ala., states that the largest meeting ever witnessed in that city took place yesterday. Resolutions were unanimously adopted strongly expressive of Union sentiments, and recognizing the right of Congress to prescribe the terms of reconstruction and readmission of the seceded States into the Union, and therefore urging that the people of Alabama should forthwith accept the beneficent terms of reconstruction.

RELIEF FOR THE SOUTH.

The clerks of the Third Auditor's Office, Treasury Department, have started a subscription for the benefit of the suffering poor of the Southern States. Over $70 have been collected since Saturday morning, and among the names of the contributors are some of the most thorough-going Radicals in that office.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Hon. L. V. Bogy, Ex-Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as Special Commissioner for negotiating treaties with the Indian tribes generally, has had preliminary interviews with the Santee and Sioux tribes, now at the mouth of the Niobrara, the intention being to remove them to a reservation lying between the Big Sioux on the east, the James River on the west, and between the 44th and 45th parallel of latitude, on which they are to remove in time to make a crop this season. He has also had conversations with the Brules, Muncoujours, Sausarcs, Black-feet, Upper Janctonais, Lower Janctonais, Uncpapas, Egallallas and Lower Brules, and matters were consummated which will enable them to go to farming this Summer at Crow Creek Agency, old Fort Lookout and old Fort Selly, and during the Summer it is contemplated to send Special Commissioners to negotiate treaties with them, establish them upon reservations and provide for them reasonable annuities. Mr. Bogy is also on the eve of concluding a treaty with the Chippewas of the Upper Mississippi.

Ex-Commissioner of Indian Affairs Bogy, has received a copy of a minute of the Baltimore yearly meeting of the religious Society of Friends, conveying to him their high appreciation of his earnest independent and noble efforts to protect the Indians from imposition, secure them in their just rights, and defend them from malicious charges and imputations.

FOREIGN LIQUORS IN NICARAGUA.

Information has been received at the Department of State of the publication in the Republic of Nicaragua of the following decree:

[Translation.]

"Resolution ordering the prevention of the introduction of foreign strong liquor during four months from this date, the Captain-General, President of the Republic of Nicaragua, to its inhabitants, desiring to give effect to article third of the contract made with Don Hilario Gruessen, the 21st of May, 1859, and confirmed the 27th of July of the year last past, in the exercise of his powers decrees:

Article First—Within four months from this date foreign strong liquors shall not be imported.

Article Second—This present decree in observance of Article Sixth of the contract expressed, shall be immediately communicated to all the maritime custom authorities of the Republic, and abroad by our Consuls and other agents.

Given at the National Palace of Nicaragua, the first of January, 1867.

(Signed) THOMAS MARTINEZ.

Secretary of Finance, Ramon Alijosa.

THE SUPPLEMENTAL RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The two Houses of Congress having to-day passed the Supplemental Reconstruction Bill, it will at once be presented to the President. As soon as definite action shall have been taken on this measure, Congress will fix the time of adjournment or recess. It is the general belief that the President will return the bill to the House this week.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The new building for the Department of Agriculture, authorized by the late act of Congress, will be erected in the centre of Reservation No. 2, occupying the space between the Smithsonian Institute and Washington Monument grounds. The site is imposing, high and dry, commanding a view of the city and the Potomac River. The extreme dimensions of the building will be 172 by 62 feet. The style of architecture is modern, and adapted to the present wants, without reference to outlived forms of tradition, and the plans have been prepared under instructions from the Commissioner of Agriculture.

RECOGNITION OF CONSULS.

The President has recognized Francisco Herrera as Consul of the United States of Colombia at San Francisco, Cal.; Enute Grisar, Consul of Belgium at San Francisco, Cal.; Gustave Theisen, Consul of Costa Rica in New-York; Moritz Prombach, Vice-Consul of Austria at Milwaukee, Wis.; and F. Shuster, Consul for Hamburg at Savannah, Ga.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

Representative Randall, of Penn., to-day ineffectually sought to introduce a bill declaring illegal the use of stamped franks of members of Congress, only eleven members voting to suspend the rules for its introduction, not a sufficient number. The use of stamps for their names, without writing them, is a subject of abuse by other persons, and lottery schemes, obscene publications, &c., find their way through the mails free of postage. This fraud Mr. Randall seeks to terminate.

THE PRESIDENT'S STATE DINNER.

The tenth and last state dinner of the President this season, will take place at the Executive Mansion this evening. Cards of invitation were issued to the new members of Congress and their ladies, not before invited, and to several of the new Senators, together with their ladies.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate has confirmed the following nominations of Secretaries of Legation: Wickham Hoffman, of Louisiana, at Paris; John W. Dix, of New-York, Assistant Secretary at Paris; R. M. Brent, Secretary at Lima; and J. A. Gross, Secretary at Rio de Janeiro.

The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations:

Joseph J. Bartlett, Minister Resident at Stockholm, and Peter J. Sullivan, Minister Resident at Bogota.

Postmasters—Allen R. Richardson, Jefferson City, Mo.; George H. Swift, Cuba, N. Y.; Albert G. Clark, Toledo, Ohio; Richard Benham, Ann Arbor, Mich.; William Snyder, Franklin, Ind.; Samuel D. Trull, Cohoes, N. Y.; W. W. Lander, Salem, Mass.; John N. Remgan, Warsaw, Ind.; Norman H. Pratt, Kenawa, Ill.; Henry W. Buckland, Fremont, Ohio; Charles T. Jackson, Goshen, N. Y.; E. C. Little, Independence, Iowa; Lucius L. Comstock, Kenawha Court House, West Va.; William L. Sentor, Jackson, Mich.; Perry Joslyn, East Saginaw, Mich.; Orson F. Parker, Paw Paw, Mich.; William H. Campbell, Dowagiac, Mich.; Calvin Hood, Sturges, Mich.; Harvey Palmer, Niles, Mich.; Samuel S. Lacey, Marshall, Mich.; Albert Rannay, Three Rivers, Mich.; E. Bowen, Crandall Cazenovia, N. Y.; W. S. Green, Salem, Ill.; William Kerns, Moline, Ill.; David L. Payne, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Charles R. Russell, Appleton, Wis.; W. C. Lemert, Bucyrus, Ohio; D. G. Williams, Dubuque, Iowa; William Standeford, Shelbyville, Ky.; David T. Moneypenny, Munfordville, Ky.; Wesley H. Slack, Paducah, Ky.; James M. Moore, Columbus, Ky.; James Howard, Mt. Sterling, Ky.; Thomas J. Bidwell, Chico, Cal.

Register Land Office—Ephraim C. Holmes, Denver City, Colorado.

Receiver Public Money—G. C. Havens, Stockton, California.

Consuls—George Gerard at Maracaibo; Henry H. Wells, Naples; Charles Creamer, Ravenna; C. A. Perkins, Stockholm.

Assessors of Internal Revenue—Mark Flanegan, First District, Michigan; James S. Robinson, Fifth District, Ohio; John T. Hogue, Seventh District, Ohio; Elisha F. Rogers, Sixth District, Ohio; J. H. Veazie, Second District, Louisiana; Mack J. Leaming, Fifth District, Missouri; Benj. F. Robinson, Fourth District, New-Jersey; Robert B. H. thorn, Fifth District, New-Jersey.

Collectors of Internal Revenue—C. B. Wilson, Fifth District of Ohio; Leonard S. Ross, Ninth District of Illinois; James Craig, Sixth District of Missouri; George H. Greene, Second District of Missouri; Henry C. Witter, Twenty-third District of Pennsylvania; Hilburn McClure, Eighteenth District of Pennsylvania; David Caldwell, Seventeenth District Pennsylvania; George Sanderson, Ninth District of Pennsylvania.

Assayer of Branch Mint—Isaac C. Jones, Charlotte, N. C.

Collectors of Customs—Richard W. King, Pamlico, N. C.; John J. Rudolph, St. Marys, Ga.; Robert C. Coagdon, Georgetown, S. C.; Daniel C. McIntyre, Corpus Christie, Texas; Joseph Parker, Albemarle, N. C.; Alanson Hinman, Oregon.

Naval Officers—Francis A. Osborn, Boston and Charlestown, Mass.

Surveyors of Customs—Josiah A. Brown, Quincy, Ill.; Oliver B. Dorrance, Portland, Me.

United States Marshall—Samuel H. Jones, Western District of Tennessee; Joseph Seal, District of Delaware.

The following nominations were rejected:

Postmasters—Daniel L. Bush, Hidney, Ohio; Thomas J. Anderson, Newark, Ohio; Reason B. Spink, Wooster, Ohio; Wm. C. Moorehead, Zanesville, Ohio; A. R. Van Cleif, Circleville, Ohio; Archilles Scatterday, Gallepolis, Ohio; Wm. H. Woodward, Hillsboro, Ohio; Robert Thompson, Mount Vernon, Ohio; Eliot H. Hollingsworth, Albion, Mich.; Abbot H. Edwards, St. Charles, Mo.; Richard B. Owen, Springfield, Mo.; Geo. W. Shields, Hannibal, Mo.; J. J. Thomas, Newport, Ky.; N. Seymour, Mount Morris N. Y.

Assessor Internal Revenue—George W. Haynie, Eleventh District Illinois.

Surveyor of Customs.—Edward Hammond, Baltimore, Md.

Receiver of Public Money.—Sarell R. Jamison, Brownsville, Nebraska.

ARMY AND NAVY. MATTERS.

Boatswain L. K. Ellis, detached from the *Savannah* and placed on waiting orders.

Acting Master James H. Stimpson, detached from the *Sabine* and ordered to command the *Purveyor*.

Mate Leo Rogers, detached from the *Alleghany* and ordered to the *Purveyor*.

Assistant Paymaster Wm. J. Healy and Acting Ensign John W. Almy, ordered to the *Purveyor*.

Boatswain Thomas Bennett, ordered to the *Savannah*.

Surgeon Elisha Griswold, United States Volunteers, mustered out of service, to date March 18, 1867.

Brevet Lieut.-Col. F. A. H. Goebel, Major Sixteenth Regiment Veteran Reserves, also mustered out of service.

Lieut. J. G. Butler has been assigned to duty as Assistant Constructor of Ordnance, and Brevet Capt. Comly and Brevet Major Hill, have been assigned to duty as Assistant Inspectors of Ordnance.

Brevet Major John R. Edie has been ordered to proceed to Omaha, Nebraska, to make all needful arrangements for supplying the troops of the Department of the Platte with such arms, ammunition, &c., as may be required, in view of the threatening aspect of Indian affairs in that Department.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. Wm. Maynadier is directed to proceed to Charleston Arsenal, South Carolina, to superintend the sale of unserviceable stores at that place.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

A number of the clergy are making arrangements for holding a fair for the same charitable purpose.

Although the new Capitol Police will consist of only thirty men, there are already five hundred applicants for places, some of whom have served as Brigadier-Generals.

Forty dollars were added to the conscience fund of the Treasury Department to-day, due the Quartermaster's Department for clothing wrongly accounted for. It comes from Kalamazoo, Mich.

FOREIGN NOTES.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* keeps a sharp eye upon literary delinquents in England. In addition to exposing the deception practiced by Mrs. Wood in passing off as a new novel a serial called "Lady Adelaide's Oath," which in a slightly different form and under another title, had already appeared in this country, the *Gazette* calls attention to a similar enterprise on the part of a Mr. W. G. Wills, the author of "The Wife's Evidence." This gentleman has recently published a novel entitled "The Love that Kills," which, says the *Gazette*, is simply a reproduction of a book published in 1859, entitled "Life's Foreshadowings." The names of the *dramatis personæ* are changed, "and possibly—for we must own that after closely comparing the first two volumes of both publications we wearied of the task and abandoned it—there may be some variation in the catastrophe; but otherwise the plot is the same, the scenes are the same, the characters are the same, page after page and chapter after chapter being reprinted verbatim." This practice, says the *Gazette*, "is just as culpable as the practice of the dog-fancier who, after selling you a dog, steals it, trims his ears and otherwise disguises him, and then sells him to you again. We may also be permitted to ask how far the publishers of these books are acquainted with their origin, history and constitution; for of course the publishers are equally with the author responsible to the public."

Fraser's Magazine says of Messrs. Disraeli and Gladstone: "Even at the worst, you cannot mean to say that on the ideal or imaginative side Mr. Disraeli's intellect is so utterly untrustworthy as his great rival's. Mr. Disraeli's romance is the mere bye-play of his mind, and does not touch his working faculties—his shrewdness, his common sense, his knowledge of men. Mr. Gladstone's visionary asceticism reaches deep down into his life, and colors more or less every mood of his mind. Never certainly will Mr. Disraeli reach that point of wrongheadedness which confounds the Virgin Mother with Aphrodite." Whereupon an English papers remarks: "Assuredly those who fancy that Mr. Disraeli is to be ridiculed for having written *Coningsby*, the most brilliant political novel in our language, should read Mr. Gladstone's studies in Homer, and observe the fantastic fatuity of his mythic deductions. Mr. Gladstone's is a fine mind, but is so super-subtle and versatile that his mode of action can at no time safely be predicted, while the imaginative play of Mr. Disraeli's literary faculty has never interfered with his straightforward and intelligible conduct of affairs."

In spite of all that has been written and said of lunatic asylums in England, they do not appear to have reached perfection. A recent charge was made that at Colney Hatch, one of the chief of these asylums, a patient was kept in a room without any bedding, and with only the bare boards and bricks. Another had been kept immured without cessation for 140 days and nights, after which his door was unlocked and he soon died. The Lunacy Commissioners are "surprised," the physician undergoes qualified censure, and the treatment admitted of no kind of justification.

European journalists are puzzled by an extraordinary movement which has just taken place at Constantinople. A large number of people have been leaving that city with their families, chiefly crossing over to the Asiatic side of the Bosphorus. Within a few weeks, it is said, some thousands have thus emigrated. In some quarters a large number of closed houses and shops are to be seen. There is much conjecture as to the cause of the movement, but no satisfactory solution has yet been found.

Mohammed Emir Pasha, Turkish Minister of Police, died recently at the advanced age of 109 years. He started in the service as a private Janissary, and gradually worked himself up to the post he occupied at the time of his death. Notwithstanding his great age, he retained his full faculties and much of his bodily vigor to the last, and continued to labor on the average ten hours a day. He was carried off by a stroke of apoplexy while in the active performance of his official duties.

An alarming combat occurred recently in an English traveling menagerie. A large black bear forced his way into a den occupied by three young Bengal tigers. The bear seemed getting the best of the fight, but not for long—the intrusion into his brain of divers slugs, projected by a couple of gun barrels, settled the bear and the battle at one and the same time.

An inquiry made in 1859 showed that the cost of maintaining a Greenwich pensioner for a year was £59 6s. 11d., while at the Paris *Invalides* each inmate only cost £31 16s. 2d. Reform was called for by the English Government, and it has succeeded to a wonderful extent, though not quite as expected. The cost per head is now £114, or nearly double what it was before the reformation began.

The purchase system in the British army is being roughly handled by many who have given evidence before a Royal Commission on the subject. One of the complaints is that when a regiment is ordered to India the stay-at-home sort of officers exchange with those who are used to Indian life, which latter are said to be too easy-going for enthusiastic service.

Yarmouth was one of the English buroughs lately disenfranchised for bribery and corruption. Accounts from that paradise of herring-curing say that the innocent natives feel the utmost consternation, which, considering how much they must have valued their votes, is not surprising.

An earthquake took place a few days ago in the Westmoreland Lake region. The noise was like a clap of thunder, the houses were violently shaken, and the people all got up. It was just the hour for displaying what the Duke of Wellington called "two-o'clock-in-the-morning courage."

Karl Blind protests against the supposition that the German Democratic Party is any the more willing to support the cause of the petty dynasties from its being opposed to the principle of mere military conquest. He is said to have very many adherents, especially in Wurtemberg and Baden.

It is to be presumed that something like our railway carriage signal system has been adopted on some British lines, for a York express train having recently caught fire in the middle was brought to a stand by means of the rope communication with the driver.

The Neutrality Laws English Commission appear to have got fairly to work, or are at all events holding meetings, at which the attendance is full.

The cholera at Jersey seems to have been more severe than we had supposed. The total deaths at last date were fifty-six.

A Thrifty City Government.

If the last yearly financial statement of the City of Hoboken is to be taken as a fair exhibit of its economical system, it is a model community, not merely in point of thrift, but in its judicious and liberal appropriation of the moneys which accrue from the public taxation. The sum of the collections for the past year was $108,643; the expenditures amounted to but $65,708. More than a quarter of this outlay, moreover, was for common school education, less than a tenth part was for the interest on the city debt, which, with $40,000 of a surplus in the treasury, need not long remain a burden, light as it is, on the municipality. If the streets of the City of Hoboken are not kept entirely clean, the contractor's charges, at least, are not excessive; the amount appropriated to that purpose being little more than $2,500, or about $500 less than the sum devoted annually to the support of the poor within its limits. As commissions are the order of the day, one charged with the duty of finding out how a municipality within sight of New-York, can maintain itself on less than two-thirds of its income, might elicit facts of practical interest to every tax-payer among us.

Gratuitous Advice.—An evening paper is very much concerned about the New-York clubs. It asserts that club life in this City has become "more extravagant, more reckless and more demoralizing than the club life of either London or Paris." The extravagance of this sweeping charge carries with it its own refutation. Our cotemporary also thinks that the Atheneum and the New-York clubs have passed their day for good, and could do nothing better than dissolve. It suggests that the Century ought to be domiciled in more elegant and capacious quarters than it now occupies, that the Jockey Club building is hardly in keeping with the high-art ideas of the Century, and that the National Academy of Design would be just the building for its purposes. As the New-York clubs are strictly private associations, with which the public has nothing more to do than it has with a gentleman's family affairs, the suggestions of our cotemporary strike us as slightly impertinent and in very bad taste.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—The Boston *Traveller* is conducted by men of shrewd business tact, and yet we find this sentence of arrant nonsense in its editorial column: "There is also an uneasy feeling among business men on account of the recent utterances of the President about the national debt. Suppose he should secretly encourage the rebels to rush to arms—how easily he could destroy the national credit." This cheerful habit of "supposing" once plunged a little girl into deep distress, as in her mind's eye she beheld herself the mother of a charming flaxen-haired boy, who went to a trunk in the attic, opened the lid, looked in, let go his hold of the lid, which, falling, chopped off his flaxen-haired head, and left the little girl a "supposed" mourner.

—It's a thousand pities that the New-England orators who favor us, and flavor our anniversaries with long but animated discussions on "universal suffrage," "women's rights," the "eternal verities" and cognate matters, have so little influence at home, where they are best known. On Saturday last, in the lower House in Massachusetts, a motion to instruct the Judiciary Committee to report an amendment to the Constitution granting the right of suffrage to women, or as they term them, "females," received 44 affirmative votes to 97 in the negative, and 99 members not voting. This sort of progress won't answer in the very "home of reform."

—We understand that a mysterious personage, known only as a "New-York Lady," is creating a great sensation in the quiet and susceptible circles of Indianapolis, where she "sports elegant attire, blazes with diamonds, and is inclined to take the fast and festive view of life." From all accounts, the "Lady" is the wife of a New-York gentleman of wealth, and sojourns temporarily in the land of easy habits for the purpose of obtaining a divorce. She seems to have put faith in the stories, absurd of course, that are in circulation about the officials of Indiana, and is endeavoring to impress them with an idea of her *haut ton* and inferential right to ask relief.

—We like the pluck and *esprit* evinced by the Faculty of the Savannah Medical College. During the war nearly all the apparatus, books and instruments belonging to the institution were destroyed, and the College itself was closed. Almost immediately thereafter the College was reopened, and every deficiency was supplied from the private resources of the officers, so that when on Friday evening last the building was thrown open for the regular commencement exercises, the College stood complete in every essential apparatus, one of the best appointed of any in the South.

—No name among the rebel soldiery of Missouri carried greater weight with the disloyal people of that State than that of Gen. Sterling Price. During the war he was an active, eager, rampant rebel, fighting to the last, and surrendering only when he could do nothing else. A card in a St. Louis paper announces the opening of a new commission house in that city, of which Gen. Price is the head. One such example does more to convince the masses of the people of the possibility of "reconstruction" than a score of Radical speeches can to persuade them of the contrary.

Aid for the Southern Relief Commission. In response to the call of the Southern Relief Association, the young ladies of the Brooklyn Packer Institute have determined to give an entertainment in their chapel for the benefit of that branch of the benevolence known as the "Ladies' Southern Relief Association." On Friday evening will be presented a *mélange* of readings, recitations and music, for which tickets may be had of the principal booksellers in the city. In view of the almost total failure of the Sunday collections, this entertainment is of the greatest interest, and it is hoped and believed that the attendance will be large and the pecuniary result gratifying.

The Grave of Aaron Burr.

College of New-Jersey,
Princeton, Tuesday, March 18, 1867.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The article respecting the late Col. Aaron Burr, copied into the Times of this morning, is full of error. At his own request he was buried in the Princeton Cemetery, and that within a few days after his decease. His remains were accompanied to Princeton by several relatives and friends from New-York, and they were deposited near the grave of his father, Rev. Aaron Burr, the second President of this College. In regard to his monument there is no mystery or secrecy about it. The monument was purchased by one or more of his near relatives, and it was put up in open daylight, and not at midnight, as stated in the article mentioned above.

I was present at the funeral, and I am familiar with all the facts in the case. J. M.

Buttermilk Channel.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

An article in the Times a few days since stated that the channel between Governor's Island and Long Island was, some fifteen years since, shallow, and had since increased in depth. I have a copy of the first official survey of New-York Harbor, made between 1765 and 1768. It shows four fathoms, equal to 24 feet, as the least water in the channel. E. Blunt's survey of 1826 and that of the United States Coast Survey, issued in 1845, show 26 feet as the least water. Thus proving that there has been little or no change in the depth of water for 100 years.

G. W. B.

Speaker Colfax upon Reconstruction.

House of Representatives,
Washington, March 9, 1867.

Editors Missouri Democrat:

I noticed in the *Democrat*, of the 5th inst., an editorial, in which you say that "even Mr. Colfax, on his return from his California journey, talked strong Johnsonism." Your memory must certainly have been at fault, for I know you would not do me injustice intentionally. I returned home from the Pacific early in October, 1865. The next month, at Washington City, a fortnight before the organization of the Thirty-ninth Congress, I delivered a serenade speech, which Mr. Johnson has always denounced as the initiation of the Congressional policy which antagonized with his, and I remember that the St. Louis *Democrat*, in common with our leading Republican papers West and East, specially indorsed it. While conceding that the President's conditions to the rebel States were judicious as far as they went, that speech insisted on additional conditions, as guarantees for the Union and for the protection of the emancipated, whom it declared should be called freemen and not freedmen. And it also declared as the true policy of reconstruction, "Make haste slowly." It was my first speech after my return. Yours truly,

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

Republican Meeting at Hartford, Conn.

Hartford, Conn., Tuesday, March 19.

The Republican meeting in Allyn Hall to-night was addressed by Hon. J. A. Kasson, of Iowa, and Governor-elect Harriman, of New-Hampshire. The hall was crowded.

The Virginia Legislature.

Richmond, Tuesday, March 19.

The House has passed the Engrossment Bill to pay the four per cent. interest of the State. The bill will certainly pass in that form.

"Boys"

will find a large stock of first class clothing at low prices at
Abbatt & Moore's,
No. 507 Broadway.

Custom department for men and boys complete.—*Advertisement.*

Has Never Failed.

The machine ordered from you nearly a year since has given good satisfaction. We have used it on almost all kinds of goods, and *the work has never failed*.—C. M. Mix, of Hume, N. Y., Feb. 12, 1867, to Willcox & Gibbs Sewing-Machine Company.—*Advertisement.*

Whereas certain agents or owners of vessels plying between the southern ports of the United and New-York are in the habit of demanding payment of freight for cotton or other merchandise before delivery of the same, frequently subjecting consignees to great vexation and inconvenience (and in case of irresponsible parties to loss,) in collecting reclamations for damage or short delivery;

We, the undersigned, believing it to be contrary to the laws of the State of New-York to demand payment of freight before the goods are delivered in merchantable condition, do hereby agree one with another, hereafter to refuse payment of freight on cotton or other merchandise before delivery, and in case of any suit at law arising from this agreement, whether against one or more of the undersigned, to share pro rata the expenses of defending the same.

New-York, March 18, 1867.

C. C. & H. M. Taber, Williams & Guion, J. H. Brower & Co., Sheppard, Gandy & Co., R. R. Graves & Co., A. P. Pillot & Son, R. Atkinson & Co., Wm. Woodward, Jr., Watts, Crane & Co., Neill Bros. & Co., S. B. Bevans, Blossom Brothers, Gardner, Bacon & Co., Conant & Young, J. Eager, Brown & Cuyler, William Bryce & Co., Bierwirth & Rochall, Thomas Scott, Adams & Whitlock, James F. Wenman, Scott, Zerega & Co., O. K. King & Co., Josiah Macy's Sons, Dibble, Worth & Co., Shepeler & Co., Tannahill, McIlvaine & Co., Clason & Co., Earle, Cunningham & Co., Hamilton & Crooks, J. M. Campbell & Co., L. Roberts & Co., F. S. Schlesinger & Son, Henry Eyre, Ober, Nanson & Co., Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Dennis, Perkins & Co., Fatman & Co., Smallwood, Hodgkiss & Co., D. H. Baldwin & Co., Nourse, Brooks & Co., Lafittes & Le Count, John B. Kitching, (manager of cotton at Duncan, Sherman & Co.'s,) Murphy & McCormack, E. D. Morgan & Co., Norton, Slaughter & Co., Simmons & Haughton, Caldwell & Morris, W. R. Bunker, D. A. Dwight & Co., Green Bros., Kirkland, Wyly & Co., J. T. Adams & Co., Macaulay & Co., Walter T. Miller, A. O. Parmelee, Edward M. Banks, J. Lloyd Abbot, J. H. & A. J. Hudson, p. pro. J. J. Merrian & Co., L. Korbett, H. Hentz & Co., Maury Brothers, Dean & McGinnis, L. E. Amsinck & Co., L. R. Chesbrough, H. L. Ritch & Co.—*Advertisement.*

In Thousands of Cases.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for all diseases with which children are afflicted, such as teething, griping in the bowels, wind colic, &c., has been used with perfect and never-failing success in thousands of cases. It softens the gums, reduces inflammation and allays all pain. Mothers, do not fail to procure it.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Europe has no Flower, and therefore no floral extract equal in fragrance to the "Night-Blooming Cereus." Its living odor, as it is lifted on the night air of the tropics, is rendered perpetual by Phalon & Son's extract for the handkerchief, bearing its name. Each bottle is thus indorsed, the words being blown in the glass: "Phalon & Son, Perfumers, New-York." Sold by all druggists.

Rough, Wintry, Changeable Weather produces catarrhs, coughs, disorders of the lungs, &c., which Jayne's Expectorant as promptly cures, if faithfully administered. Sold everywhere.

Beautiful Hair.—Chevalier's Life for the Hair, positively restores gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life and strength to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at once; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair-dressing. Sold by all druggists and fashionable hair-dressers, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Special Notice.

Particular attention is requested to our extensive variety of patterns of solid silver Forks, Spoons and Knives, at prices which will repay the examination of the closest buyers.

STARR & MARCUS, No. 22 John-st., New-York.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff Needs no Eulogy. Sold at 25 cents per box by all druggists.

Taylor's Saloon, NO. 555 BROADWAY.

HOT-HOUSE STRAWBERRIES and CUCUMBERS FOR SALE.

Cause and Effect.

If Hoff's Malt Extract or Health Beverage proves its great value as a dietetic, nourishing and healing remedy, by its enormous consumption throughout the world during the past 18 years; if the scientific bodies of all civilized countries have united in its praise, and bestowed upon its originator many medals and diplomas; if the most eminent physicians recommend it in their practice to their *debilitated patients* and to those suffering from diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, or afflicted with Dyspepsia, foul Stomach, Loss of Appetite, &c.;

If its introduction into the principal hospitals of Europe has done wonders, as the official reports will testify, then we feel that the American public are justified in their appreciation of its great value, and in their discrimination between Hoff's Malt Extract or Health Beverage and the innumerable so-called remedies and tonics of the day, which are short-lived by reason of the slight foundation on which they build their reputation, but Hoff's Malt Extract or Health Beverage has been steadily increasing its consumption for the past 18 years, and is more popular to-day than ever, and wherever introduced has met with well-merited success.

Hoff's Malt Extract Depot No. 542 Broadway, New-York. Price $6 per dozen, delivered to any part of this City and suburbs. Sold also at druggists' and grocers'.

A.—Brooks' Broadway Bridge,

NOW OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF THE PUBLIC.
DRY FEET
AT BROOKS' WELL-KNOWN
BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
NO. 575 BROADWAY,
OPPOSITE METROPOLITAN HOTEL
AND BLACK CROOK.

Moth and Freckles.

The only reliable remedy for brown discolorations called moth and freckles is Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion. Prepared by Dr. B. C. Perry, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Lace Curtains From Auction

At prices less than gold cost.
G. L. & J. B. Kelty, No. 447 Broadway.

Bartlett's Reversible Sewing Machines. A new style for use by hand or foot. J. W. Bartlett, patentee. Office and salesrooms, No. 569 Broadway, corner Prince-st., New-York.

Trusses, &c.—Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, also, Sideboard and Parlor Safes, for silver-plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-street, corner of College-place. ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Mott's Chemical Pomade Restores Gray Hair, and is decidedly the best hairdressing used. Sold by Rushton, No. 10 Astor House, and by all druggists.

Pyle's O. K. Soap—Hard, and not liable to imprudent waste. It recommends itself. Try it. Sold by grocers everywhere. Depot No. 350 Washington-st.

Genin has this day introduced his Spring style hats for ladies, gentlemen, misses, boys and infants. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

At Everdell's Card Depot, 302 Broadway—The new Wedding and Crystal Visiting Cards.

Christadoro's Hair Dye is universally acknowledged as the best extant. Factory, 6 Astor House.

Florence

REVERSIBLE FEED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.
Best family sewing-machine in the world.
FLORENCE S. M. CO., No. 505 Broadway.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.

"Its seam is less liable to rip than the Lock-Stitch." [*Judge's Report*," at the "*Grand Trial*."] 508 Broadway.

The Howe Machine Co.'s Lock-stitch Sewing-Machines.—Elias Howe, Jr., (original inventor of Sewing Machine,) President, 699 Broadway, N. Y.

Weed Sewing-Machine—Improved. Wheel or Drop Feed. Salesroom, No. 613 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 625 B'way.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

Winslow—Wallace.—In Baltimore, at Mount Calvary Church, by Rev. Alfred A. Curtis, Lieut. Gordon Winslow, U. S. A., to Elizabeth Galt, daughter of William Wallace, Esq.

DIED.

Bulkley.—Suddenly, on Monday evening, March 18, at Southport, Conn., Andrew Bulkley, aged 78 years.

The funeral services will take place at his late residence on Thursday afternoon, the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be in attendance at Southport Depot to convey friends to the house on the arrival of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad train leaving 27th-st. depot at 11½ A. M.; a return train will leave Southport at 6 P. M.

Bogert.—On Sunday, March 17, at her late residence, No. 10 Barrow-st., Elizabeth, relict of Jacob Bogert, in the 79th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral without further notice, on Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Campbell.—On Sunday, March 17, in Savannah, in the 29th year of his age, Augustine S. Campbell.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

Cockcroft.—At Croton, Westchester County, on Saturday, March 16, Gracie, youngest daughter of James M. and L. Matilda Cockcroft.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at St. Mark's Church, corner of 2d-av. and 10th-st., on Wednesday afternoon, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock.

Curtis.—On Monday, March 18, suddenly, Jabez Curtis, in the 80th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of his son, Edward B. Curtis, and of his sons-in-law, T. F. Secor and R. Brooks, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, Stratford, Conn., without further notice, this (Wednesday) afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Duffy.—On Tuesday, March 19, Margaret A. E., the beloved wife of Capt. Patrick Duffy, in the 28th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her father, Hon. Michael Connolly, and of her father-in-law, Constantine Duffy, Esq., are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Thursday, the 21st inst., at 9½ o'clock A. M., from the residence of her father, No. 158 West 50th-st., to the Church of St. Paul, corner of 59th-st. and 9th-av., where a solemn High Mass of Requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul; from thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

Dunnell.—On Tuesday, March 19, Mary Isabel Dunnell, aged 6 years, eldest child of George H. and Mary Isabel Dunnell.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Thursday, March 21, at 1 o'clock P. M., from No. 10 Cottage-place.

Hallock.—On Second Day, 18th inst., Elizabeth M. F., wife of James C. Hallock, aged nearly 62 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Fourth Day, (Wednesday,) 20th inst., at 1 o'clock, from No. 1 East 20th-st.

Hoyt.—On Sunday, March 17, Jesse Hoyt, Counselor-at-law, in the 75th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from the Church of the Ascension, corner 10th-st. and 5th-av., on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 10 A. M.

Kirk.—On Monday, March 18, Abraham Lincoln, infant son of Edward J. and Catherine A. Kirk, aged 10 months and 12 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this day, (Wednesday,) the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 62d-st., near 2d-av.

Nevins.—On Tuesday, March 19, at his late residence, No. 266 7th-st., James Nevins.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his father-in-law, John Ludlow, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral without further invitation, this day, (Wednesday,) March 20, at 1½ o'clock.

Nicoll.—At Savannah, Ga., on Wednesday, March 13, Edward Nicoll, son of John Nicoll, of Blooming Grove, Orange County, N. Y., in the 21st year of his age.

Riceman.—On Tuesday, March 19, Maud, infant daughter of John J. and Isabel Riceman, aged 1 year.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services this (Wednesday) evening at 7½ o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 127 Thompson-st. The remains will be taken to Belleville, N. J., on Thursday morning for interment.

Tucker.—In this City, on Monday evening, March 18, Walter R. Tucker, aged 21 years, 3 months and 13 days, youngest child of Moses Tucker, deceased, and Anna E. Tucker, of this City.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, from his mother's residence, No. 9 West 37th-st., on Thursday, the 21st inst., at 4 P. M.

Underhill.—Last evening, at his residence, No. 13 East 22d-st., James W. Underhill, in the 48th year of his age.

Notice of the funeral in to-morrow's papers.

Valentine.—At South Amenia, Dutchess County, N. Y., on Thursday, March 14, Amy B. Valentine, wife of the late Benj. W. Valentine, aged 56 years.

☞ Western papers please copy.

Windsor.—On Sunday evening, March 17, suddenly, of hemorrhage of the lungs, Mr. Joseph Windsor.

The friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of Mr. T. H. Stevens, No. 48 8th-st., near 3d-av., Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Greenwood.

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EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF DEAFNESS.—Richmond, Va., Feb. 18, 1867. Dr. Von Eisenberg, No. 251 5th-av.: Dear Sir: If the following statement can be of any service to you, I have no objection to your publishing the same. I feel very grateful to you, and cheerfully bear testimony to your eminent skill as displayed in my case. I have long suffered with deafness, which grew greater every year: and while in New-York, in October last, by the advice of one of my friends I called upon you. I did not, however, expect to be relieved, as I had already expended considerable sums in consulting various physicians and surgeons, whose advice had not in the slightest degree benefited me. To my great delight, however, I found my hearing improved after the first consultation; and, after paying you ten visits during the space of a fortnight, I could hear almost as well as in the days of my youth. The cure in my case seems to myself and friends miraculous, and I ought to state that I experienced no pain whatever from your operations and applications. I send this by the hand of my friend, Col. T. B. Williamson, who can verify all the statements herein made. In conclusion I beg to state, that on hearing my means were limited, you made a considerable reduction in your charges. Gratefully, your sincere friend and obedient servant,

CHARLES H. LEDWITH.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Southampton and Bremen, per steamer AMERICA, will close at this office on THURSDAY, the 21st day of March, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:05 A. M.; Stations C and D, 7:45 A. M.; Stations E and F, 7:30 A. M.; Station G, 7:25 A. M. JAMES KELLY, P. M.

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APRIL NUMBER
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CONTENTS:

FRONTISPIECE: "The King was in the Parlor, Counting out his Money." By H. L. Stephens.
I. DOINGS OF THE BODLEY FAMILY: MOVING INTO THE COUNTRY. (Illustrated by H. L. Stephens.)
II. PHILIP, THE GREENLAND HUNTER. Chaps. III., IV. (Illustrated by G. G. White.)
III. THE SWING AND THE SQUIRREL. By Jacob Abbott. (With an illustration by H. W. Herrick.)
IV. THE STORY OF THE LITTLE RID HIN. (Illustrated by H. L. Stephens.)
V. AMONG THE TREES. APRIL. By Mary Lorimer. (With drawings of flowers.)
VI. LIFE IN A NEW-ENGLAND VILLAGE FORTY YEARS AGO.
VII. THE BALLAD OF CHEVY-CHASE. Part I. (With two illustrations by E. B. Bensell.)
VIII. KITE-FLYING IN SMYRNA. By S. G. W. Benjamin. (With illustrations.)
IX. AN UGLY CUSTOMER. By C. C. Abbott. (With drawing of a Gar.)
X. UNCLE AINSLEY'S SQUIRREL STORY. By Helen C. Weeks. (With an illustration by H. W. Herrick.)
XI. SPRING SPORTS AND THE APRIL REBELLION. By Vieux Moustache.
XII. "THE LORD IS RISEN." AN EASTER HYMN. Harmony and words by Rev. J. H. Hopkins, Jr.
XIII. PRAIRIE DOGS KEEPING HOUSE. (With an illustration.)
XIV. BOOKS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE. IV.
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THE NATIONAL QUARTERLY REVIEW.
VOL. XIV., NO. XXVIII. MARCH, 1867.
CONTENTS:

I.—Alfieri, His Life, Writings and Influence.
II.—Oliver Cromwell, His Character and Government.
III.—The Temporal Power of the Pope.
IV.—Chatterton and his Works.
V.—Poisons and Poisoners.
VI.—Negro Rule in Hayti and the Lessons it Teaches.
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NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE
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CONTENTS:

THE DODGE CLUB; OR, ITALY IN MDCCCLIX. Illustrations.—Yankee Doodle.—I Kiss Hands.—The Young Hussar.—A Perplexed Senator.—Exit Senator.—Darn it! don't.—Thump!—A Trying Moment.—Senator and Donkey.—"Do you see that?"—The Mill at Pæstum.
HEROIC DEEDS OF HEROIC MEN. XVII. TRUE CHIVALRY. BENJAMIN H. PORTER. Illustrations.—Benjamin H. Porter.—Porter at Roanoke.—Exploring Charleston Harbor.—Assault on Sumter.—Porter in Prison.—Death of Porter.
THE CHILDREN IN THE MOON.
THE SHADED STREAM. With an Illustration.
A CHRISTIAN NEIGHBORHOOD. Illustrations.—A Home.—Ground-Plan.—Dressing-Table.—Plan of Chambers.
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THE VIRGINIANS IN TEXAS.
Chapter XIII. At the Ranch.
Chapter XIV. Off for the Lampasas.
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1866.
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Premiums on unexpired risks, Dec. 31, 1865... $640,311 66
Premiums received during the year to Dec. 31, 1866:
On Marine Risks.......$2,583,246 67
On Inland Risks.......12,103 14—2,595,349 21
Total.......$3,235,660 92
The amount of earned Premiums during the year, less return premiums, was.......2,120,322 30
Losses paid during the year:
On Marine Risks.......$2,382,018 81
On Inland Risks.......205,749 99
Expenses and Reinsurance.......278,638 34
Total.......$2,866,407 14
The assets of the Company on the 31st December, 1866, were as follows, viz.:
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages.......$440,650 00
United States Stocks, Loans on Stocks, Accrued Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and Loans, Rents of Real Estate, Salvage, &c.......426,548 42
Cash.......91,778 04
Bills Receivable.......942,564 68
Premium Accounts not yet collected.......84,245 25
Scrip of sundry Mutual Insurance Companies.......3,103 6
Total.......$1,988,889 39

The foregoing statement has been made to conform strictly to the requirements of the Company's charter.

The receipts and expenditures of the Company for the year ending 31st December, 1866, have been as follows:
Expenditures for Marine Losses, Return Premiums, Expenses, &c.......$3,506,069 14
Receipts from Earned Premiums, Profits on Gold, &c.......2,575,462 26
Excess of expenditures over receipts.......$930,606 88
The Company were liable at the end of the year for Unpaid Losses, Return Premiums, Commissions, &c., estimated at.......$648,611 43
Less to be received for advance in value of Real Estate, Stocks, &c., and for sundry Salvage, Reinsurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at.......413,426 36—235,185 07
Deficiency.......$1,165,791 95
Amount of outstanding Scrip called in and canceled.......$1,161,820 00

In view of the above result, the Board of Trustees have this day ordered that the outstanding Scrip or Certificates of Profits heretofore issued by the Company be reduced their entire amount, and the Certificates issued therefor called in and canceled.

Holders of Certificates not heretofore redeemed are hereby notified of the action of the Board, and are requested to surrender such certificates at the office of the Company for cancelation.

The Board of Trustees also resolved that a subscription of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of notes in advance of premiums be taken up, in addition to the cash capital of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS already subscribed, and not included in the above assets.

No fire risks, disconnected from marine, have been taken by the Company.

The Company, on the 31st December, 1866, held assets as above, valued at.......$1,988,889 39
The total of all ascertained and estimated liabilities on that day were, (exclusive of the amount of premiums on outstanding risks, $636,703 75.......1,356,157 89
$632,731 80
Cash capital subscribed and all paid in.......500,000 00
Making amount of assets remaining with the Company, (exclusive of the proposed subscription of notes in advance of premiums,)$1,132,731 80

By order of the Board,
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES
MOSES H. GRINNELL,
ROSWELL SPRAGUE,
JOHN CHADWICK,
WM. H. MACY,
SAMUEL L. MITCHELL,
FRED. G. FOSTER,
PETER POIRIER,
LOUIS LORUT,
SAMUEL A. SAWYER,
ELIAS PONVERT,
SIMON DE VISSER,
JACOB R. NEVIUS,
ISAAC A. CRANE,
A. YZNAGA DEL VALLE,
JOHN S. WRIGHT,
WM. VON SACHS.
WM. TOEL,
EDWARD R. ANTHONY,
THOS. J. SLAUGHTER,
JOSEPH GAILLARD, Jr.
ALEX. M. LAWRENCE,
ISAAC BELL,
GEO. G. HOBSON,
PERCY R. PYNE,
SAMUEL M. FOX,
JOSEPH V. ONATIVIA,
EDWARD S. JAFFRAY,
WM. OOTHOUT,
ERNEST CAYLUS,
FRED'K CHAUNCEY,
GEO. L. KINGSLAND,
JAMES M. CAMPBELL.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
EDWARD R. ANTHONY, Vice-President.
ISAAC R. WALKER, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE LOAN.

PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN OF $23,000,000.

An Act to create a loan for the redemption of the over-due bonds of the Commonwealth.

Whereas, The bonds of the Commonwealth, and certain certificates of indebtedness, amounting to twenty-three millions of dollars, have been over-due and unpaid for some time past; and,

Whereas, It is desirable that the same should be paid, and withdrawn from the market: therefore.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer be, and are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow, on the faith of the Commonwealth, in such amounts and with such notice (not less than forty days) as they may deem most expedient for the interest of the State, twenty-three millions of dollars, and issue certificates of loan or bonds of the Commonwealth for the same, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first of February and first of August, in the City of Philadelphia; which certificates of loan or bonds shall not be subject to any taxation whatever, for State, municipal or local purposes, and shall be payable as follows, namely: Five millions of dollars payable at any time after five years, and within ten years; eight millions of dollars payable at any time after ten years, and within fifteen years, and ten millions of dollars at any time after fifteen years, and within twenty-five years; and shall be signed by the Governor and State Treasurer, and countersigned by the Auditor-General, and registered in the books of the Auditor-General, and to be transferable on the books of the Commonwealth, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia: the proceeds of the whole of which loan, including premiums, et cetera, received on the same, shall be applied to the payment of the bonds and certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. The bids for the said loan shall be opened in the presence of the Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer, and awarded to the highest bidder. Provided, that no certificate hereby authorized to be issued shall be negotiated for less than its par value.

SEC. 3. The bonds of the State and certificates of indebtedness, now over due, shall be receivable in payment of the said loan, under such regulations as the Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer may prescribe; and every bidder for the loan now authorized to be issued shall state in his bid whether the same is payable in cash or in the bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 4. That all trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, agents, treasurers, committees, or other persons, holding in a fiduciary capacity bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State, or money, are hereby authorized to bid for the loan hereby authorized to be issued, and to surrender the bonds or certificates of loan held by them at the time of making such bid, and to receive the bonds authorized to be issued by this act.

SEC. 5. Any person or persons standing in the fiduciary capacity stated in the fourth section of this act, who may desire to invest money in their hands for the benefit of the trust, may, without any order of court, invest the same in the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, at a rate of premium not exceeding twenty per centum.

SEC. 6. That from and after the passage of this act, all the bonds of this Commonwealth shall be paid off in the order of their maturity.

SEC. 7. That all loans of this Commonwealth, not yet due, shall be exempt from State, municipal or local taxation after the interest due February first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall have been paid.

SEC. 8. That all existing laws, or portions thereof, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
L. W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven. JOHN W. GEARY.

In accordance with the provisions of the above act of Assembly, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Treasurer, in the City of Harrisburgh, Penn., until 12 o'clock M., on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1867, to be indorsed as follows: "Proposals for Pennsylvania State Loan," Treasury Department, Harrisburgh, Penn., U. S. A.

Bids will be received for $5,000,000, reimbursable in five years and payable in ten years; $8,000,000 reimbursable in ten years and payable in fifteen years; and $10,000,000 reimbursable in fifteen years and payable in twenty-five years. The rate of interest to be either five or six per cent. per annum, which must be explicitly stated in the bid, and the bids most advantageous to the State will be accepted. No bid for less than par will be considered. The bonds will be issued in sums of $50, and such higher sums as desired by the loaners, to be free from State, local and municipal taxes.

The over-due bonds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be received at par in payment of this loan, but bidders must state whether they intend to pay in cash or in the over-due loans aforesaid. No distinction will be made between bidders paying cash or over-due loans.

JOHN W. GEARY,
Governor of Pennsylvania.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor-General.
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above, unless authorized, will receive pay.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., No. 212 BROADWAY, CORNER OF FULTON-ST., N. Y.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the National Life Insurance Company for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, as above, on MONDAY, the 1st day of April, 1867. Poll open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
JOHN A. MORTIMORE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

Fisk & Hatch
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 5 NASSAU-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES:
U. S. SIX PER CENT. BONDS of 1881,
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
U. S. SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES,
U. S. TEN-FORTY BONDS,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
U. S. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS, Pacific R. R. issues,
Central Pacific Railroad State Aid Bonds,
and other desirable Securities.
Also, receive deposits and make collections on favorable terms.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
Corner Wall and Nassau Sts., New York.
We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of
GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES,
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
And execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
JAY COOKE & CO.

CERTIFICATE HOLDERS' MEETING.
TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD CO., (E. D.) OFFICE NO. 83 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 15, 1867.

The undersigned with satisfaction announce the adoption, by nearly a unanimous vote, of the amendments to the "Trust Agreement" proposed at the meeting of Nov. 1, 1866, and since voted upon by more than three-fourths in interest of the owners of the Common and also of Preferred Certificates.

The rights of parties in interest being now defined, and their future policy indicated, it has been urged by several parties largely interested, that this meeting be continued, and the certificate holders be solicited to take immediate action for the consolidation of the two organizations provided for; and for such purpose a vote upon the annexed resolution, based upon the following plan and data, will now be proceeded with daily.

Certificate holders are earnestly requested to vote thereon without delay, in order that the meeting may not be unnecessarily protracted, to the possible detriment of their interests.

EDW'D LEARNED, Chairman.

PLAN FOR ENTIRE ENTERPRISE, UNDER SINGLE CORPORATION.
Capital stock (common) to be.......$20,000,000
Capital stock (Preferred) to be.......3,500,000
Bonded debt, including existing bonds.......8,500,000
$32,000,000
COMMON STOCK TO BE ISSUED.
To the $20,000,000 certificate holders, three shares full stock for every $500 of certificates.......$12,000,000
One share scrip stock, assessable for $49 each for every $400 of certificates.......5,000,000
To $3,500,000 preferred certificate holders, scrip stock assessable for $35 each, three shares for every $700 of preferred certificates.......1,500,000
To new subscribers.......1,500,000
$20,000,000
Preferred stock to be issued to preferred certificate holders, par.......$3,500,000
Money required for the entire enterprise.......$8,000,000
RESOURCES.
Bonds.......$8,500,000
Less present bonds.......3,650,000
$4,850,000, at 90 per cent.......$4,365,000
Receivable on $5,000,000 Scrip Stock, at 40 per cent.......$2,000,000
Receivable on $1,500,000 Scrip Stock, at 35 per cent.......525,000
Sale of $1,500,000 Reserved Common Stock, and any excess of Preferred Stock.......1,200,000
$8,090,000
Total miles of road.......520
Miles of road having both gauges, three rails.......340
(Cincinnati to St. Louis.)
Miles of road having narrow gauge only.......180
(Vincennes to Cairo and Paducah.)
ESTIMATE OF EARNINGS FIRST YEAR AFTER COMPLETION.
Broad-gauge Line, (average of earnings, 1865, 1866, $3,686,794).......$3,730,000
Cincinnati and Louisville Line (gain).......550,000
Cincinnati and Evansville Line, (gain).......100,000
Cincinnati, Cairo and Paducah Line, (gain).......1,100,000
Cincinnati and St. Louis, third rail, (gain).......750,000
$6,250,000
Operating and maintaining, say 66⅔ per cent.......4,166,667
Net earnings.......$2,083,333
Interest on $8,500,000 Bonds.......$595,000
Interest on $3,500,000 Preferred Stock.......245,000—840,000
Surplus.......$1,243,333

The above estimate of earnings marked "gain," being the narrow-gauge business, is far below our expectations and the opinions of parties familiar with the business intended to be secured.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

Whereas, At this meeting of certificate holders, duly convened and by resolution continued, certain amendments to the Trust Agreement of Dec. 15, 1858, have been adopted, whereby the organization of two distinct railway corporations is authorized for purposes therein declared, and in adjustment of the rights and interests of certificate holders; and

Whereas, Such purpose can now be beneficially accomplished by one of such contemplated corporations; therefore, it is hereby

Resolved and agreed, That said amendments, adopted as aforesaid, are hereby annulled and repealed in so far as they appertain or relate to the corporations so proposed to be organized, and in substitution therefor the following be adopted as amendatory of the fifteenth article of said Trust Agreement:

"When the Trustees shall have perfected their purchase of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, (Eastern Division,) or shall otherwise have become possessed of the same, they shall form or procure to be formed, a corporation under such laws of the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, or either thereof, as they shall deem advisable."

The capital of such corporation shall consist of 35,000 Preferred Shares, and 200,000 Common Shares, of the par value of $100 each.

The purposes and obligations of such corporations shall be and be made as follows:

To receive from the Trustees the property to be purchased as aforesaid, viz.: The Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, (Eastern Division,) and also all rights, properties and interests held by them in or relating to the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company, (the Western Division,) being the entire capital stock and shares of said Company, together with all bonds, claims or demands against said Company, held or belonging to the Trust.

To receive from the Trustees any and all other properties or things belonging to the Trust and properly deliverable on the final termination thereof.

To make and secure, without unnecessary delay, close traffic communication and rail connection with the narrow-gauge system of railroads, extending to or intersecting said Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, by a third and intermediate rail to be laid upon said road, and with the southwestern roads, by the construction of the Illinois Southern Railroad, or to secure such objects by some alternative arrangements which will yield equivalent benefits and revenue to said Company.

To maintain, operate and manage the properties so to be acquired or constructed, and any other which may thereafter be acquired, as an entirety, and conformably to the provisions and declarations of this amendment.

The capital stock of the corporation shall be used and disposed of as follows:

To the persons or parties who, upon a day to be determined by the Trustees, of which not less than thirty days' notice shall be published in one or more prominent newspapers in the City of New-York, shall be duly registered on the books of said Trustees as the owners of Trustees' Certificates, on the bases and conditions following, and on the surrender and cancelation of their several certificates, viz.: To the owners so registered, or their legal representatives, of Preferred Certificates, there shall be issued preferred stock of the corporation, full paid, for the amount of their Preferred Certificates, increased by an allowance of interest thereon, computed up to the first day of September next at and after the rate of one share of such preferred stock for every one hundred dollars of such certificates and interest surrendered by them respectively.

The preference of such preferred stock to be and constitute such stock a first claim upon the property of the corporation, after its indebtedness, and to entitle the owners thereof also to seven per cent. per annum, cumulative interest, payable semi-annually thereon; and whenever the net earnings of the corporation shall be in excess of the amount requisite to pay seven per cent. dividends per annum on the common stock, (all accrued interest on the preferred stock being paid,) such excess, when distributed, shall be divided equally per share on preferred and common stock alike.

And to such owners, in addition to such preferred stock, there shall be issued three shares of common stock, to be designated scrip stock, and declared to be paid up to the amount of sixty-five dollars each, for every seven hundred dollars of their preferred certificates and interest aforesaid.

To the owners, registered as aforesaid, or their legal representatives, of common or unpreferred certificates, common stock of the corporation, *full paid*, for the amount of their common certificates, at and after the rate of three such shares of stock for every five hundred dollars of such certificates surrendered by them respectively; and in addition thereto of one of such shares, to be designated scrip stock, and to be declared to be paid up to the amount of sixty dollars for every four hundred dollars of their such certificates so surrendered.

To parties entitled to fractional parts of a share of either class, there shall be issued a full share of same class, on the payment by such party in money of the fair current value of the complement.

All shares, both preferred and common, not issued as above provided, including all fractional parts of shares which any certificate holder may not take as aforesaid, to be held, used and disposed of for the benefit of the corporation and purposes hereinbefore declared, as its Directors may from time to time determine.

All scrip stock to be subject to the payment of future assessments up to par, whereupon they shall become full paid shares: non-payment of any such assessment to forfeit the stock, without other liability.

The corporation shall be restricted from creating and issuing any mortgage lien upon its property, which shall at any time make the aggregate amount of its issued and outstanding mortgage indebtedness exceed seventeen thousand five hundred dollars per mile, except by authority first to be had and obtained of two-thirds in interest of the owners of both the preferred and common full paid stock.

When the corporation is duly organized, the Trustees shall transfer and convey to it the entire property belonging to the Trust then held or controlled by them, in such manner and by such instruments in writing as counsel may advise; and they are hereby authorized to do any and all acts and things necessary to carry into effect the purposes and declarations of this amendment to the Trust Agreement, and to discharge any expenses or obligations made or incurred on account of this meeting, which they shall deem properly claimable, from the beneficiaries of the Trust.

The corporation, simultaneously with the transfer of the property as aforesaid, shall assume all the obligations and liabilities of the Trustees under or connected with the Trust Agreement, and their actions relating thereto, and shall protect and save said Trustees from all loss or harm on account thereof; and shall undertake the execution and obligations of this amendment in such form and manner as shall be satisfactory to said Trustees.

On the due transfer of the property as aforesaid to the new corporation, and upon proper measures being taken to secure to the certificate holders their respective shares of stock as aforesaid, and upon the aforesaid assumption of the liabilities and obligations as aforesaid, this Trust shall be and be taken to be fully discharged and terminated; and the Trustees shall thereupon be fully released forever from any claims, loss or damage therefrom, or in any manner relating thereto, by reason of any act or omission by them, or either of them, pertaining thereto.

CHICAGO CITY 7 PER CENT. BONDS.
20 years to run; interest payable January and July; for sale by TYLER, WRENN & CO., No. 18 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS
Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.
CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1867.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered '81	109	109¼	June, 7-30	105⅝	105⅞
Coupon, 1881	109	109¼	July, 7-30	105⅜	105⅝
5-20 Regist'd '62	107½	107¾	June, C.I.Nt's, '64	118	118
5-20 Coupon, '62	109	109¼	Aug.-C.I.Nt's, '64	117	117½
5-20 Coupon, '64	107¼	107½	Oct.-C.I.Nt's, '64	116¾	117
5-20 Coupon, '65	107¼	107½	Dec.-C.I.Nt's, '64	116	116
5-20 " new '65	107	107¼	May, C.I.Nt's, '65	114¾	115
10-40 Registered	97¼	97½	Aug.-C.I.Nt's, '65	112½	112¾
10-40 Coupon	97¼	97½	Sept. C.I.Nt's, '65	111½	111¾
Gold	133⅞	134	Oct.-C.I.Nt's, '65	110¾	111
August, 7-30	105	105¼			

We are exchanging NEW 5-20 BONDS for the FIRST SERIES of 7.30 TREASURY NOTES, allowing BANKS and BANKERS ⅛ OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION on all conversions, the difference of interest adjusted according to Government rule.
The SECOND and THIRD SERIES bought at market rates.
VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 WALL-ST.

A. L. MOWRY,
BANKER AND BROKER,
NO. 5 NEW-ST., NEW-YORK,
Buys and sells GOLD STOCKS, BONDS and GOVERNMENT SECURITIES exclusively on commission.

NO. 18 WALL-STREET.
TYLER, WRENN & CO.,
BANKERS.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BANKERS' ACCOUNTS FAVORABLY RECEIVED.
ORDERS FOR
THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
TYLER, ULLMANN & CO., CHICAGO.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,
BANKERS,
NO. 14 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Of all issues, and execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.
ESTABLISHED 16 YEARS.
Insurance, City Railroad, Gaslight, Bank, Telegraph, Express, Manufacturing and Mining Stocks: also, City, County, State and Government Securities, receive special attention, and some on hand for sale, paying from 10 to 20 per cent. dividends, at low rates for investments.

APRIL DIVIDEND OF THE ROMAN LOAN.
OFFICE OF THE ROMAN LOAN,
AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., NO. 11 NASSAU-ST., CORNER PINE.
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1867.
The coupon of interest of this loan, due on the 1st of April, 1867, will be paid as follows:
New-York, at the Banking-house of Duncan, Sherman & Co.
Philadelphia, at the Banking-house of Drexel & Co.
Baltimore, at the Banking-house of L. J. Tormey & Co.
New-Orleans, at the Banking-house of Southern Bank.
St. Louis, at the Banking-house of Tesson, Son & Co.
Louisville, at the Banking-house of Tucker & Co.
Cincinnati, at the Banking-house of Gilmore, Dunlap & Co.
Cincinnati, at the Banking-house of Hermann Garaghty & Co.
Boston, by Patrick Donahoe, Esq.
Providence, R. I., by Geo. A. Leete, Esq.
Montreal, Canada, Montreal Bank.
Quebec, Canada, Montreal Bank.
Havana, Cuba, J. C. Burnham Co.
Lima, Peru, Alsop & Co.
Where there are no agents the holders of bonds can forward their coupons to this office, the proceeds of which will be remitted by return mail.
ROBERT MURPHY, Agent.

BELLEFONTAINE LINE.
Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula,
Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton,
Watertown City, Wisconsin,
Fulton County, Illinois,
Henderson County, Illinois,
Stocks and Bonds wanted by
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph, Express and Miscellaneous Securities.

TRAVELERS' CREDITS.
LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR THE USE OF TRAVELERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST,
ISSUED FOR
Messrs. J. S. MORGAN & CO., London,
BY
DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.,
No. 72 Broadway,
Issue Bills of Exchange on London, Paris, and the principal cities of
GERMANY, SWITZERLAND AND ITALY.
Also, letters of introduction to their correspondents in Europe.

OFFICE OF THE SAGINAW VALLEY LAND, SALT AND MINERAL COMPANY, No. 10 Wall-st., Room No. 43.
AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Trustees of this Company, the following resolution was passed: *Resolved*, That the transfer-books be closed on the 1st day of April next, for the purpose of making a division of the lands and assets among its stockholders, under the provision of the Act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, chapter 601, passed April 16, 1866. All stockholders are requested to state to the Secretary the number of shares they now own and have them properly transferred. Transfers made from 12 to 2 P. M. By order of the Board.
JOHN C. MALLORY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 4, 1867.
CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot 19 bonds, numbered as follows: 294, 583, 62, 430, 42, 570, 81, 244, 443, 234, 24, 78, 158, 524, 144, 207, 568, 80 and 258, of $1,000 each, for redemption.
According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1867.
The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest, so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.
S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.
L. H. MEYER, No. 48 Exchange-place.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 19 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, March 18, 1867.
SINKING FUND BONDS OF THIS COMPANY this day drawn for payment on the 1st day of April next, viz.: Nos. 18, 55, 128, 273, 292, 338, 377, 446, 524, 551, 583, 671, 701, 709, 785, 796, 858, 911, 933, 953, and all $20,000 bonds.
EDWIN C. LITCHFIELD,
SOLON HUMPHREYS,
ISAAC H. KNOX,
Trustees.

OFFICE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK March 18, 1867.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. and the United States tax on the same has been declared payable on the 10th day of April next to the shareholders of this Company or their legal representatives, who shall be registered as such at the closing of the transfer books. The transfer books will be closed on the 30th day of March, instant, and opened on the 11th day of April, proximo.
FRANCIS H. TOWS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY CO., PITTSBURGH, Feb. 21, 1867.
THE ANNUAL MEETING FOR THE election of Board of Directors, for the ensuing year, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of March, 1867, at 12 o'clock. The Stock and Bond Transfer Books will be closed on March 2, at 2 P. M., and reopen 21st.
F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, Ill., March 6, 1867.
NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stock and bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, April 1, 1867. The transfer-books will close on the 20th inst., and reopen on the 2d of April next.
W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, TONTINE BUILDINGS, NO. 88 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 16, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., Tontine Buildings, on MONDAY, the 1st of April next. The polls will open at 12 o'clock M., and continue open until 2 P. M.
JOSEPH F. JOY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO R. R. CO., CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 20, 1867.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT this Company will pay at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 84 Broadway, New-York, the bonds of the Junction Railroad Company, maturing 1st April, 1867, and the accrued interest thereon; that interest on said bonds will cease on and after said date.
WM. F. STAUNTON, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 98 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 19, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF SIXTEEN Directors of this Company, constituting the first class, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 2d of April, prox., from 12 to 1 P. M.
W. A. V. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Feb. 27, 1867.
PAST DUE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds of the New-Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company exchanged for Second Series Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds of said road, on application at our office.
DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Swift Farm Petroleum and Mining Company will be held at No. 195 West-st., on TUESDAY, April 2, 1867, from 12 to 1 o'clock, for the election of seven Trustees for the ensuing year. By order of
A. A. GADDIS, President.

OFFICE OF MANHATTAN INSURANCE CO., No. 68 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 14, 1867.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office, on MONDAY, the 25th instant. The poll will be opened from 12 o'clock M. until 1 o'clock P. M. By order
GEO. B. HODGSDON, Secretary.

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.—JOHN ARTHUR & CO., No. 10 Rue Castiglione, agents to the British and American Embassies, established 38 years, undertake to represent exhibitors, bank and exchange house and estate agents, commission, transit agents and wine merchants. Every information gratis.

FINANCIAL

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF FIRST DIVISION
Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad Company of Minnesota.
7 PER CENT., FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

The subscribers offer for sale a limited amount of the First Mortgage Bonds of the above road, at the very low price of 80c. upon the dollar; their bonds are but $10,000 per mile, (being less than the cost of the iron,) and are a mortgage upon the road and its equipments. The Company have a land grant of 6,400 acres per mile, among the choicest farming land of the State.

TURNER BROTHERS, Bankers,
COR. NASSAU AND PINE-STS.,
Opposite United States Treasury, New-York.

ST. PAUL CITY BONDS, TWENTY YEARS to run; interest seven per cent., payable January and July, in New-York; for sale in small investment lots, by
STOUT, THAYER & CO.,
No. 38 Broad-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 283 BOWERY.
Six per cent. interest (free from Government tax) allowed on sums of $5 to $5,000.
Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

REMOVAL.
THE UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK
Have removed to their
NEW BANKING HOUSE,
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st.
Now is the best time to deposit your money. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST on sums of $5 to $5,000 from April 1. The Bank will be open for the inspection of visitors on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week.
ASSETS, $3,116,424 26.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
G. S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK.
Money deposited on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON SUMS FROM $5 TO $5,000.
HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 96 Warren-st.
Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Sec'y.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 10 Cooper Institute, 3d-av.
SIX PER CENT. interest paid (free of Government tax) on all sums from $1 to $5,000.
Deposits made now will draw interest from April 1.
ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
W. J. BARNES, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
Southwest corner of Bowery and Canal-st.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
INTEREST COMMENCES APRIL 1.

THIRD-AV. SAVINGS BANK,
3d-av., corner 26th-st.
Six per cent. paid on all sums from $1 to $5,000 free from Government tax.
Deposits now draw from April 1.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 34th-st. and 8th-av.
Deposits made on or before the 1st of April will draw interest from that date. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed, free of tax. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock. JOHN HOOPER, President. FREDERICK L. VULTE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE CO., No. 50 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 11, 1867.
SIXTY-EIGHTH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, payable on demand.
SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.

DRY GOODS

SPECIAL SALE OF
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

MESSRS. WHITE, WHITMAN & CO.,
NOS. 234 AND 236 BROADWAY,
Having sold at auction their entire stock of damaged clothing by the late fire, as well as all undesirable stock, now offer
FOR CASH, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
UNTIL APRIL 1,
OUR RESERVED STOCK
OF
FINE CHOICE CLOTHING,
Manufactured for first-class retail and jobbing trade, at
ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES.
NOS. 234 AND 236 BROADWAY, THIRD FLOOR.
P. S.—In our Custom Department we have a new and splendid line of piece goods, of our own importation, for the Spring trade.

LINENS A SPECIALTY.
MILLIKEN & CO.,
NO. 748 BROADWAY,
offer at low prices a large and complete assortment of
IRISH LINENS OF THE BEST BRANDS.
BED AND TABLE LINEN
of the best Irish, Scotch and Barnsley makes, together with a complete assortment of
TOWELS, DIAPERS, L. C. HANDKERCHIEFS,
and everything else in the Linen line, to which they invite the attention of housekeepers and others in want of such goods.

3,500 YARDS EMBROIDERED AND machine edging and insertion, new fresh patterns, just opened, at half the usual prices.
BENNETT WILLIAMS, No. 477 Broadway.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
No. 477 Broadway.
In order to make room for Spring Goods, and to close up the affairs of the old firm, the whole stock, in all about $50,000 worth of the finest
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
will be offered for this month at prices that will command an
IMMEDIATE SALE.
BENNETT WILLIAMS.

BUY YOUR WINDOW SHADES
OF THE
MANUFACTURER.
Factory and Salesroom
Nos. 444 and 446 Pearl-st.
JAY C. WEMPLE & CO.

TO FAMILIES VISITING THE PARIS EXPOSITION.
CACHMIRES AND LACES,
COMPAGNIE DES INDIS,
80 RUE RICHELIEU, 80.
Messrs. VERDE DELISLE, the proprietors, respectfully desire to inform the American ladies who visit the French capital, that they will find at their establishment the largest and richest assortment of CACHMIRES AND LACES in the world, at prices that will sustain any and every comparison. The fabriques of the Company, placed as they are in every lace district of France and Belgium, and in all of the shawl districts of India, enable them to sell at the price of manufactures instead of merchants, as well as to produce designs EXCLUSIVELY THEIR OWN. English is CURRENTLY SPOKEN IN THE ESTABLISHMENT.
N. B.—The proprietors pay no commissions to any parties to bring custom to the house.

KID GLOVES REDUCED IN PRICE. $1 50 for the best, $1 25 for the seconds; every pair warranted. Also, fabric gloves at low prices. N. B.—Paris flowers, wreaths, &c., just received; new styles. W. J. ELGER, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

BLACK THREAD LACES, VAILS, COIFFEURS and barbes. Point, cluny and point applique laces at remarkably low prices.
BENNETT WILLIAMS, No. 477 Broadway.

UNDERGARMENTS, NIGHT DRESSES, chemises, drawers, slips, baptismal robes, waists, &c., &c., all reduced to cost price.
BENNETT WILLIAMS, No. 477 Broadway.

LINENS, TABLE-CLOTHS, NAPKINS, Towelings, Hdkfs., Muslins, Blankets, Quilts, &c., at retail, low. GRAHAM'S Linen Warehouse, Clinton Hall, Astor-place, bet. Broadway and Cooper Institute.

2,500 YARDS REAL VALENCIENNES edgings, laces and insertions at less than gold prices. BENNETT WILLIAMS, No. 447 Broadway.

MACHINERY.

TO STEAMBOAT OWNERS.
"LOCK-UP SAFETY VALVES."
The undersigned would call attention to PAIGE'S "PATENT LOCK-UP SAFETY VALVE," now extensively applied to the boilers of steamers as a compliance with law.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED.
CHARLES W. COPELAND, SOLE AGENT.
NO. 171 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,
Combining the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address
J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
Lawrence, Mass.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS.
The best and most complete in use.
Circulars sent on application.
WOOD & MANN STEAM-ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y.,
and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York

CITY REAL ESTATE.

TO MANUFACTURERS, HOTEL PROPRIETORS AND CAPITALISTS—VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A substantial, well-built six-story brick building on Cherry-st., near Catharine Ferry, only two blocks from East River, admirably adapted for manufacturing, hotel or tenement purposes. The plot is 50x175, main building 50x50, and six-story brick extension 25x165. The buildings are in good order, and capable of being altered for any purpose. For full particulars apply to JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE—Near Chatham-square, consisting of a six-story brick building, basement and sub-cellar, containing shafting, belting, patent steam elevator, and heated throughout with steam; size of factory 42.8 front; 47.8 rear; 78 deep. Also a one-story brick building, tin roof, (adjoining) containing engine, two boilers and shaving room in basement, 24.11 front; 67.7 deep, and a four-story brick building in rear of engine building, 24.9 front; 27 deep; whole front on Pell-st., 73.7, Nos. 20, 22 and 24 Pell-st., New-York. Title indisputable.

FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE HOUSE FOR SALE—Beautifully located at No. 271 Lexington-av., near 38th-st.; has all modern improvements; finished in black walnut and rosewood, and elaborately frescoed throughout in encaustic; the furniture can be had if desired. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 82 Broadway, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TO A PRIVATE family only, the large furnished house, with stable, carriage-house, port cochere, green-house, &c.; over four full lots on Stuyvesant-square, corner 17th-st. and Livingston-place. Apply to C. J. FOLSOM, No. 85 St. Marks-place.

A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.—No. 83 East 60th-st., north side, near Lexington-av. If sold before the 20th inst. will be had cheap. Inquire of owner on the premises. Also, three first-class tenement houses will be sold for $25,000: Inquire of WM. MAGILL, No. 83 East 60th-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—LOTS ON NORTH-east corner 3d-av. and East 72d-st., having a frontage of 76 feet 8 inches on 3d-av. and 235 feet on 72d-st.; this is one of the finest properties on the island; 72d-st. is 100 feet wide. Inquire in the office at No. 127 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

VALUABLE VACANT LOTS FOR SALE—On 90th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., corner Lexington-av.; 90th is one of the streets which have a park entrance; property in this locality is improving very rapidly. Price $2,500 each. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A FIRST-class four-story brown-stone house, on the south side of 25th-st., between Madison-square and 4th-av.; house is full size, in perfect order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown stone house, No. 86 West 49th-st.; 26x52; lot half the block; will be completed and possession given on 15th of April; price $32,000. Inquire of the owner, J. C. SARES, No. 84, next door.

A NICE SMALL BROWN-STONE HIGH-stoop house for sale, No. 82 East 27th-st; four-story and basement; all improvements and in good order; nearly new; first house west of Lexington-av. Apply to JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME BROWN-STONE front house in Perry-st., now being finished, situated on south side of Perry-st., fourth house west of 4th-st. Inquire in office at No. 127 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

FOR SALE—THREE CENTRAL PARK LOTS, 25.2x100, New-York, west side, between 96th and 97th sts; price $6,000; terms easy. Apply to or address No. 337 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. JOHN BRAINERD.

MURRAY HILL, BETWEEN FIFTH AND Madison avs., first-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, for sale very cheap, with or without the furniture. W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A NICE FOUR-STORY HOUSE IN West 25th-st.; has all modern improvements; well built; price $12,000.
F. F. BORRELL, No. 64 Broadway. Room No. 29.

EAST RIVER BULK-HEAD FOR SALE, near the Pike-st. pier, formerly occupied by the seaman's floating chapel. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BOULEVARD LOTS FOR SALE.—110 LOTS on 115th, 116th, 117th and 118th sts., Broadway, and front on Hudson River, including water right. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUILDING LOTS SITUate in 12th Ward of this City; also, one lot on 42d-st., near 42d-st. Ferry. Apply to J. E. HEALTH, No. 12½ Chambers-st., from 12 to 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE—ON UNION-SQUARE, A SPLENdid corner property. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON 5TH AND MADISON avs. and on 73d and 74th sts. Apply to JAMES S. HUGGINS, No. 60 William-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, PRICE $10,500, one of the most complete and comfortable houses in the city, and in perfect order; brick, 2½ stories front, full 3 stories in rear, basement and sub-cellar; range, heater, stationary tubs, bath-room, sewer, two water-closets, shutters inside and out, walls painted or papered, weather strips; 11 rooms, grape-arbor, vines, &c.; lot 20 feet 10 inches by 100 feet; location excellent, and within 25 minutes' walk of ferries; possession April 15, or sooner. For permits call on S. W. TUBBS, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house to a party that will board the lady and her son, four years of age, reserving the front second-story room, which she will furnish, situated at No. 192 Clermont-av., Brooklyn; has all the modern improvements and in complete order. For terms apply to Mrs. PORTER, corner De Kalb-place and Bushwick-av., terminus of the De Kalb-av. cars, or WM. PORTER, No. 271 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS—Nine valuable building lots, each 20x100, on Vanderbilt-av., east side, near Park-av., Brooklyn, will be sold at private sale: or if not sold prior to March 27th inst., at auction at 12 M. of that day, by JACOB COLE, at No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Apply between the hours of 1 and 5 P. M. to P. W. OSTRANDER, No. 25 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—ONE OF THE elegant block of brown-stone front houses, three-story, basement and cellar, southeast corner Willoughby and Carlton avs.; House 21.6 by 45 feet; lot 100; all modern improvements; convenient to De Kalb and Myrtle avs. car routes; price $15,500; part on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises, to THOMAS FAGAN.

FOR SALE—BROOKLYN—A FIRST-CLASS brown-stone house, near Dr. Cuyler's church, on Carroll Park on Cheever-place; also, two-story house: $3,500, $2,800; several others. Apply at No. 337 Fulton-st. JOHN BRAINERD.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BROWN-STONE house, completely furnished, on 2d-place, Brooklyn, for one year from April 20. Inquire at No. 15 Platt-st., New-York.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—$1,500; NICE cottage; lease of 33 lots of fine garden ground; possession April 1; rare chance. Apply to JOHN BRAINERD, No. 337 Fulton-st.

A RARE CHANCE.—PROSPECT PARK LOTS on 8th-av., Brooklyn, at auction, WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 M. JAS. COLE & SON, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD AND ELEGANT ROOMS ON Madison-av. for a family requiring one or two spacious rooms, furnished or unfurnished, can be had by a party of high standing requiring a permanent home; private table. Address, with real name, Box No. 73 Station G.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—WITH A room and bedroom, for three grown persons, lady and sons, within thirty miles of New-York City; good table required; will remain all Summer if suited. Address, stating terms and location, J. H. B., Box No. 3,838 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—BY A CLERGYMAN, A ROOM FOR a study, with partial board, situated between 2d and 5th avs., and not too far from 50th-st. Address, by mail, P. E. C., Station G Post-office.

WANTED—A SUITE OF ROOMS BY A GENtleman and wife in a strictly private family. Address, stating location, HOME, Box No. 3,467. References exchanged.

BOARDING—PARLOR AND BEDROOM, front, suitable for gentleman and wife, or physician. Apply at No. 34 West 29th-st.

BOARD WANTED FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and two children. Address, stating terms and particulars, Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED—ANY PART OF TWO FLOORS; hall rooms $2 50 per week; clean and quiet. No. 33 Macdougal-st.

HOTELS.

HOWARD HOTEL, NEW-YORK CITY, MARCH 15, 1867.—The price of board reduced from $4 to $3 50 per day.

MILLINERY.

SALE EXTRAORDINARY OF MILLINERY silks and velvets, ribbons, blondes, laces, insertions, ostrich and other feathers, fancy and feather trimmings, ibis and pheasant breasts and birds of paradise, French flowers, straw, jet, silver and gilt ornaments, lace, net, silk, cotton and worsted misses' and infants' hose, ornamental buttons, cloak trimmings and fastenings, sewing silk, embroidery silk and silk machine twist, superbly trimmed ladies' and misses' Paris hats, in straw, leghorn, velvet, silk and felt; also, similar hats and bonnets untrimmed; boys' hats and caps in felt, velvet and straw, trimmed and untrimmed, in great variety.

Straw goods manufacturers and milliners will find the most superb quality of English and Italian braids, in small lots to suit, and several cases, similarly divided, of choice English straw hats, in superb order, never having been disturbed, and which may, if requiring it, be readily altered to any other fashionable style, and they, like all other articles, are marked at from one-third to one-fourth of importation cost.

Retiring from the business, I will sell the whole of my stock as partly enumerated above, in convenient lots which will suit the public as well as the trade, and both are invited. Prices are put as low as would be accepted at auction. If not reaching the limits here marked, they would be withdrawn. Each number has its fixed price.

To this novel sale of more than 2,000 lots purchasers are respectfully invited from this date.

Hours of sale from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily until the whole stock is disposed of.

THOMAS REYNOLDS,
No. 747 Broadway, first floor, up-stairs.

N. B.—The entire floor forming one of the most elegant and eligible places for business in the City, to be let and appropriate fixtures for sale, exactly suited to a millinery, fancy notion, importer and jobber, or first-class clothier and tailor.

MME. DEMOREST'S SECOND GRAND Spring opening of PATTERNS, THURSDAY, March 21. No. 473 Broadway will present our complete display of new and elegant designs and many rare novelties, for ladies' and children's dress.

MRS. NEWBERRY'S PARIS MILLINERY and Dressmaking Establishment; also ladies and children's underclothing made to order. No. 927 Broadway, first floor.

E. MATHERS & CO., NO. 891 BROADWAY, will have their opening of a choice selection of imported bonnets and English round hats on WEDNESDAY, March 20. No. 891 Broadway, corner 19th-st.

MME. BOLLINGS, NO. 318 CANAL-ST., will open WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY her splendid assortment of spring bonnets and hats.

PERSONAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES TO BE informed of the whereabouts of Mrs. SEYMOUR F. PHELPS. I have some valuable papers belonging to her, which were left in my care by Mr. Seymour F. Phelps, which she can have by addressing
MARY ANN LONG, Troy, N. Y.

MR. McC. IS VERY ANXIOUS TO SEE J. C. Rowell.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE,
A FINE FRUIT FARM.
A MOST ATTRACTIVE LOCATION.
TWO HOURS FROM NEW-YORK, ON CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
75 acres of improved land, dwelling, 1,200 fruit trees, carriage-house, barn, ice-house entirely new; grounds well laid out: 10 acres of lawn. This place is very desirable as a Summer residence, and will make a choice investment, as it will be sold a bargain.
A. C. DUNHAM, No. 162 Broadway.

FOR SALE.
The mansion house, and grounds adjoining, late the residence of Calvin G. Williams, deceased, in Stonington, Conn. The house is 38x45 feet, with an L, two full stories, in good order, and remarkably well built, with barns and other outbuildings, a good fruit garden, well inclosed, and about twelve acres of land adjoining. It is pleasantly situated in sight of the village depot, where four trains for New-York and Boston via Shore Line Railroad stop daily. The property will be sold very low. For terms, &c., apply to
HENRY P. HAVEN,
Administrator,
New-London, Conn.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
REAL ESTATE AGENCY!
Houses and lots, farms, country seats, &c., at all points on the line of this road.
A. C. DUNHAM, Jr., Agent, No. 162 Broadway.

BAY LAWN, COMMANDING THE FINEST views of Long Island Sound, Little Neck Bay and surrounding country. Mansion house, 50 feet square with 12-foot piazza surrounding, 20 rooms completely furnished, spacious garden and grounds, large and small fruits in abundance, stable and outhouses, within half a mile of the Bay Side Station, on the North Shore Railroad, trains connecting four times daily with New-York in 40 minutes, via Hunter's Point and James' slip Ferries, to be rented, with immediate possession, for the Summer season or for a term of three or five years. Apply to WM. E. LAWRENCE, No. 110 Water-st., New-York; E. A. LAWRENCE, No. 32 Pine-st., New-York; or to Mrs. A. H. MICKLE, Bay Side Cottage, L. I.

TO BE SOLD OR LET—ON CASTLETON Heights, Staten Island, an elegant furnished residence, consisting of a three-story and basement brick villa, with ice-house, (filled,) stable, coachman's house, &c., together with three or four acres of land, well supplied with carefully selected fruit trees of all kinds. The villa was built by day labor, and contains twenty-two rooms, with billiard table and all the modern conveniences. The location and scenery combine to make this a most desirable property. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST RESIDENCE IN Saratoga Springs, now occupied by Mrs. J. Wayland.
ALSO,
At Saratoga Springs, a fine brick house, corner of North Broadway and Greenfield-av.; also, another brick house, near the above, on Greenfield-av.
ALSO,
A farm of 120 acres, near Amsterdam, in Broadalbin, N. Y. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT AT INWOOD, on the Hudson; one hour's drive from the City, half hour by Hudson River cars; with four acres, barn, stable, ice-house, hennery, bath and boat house; splendid view of the river; large fruit and vegetable garden; gas and water through house, and stable suitable for both Summer and Winter; residence only two minutes' walk from depot; one-half can remain on bond and mortgage. Address Box No. 2,080 City Post-office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—Located at North Englewood, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, one hour from New-York, ten minutes from depot; first story, parlor, dining and sitting rooms, kitchen, store-room, laundry and patries; second story, seven bedrooms, bathroom and water-closet; attic story, three bedrooms; carriage-house, stable and sheds, hydrant in garden and carriage-house, fountain in front, double piazza, good supply of young fruit.
M. FLANNELLY.

FARM FOR SALE IN CLOSTER, BERGEN CO., N. J., on Northern Railroad, one mile from depot, one hour from foot of Cortlandt-st.; 90 acres; 10 acres in wood, 12 acres seeded in rye, the rest under high cultivation; good house, and all outbuildings, with or without stock. One of the best homes in Bergen County. Possession April 1. Price $200 per acre. Inquire on premises of JOHN S. RANDALL, or of his son "RANDALL," shirt manufacturer, No. 522 8th-av., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT EAST ORANGE, N. J., a gentlemen's residence, furnished, with from two to seven acres, as required. House contains 13 rooms, with modern conveniences, within four minutes' walk of M. & E. R. R. station. Inquire of Dr. GEO. PECK, on the premises, cor. of Main-st. and Maple-av., or of CYRUS PECK, Continental Ins. Co., 102 Broadway, N. Y. Also, eligible building lots and sites for sale in East Orange and Roseville. No money required if improved.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT FLUSHING, L. I.—A delightful country residence on Jamaica-av., within ten minutes' walk of the depot; about four acres of land well laid out, with fine shade trees, large vegetable garden, &c.; good stable, carriage-house, hennery, &c.; house built in the most substantial manner, and supplied with water and gas. Apply on the premises to Mrs. R. C. TOWNSEND, or to J. L. McKEEVER, No. 69 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT FORDHAM, WESTCHESTER County, a first-class country place, containing six acres of land, large mansion, with all necessary outbuildings, garden, with a great variety of fruits and flowers, besides a large collection of greenhouse plants, among the finest in the country; situated three miles north of Central Park, opposite the residence of Lewis G. Morris, Esq. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT TARRYtown, on the Hudson River, a large and elegantly finished house, with one acre of ground. The house is heated by steam; has gas, hot and cold water through the house, and is in every respect a first-class dwelling, beautifully situated, commanding a full view of the river and surrounding country. For further information apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

AT SARATOGA SPRINGS.—LARGE BRICK house for sale, well situated, with two springs on place, and nearly two acres of ground; never used except for private residence, but suitable for boarding-house or club of gentlemen; in good repair; possession given immediately. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A CHEAP FARM ON LONG ISLAND, 37 miles from the City, containing 145 acres, well adapted for dairy purposes; fruit of all kinds; about 80 acres under cultivation; three miles from railroad; pleasant neighborhood; soil gravel loam; heavy chestnut, oak and hickory timber. Inquire of
S. CANTRELL, No. 813 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT PEEKSKILL, ON THE HUDson, a genteel, recently built cottage residence of ten rooms; gas and water in the house; large lot; best location in the village; fine view of Hudson River; less than five minutes from depot. For particulars apply to S. R. KNAPP, Esq., Peekskill, or address Lock-box No. 37 B, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED OR not, a modern built brick house of 18 rooms, with from 5 to 58 acres of ground and convenient outbuildings, immediately on the Hudson, near Hastings. For further particulars apply to GILMAN DUDLEY, on the premises.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—A VERY superior residence with fine grounds and stables for sale, within two miles of Harlem Bridge, and 2½ from the Park, by the new Boulevard. Neighborhood first class.
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE—SITUATED NEAR THE depot, one hour and 26 minutes from New-York, at $83 per acre, fine land, first-class neighborhood. For particulars, inquire of J. H. K. BLAUVELT, No. 68 Wall-st., Room No. 4, rear stairway, between 8 and 10 o'clock A. M.

BOILING SPRING, N. J.—A NEW COUNtry house for sale, 11 rooms; 32 City lots; Erie Railway, 40 minutes from City; $12,000; very desirable and convenient. Views, plans and full description mailed to all applicants.
GEO. E. WOODWARD, No. 37 Park-row, N. Y.

A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, with fifty acres excellent land; three miles north of New-Haven; commanding fine views; quantities of choice fruit and berries; modern built house; beautifully shaded lawn; farm-house, barns, carriage-house, &c., in complete order. Apply at Earle's Hotel, N. Y.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE AT Peekskill, on the Hudson, commanding a fine view of the river and Highlands; house has all the modern conveniences, suitable outbuildings; about 36 acres of land. Apply to M. C. HUSSEY, on the premises, or DERRICKSON & BARTLETT, No. 30 Beekman-st.

SCOTCH PLAINS, NEW-JERSEY.—A handsome country residence and five or more acres of land for sale, near the depot. House is large and in fine order. Good fruit and shade. Photographs and particulars at
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT OF 10 ACRES within 45 minutes of City; brick house, barn and all necessary outbuildings; house has twenty rooms, gas, bath, hot and cold water; on Passaic River, opposite Newark, N. J. Apply to GEO. W. PLATT, No. 20 Maiden-lane.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.: Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE AND pleasantly-located place within an hour's ride of the City. House contains ten rooms and grounds well laid out with choice fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery. For further particulars apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 75 Liberty-st., New-York.

A COTTAGE IN MOUNT VERNON, Westchester County, (New-Haven Railroad;) price $3,500; garden, ¼ of an acre; abundance of fruit; forty-five minutes from 27th-st., New-York.
PERRIS & BROWNE, No. 172 Fulton-st.

FARM FOR SALE.—A HANDSOME FARM of 72 acres, with plain farm buildings, fine views and choice fruit; soil, fences, timber and water unexceptionable. Location near Peekskill.
C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE AT NEW-ROCHELLE—A good house, about two acres in garden and fruit, on high ground, near the depot, for $7,500; $5,000 on mortgage; immediate possession. Apply to JOHN O. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st., Room No. 8.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE OF THE MOST DEsirable locations in Mount Vernon, N. Y.; house in good order; plenty of fruit, garden and shade. Price $3,000. Apply to C. H. MARTYN, No. 34 Liberty-st., Room No. 20.

FOR SALE, EXCHANGE OR TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished, the finest country residence within ten miles of this City; 20 acres; improvements, gas, hot and cold water baths, &c. Apply at No. 242 South-st.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—HOUSE CONTAINING ten rooms, and five acres of choice land, with an abundance of apples, pears, &c.; pleasant location; price $7,800. Address X., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

FARMS ON NORTHERN, CENTRAL AND Morris and Essex Railroads of New-Jersey for sale. Also, valuable Newark City property. DAY, FERDON & CO., No. 191 Broadway, Room No. 4.

FOR SALE—AT NYACK, N. Y., A NEAT TWO-story house of eight rooms, gas throughout, in perfect order; price $6,000. Apply to A. B. HUTCHINGS, No. 38 John-st.

A TASTY COTTAGE DWELLING FOR sale near South Orange; price $4,000. JOHN W. SHEDDEN, No. 363 Bowery, corner of 4th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A VERY HANDSOME TEAM OF ponies, with double harness complete; horses about 15 hands high, sound and kind and fast travelers; price for both $650; must be sold immediately; they are worth $1,000. Can be seen by applying to No. 418 3d-av.

ALL PARTIES WISHING TO BUY OR desirous to sell horses, carriages, wagons or anything pertaining to the horse business, should apply to MINER & SOMERVILLE, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

TO LET.

TO LET—STORES NOS. 10 BROADWAY, 30 Water, 38 Front, 189 South, 34 Warren, (lower part,) and 164 Greenwich-st., (whole building.) Desirable offices in Nos. 68 Broadway, 60 and 62 Wall-st., 4 Hanover, and No. 11 Lafayette-place, corner of 4th-st., with entrance on Broadway. Lots Nos. 56 Washington and 32 West sts.; stables Nos. 29 East 12th-st. and 14½ Pearl-st. Apply to WM. CRUIKSHANK & CO., No. 55 Broadway.

TO LEASE—THE NEW BUILDINGS NOW BEing completed on the four lots on the southeast corner of Houston and Greene sts., 100x100. Parties desirous of locating on this great line of improvement will please examine the buildings and call upon me immediately in relation to renting the same. Steam will be introduced if required. Apply to H. J. HOWARD, No. 54 Greene-st.

TO LEASE—A GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE—The most stylish establishment west of Central Park; elegant new double house, 40 feet front, finished in hard woods; all improvements; first-class French roof; brick carriage-house and 18 lots of ground lying on Broadway, 108th and 109th sts. Address Box No. 4,474 New-York Post-office.

A COUNTRY PLACE TO LET—ON THE south side of Long Island, 60 miles from the City by railroad; the house is large and convenient, beautifully situated near the water, and will be rented furnished or unfurnished at a very low rent; outbuildings, including ice-house, in good condition. For full particulars apply to J. G. FLOYD, Jr., No. 60 William-st., second floor.

TO LET—COUNTRY RESIDENCE ON THE East River, between 63d and 68th sts. Two adjacent country houses, (each with garden, barn, ice-house, &c.,) fronting on the East River, with about fifteen acres of ground attached, and a river front of about 1,000 feet. Possession May 1. Apply to WM. CRUIKSHANK & CO., No. 55 Broadway.

TO LET.—FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 51 EAST 34th-st., between Park and Madison avs.; the house is full size, first-class, in thorough repair, partially furnished; will be rented to a good tenant from May till November, at a moderate rent. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON & CO., No. 29 Park-place.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIdence, furnished, one hour from New-York by New-Haven Railroad, ten minutes' walk from Mamaroneck Station; fronts on Long Island Sound; possession 1st of April. Apply to D. W. C. VAN TUYL, No. 268 Cherry-st., New-York.

TO LET AT ORANGE, N. J.—A HOUSE containing 14 rooms, pleasantly located, and within three minutes' walk of the Brick Church Station; ten trains each way daily. For further particulars apply to A. A. JAMES, with Sutton, Bonne & Blodget, No. 25 Liberty-st., New-York.

TO LET—IN UNION, NEAR CLINTON-ST., South Brooklyn, a handsome three-story and basement house to a private family at $100 per month; board for wife and owner included. Call or address O. CHURCH, No. 585 Broadway, upstairs.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front high-stoop sub-cellar, with furnace; has all the modern improvements; rent $1,700. Can be seen Wednesday, 20th, from 12 to 6 o'clock, at No. 451 West 47th-st., second house east of 10th-av.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR AT Rye, on Long Island Sound, furnished, the elegant country residence of John C. Fay (now in Europe) to a private family only; rent $2,500. FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Counselor, &c., No. 26 Broad-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET, A MODERN TWO-story house, on Main-st., near Brick Church Station; 12 rooms, bath, water-closet, range, furnace and gas; small stable; lot 60x250; possession 1st April; rent $1,000. Address Box No. 299 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house in the City of Newark, N. J., with all the modern improvements; eligibly situated and convenient to the different depots; new and in first-rate order; rent $1,300. Inquire at No. 20 Park-place, New-York.

HOUSE TO LET ON THE HUDSON, ONE hour's ride from New-York; 11 rooms; spring water in the house, and good stable, coach-house and hennery. Apply to GILMAN DUDLEY, Hastings upon Hudson, N. Y.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR SIX OR TWELVE months, the brown-stone front house No. 108 West Warren-st., between Court and Clinton-sts.; rent $200 a month. Inquire on the premises, or of WM. PATE, No. 60 Fulton-st., New-York.

WATER FRONT ON EAST RIVER—TO lease, the block of ground foot of Madison-st., Greenpoint, Brooklyn, with bulkhead complete, formerly occupied for shipyard; water deep enough for largest vessels. Apply to JOHN T. WILLIAMS, 72 Wall-st.

HOUSE AND STABLE ON MADISON-SQUARE TO LET, FURNISHED—On 24th-st.; an elegant four-story brown-stone house, with stable on an adjoining street; rent $800 per month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—ON 5TH-AV., NEAR 30TH-ST., FIRST-class and beautifully furnished house; others on 12th, 15th, 22d, 24th, 34th, 36th, 37th, 38th and 41st sts., $150 to $750 per month.
W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, OR to lease for business purposes, the house No. 18 East 14th st., between 5th-av. and Union-square. Apply for permit to F. BLANCHET, No. 294 6th-av., before 10 A. M. or after 4 P. M.

TO LET—COUNTRY SEAT, FURNISHED. "Cragdon," East Chester, with garden, stabling, extensive lawns, &c. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, handsomely furnished throughout. For particulars apply to the owner, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., at No. 160 Fulton-st., Room No. 10.

TO LET—A COUNTRY PLACE OF 14 ACRES at Riverdale, pleasantly situated on the banks of the river; also, for sale or to rent, a house, stable and ¾ acre on Broadway, Yonkers. Apply to S. W. LUDLOW Jr., Yonkers.

TO LET FURNISHED—ON 5TH-AV., A SUperbly furnished house with extension and stable, for two or three years: rent $1,600 per month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—A FOUR STORY ENGLISH BASEment house in good order; very pleasantly located in East 36th-st., Murray Hill; rent $2,500. Inquire at No. 212 Pearl-st., Office No. 1 first-floor.

FURNISHED HOUSES BETWEEN 30TH AND 40th sts., in the best localities to rent for short and long terms to approved tenants. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—TWO ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSES, brown-stone fronts, Nos. 10 and 14 9th-st., with all the modern improvements; can be seen by permit. Apply at No. 221 Washington, corner of Barclay-st.

TO LET—IN ASTORIA FOR SIX MONTHS, two commodious houses well furnished; very desirably situated. Rent $150 and $200 per month. Apply to JOSEPH AYERS, Nos. 93 and 95 Franklin-st., N. Y.

TO LET—A VERY FINE LARGE FRONT ROOM and bedroom, very desirably situated, between 6th and 8th av. railroads. Apply at No. 308 Spring-st., corner Renwick, in the store.

TO LEASE AT YONKERS—A TWO-STORY building, 90 feet long, situated adjoining and below water level of a pond, well adapted for a distillery or paper mill. Apply to T. W. LUDLOW, Jr., Yonkers.

THREE ROOMS ON FIRST FLOOR TO let to a party of gentlemen, without board, willing to pay for handsome rooms, at No. 49 (new number 42) East 21st-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, THE first-class four-story brown-stone front house No. 21 East 22d-st., near Broadway. Apply to W. CRUIKSHANK & CO., No. 55 Broadway.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR IN A NICE HOUSE in South 9th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.; front and back room with folding doors, extension-room and hall bedroom. Call at No. 10 Cortlandt-st., first floor.

TO LET—A ROOM 40 BY 100 FEET, WITH steam power. Apply at the factory corner of Washington and Eagle sts., Greenpoint, or to BURR & CO., No. 222 Front-st.

OFFICES TO LET—SEVERAL VERY DEsirable offices to let, in the new building corner of Water and Pine sts. Inquire of FAILE, WILLIAMS & CO., on the premises.

TO RENT—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY, high-stoop house in 42d-st., between 5th and Madison avs.; rent $4,000; possession May 1. E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—FOR SIX MONTHS, ON TWENTY-second-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., an elegantly furnished house; rent $300 per month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—BROOKLYN—GENTEEL THREE-story house; gas and water, rent $800; store on Fulton-av., rent $1,000. Apply at No. 337 Fulton-st. JOHN BRAINERD.

TO LEASE—FOR THREE YEARS, A BEAUTIful property at Fort Lee; $60 per month. Furniture for sale cheap if wanted.
JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

A HANDSOME FURNISHED HOUSE TO let in Bergen, N. J., 13 rooms, garden, fruit-trees, &c.; possession immediately. Address D. L., Box No. 1,285 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—A ROOM ON BROADWAY, SECOND floor, 20x65, suitable for an insurance office; possession immediately if required. Inquire at the office of the American Bank Note Company, No. 142 Broadway.

TO LET—HALF OF A HOUSE IN WEST 69TH-st., near 10th-av. Apply to E. BENEDICT, Pier No. 41 North River.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT FROM May 1, at $5,000 per annum. Apply, between 11 and 2 o'clock, on the premises, No. 116 West 14th-st.

TO LEASE AT YONKERS—A GARDEN and part of a house, well situated for a florist or nurseryman. Apply to T. W. LUDLOW, Jr., Yonkers.

TO LET—A BROADWAY STORE, No. 862 Broadway, corner Broadway and Union-square. Apply to S. W. H. WARD, No. 387 Broadway.

PARK-ROW STORE TO LET—NO. 29, opposite the Post-office site: seven stories, modern built, with rear entrance and hoistway for goods.

STORE IN PARK-PLACE,—RUNNING through to Barclay-st., to let. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—FOUR VERY DESIRABLE OFFICES in the Bible House, Astor-place. Apply in the Treasurer's office, 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET—THE FOUR ENTIRE LOFTS OF AN elegant marble building in Barclay-st.; possession 1st May. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—PART OF THE OFFICE NO. 8, NO. 1 Beekman-st., first floor over Park Bank.

PART OF AN OFFICE TO LET. INQUIRE at No. 80 Broadway, Room No. 36.

OFFICE DESK-ROOM TO LET—APPLY at No. 22 Bible House.

WANTED TO LEASE—TWO OR MORE lots, with or without buildings. Address F. W. H. Station D, Bible House.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN, FOREIGNER, DESIRES TO have a well-furnished room in a private sociable family; French preferred. Terms not to exceed $4 or $5 per week. Address A. HEINO, No. 37 South William-st.

WANTED—A CHAPEL OR HALL, SUITABLE for a Sabbath-school or lecture-room, between 15th and 30th sts. Address E. FERRIS, No. 185 Washington-st.

A SMALL RESPECTABLE FAMILY desire a second floor in a good neighborhood, between Canal and 20th-st.; rent must be moderate. Address H. M. N., Box No. 128 *Times* Office, for three days.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anesthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, administer it in the purest [illegible] by the medical profession, [illegible] TEETH, and [illegible] 18,000 [illegible] the office, No. [illegible] Cooper Institute.

SHIPPING.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London or Brest, $110, $75 and $30 currency. Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.

ATALANTA, Capt. PINNHAM, from New-York, Mar. 30.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, April 13.
CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, April 27.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, May 11.

The elegant British iron steamship ATALANTA will leave Pier No. 3 North River, for London, calling at Brest, on SATURDAY, March 30, at 12 M.

Until further notice all the steamers of this line will call at Brest to land passengers. Tickets sold through by rail to Paris at 25 per cent. less than regular rates.

Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.

For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR;
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves New-York, Wednesday, March 20.
AFRICA leaves Boston, Wednesday, March 27.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 3.
CHINA leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 10.
JAVA leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 17.
ASIA leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 27.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.......................$150
Second Cabin Passage.......................100
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.......................$125
Second Cabin Passage.......................80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FROM NEW-YORK TO FRANCE DIRECT.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

SIR JAMES ANDERSON, Commander.

The French "Company of Charterers" of the GREAT EASTERN, having provided the ship with new boilers, and thoroughly refitted and refurnished her in every department, with special reference to this service, will run her regularly between New-York and Brest, as follows:

LEAVING NEW-YORK.		LEAVING BREST.	
TUESDAY	April 9	SATURDAY	April 27.
THURSDAY	May 16	TUESDAY	June 4
SATURDAY	June 2	THURSDAY	July 11
TUESDAY	July 30	SATURDAY	Aug. 24
THURSDAY	Sept. 12	TUESDAY	Oct. 1
SATURDAY	Oct. 19	THURSDAY	Nov. 7

TAKING ONLY FIRST-CLASS PASSENGERS.

Passage rates in gold, or its equivalent, $140, $125, $100, according to location and size of room. Tickets for the home passage issued at a reduction of $20 to passengers returning previous to August. Passengers can be furnished on board with railroad tickets from Brest to Paris at the reduced rate of $10 50 for first-class and $7 50 for second-class, being a reduction of 25 per cent. on regular rates. Twenty cubic feet of baggage allowed to each passenger. Letters of credit issued for England and Continent.

For passage apply to WELLS, FARGO & CO., Passage Agents, No. 84 Broadway.
For freight, to WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., No. 117 Front-st.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO. (Limited.)

Steamers weekly to Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

The splendid first-class iron steamships of this line will be dispatched as follows from Pier No. 47 North River:

DENMARK, THOMSON............SATURDAY, Mar. 23
ERIN, CUTTING............SATURDAY, Mar. 30
ENGLAND, GRACE............SATURDAY, April 6
VIRGINIA, PROWSE............SATURDAY, Apr. 13

And every Saturday thereafter.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of charge.

Drafts issued for any amount, payable at any bank in Great Britain, or on the continent.

Cabin passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $90 in gold; Steerage passage, $30 in currency.

Through passage to Paris, London, Antwerp, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at low rates.

Steerage passage tickets to bring persons from Liverpool or Queenstown for $35, currency, can be obtained at No. 27 Broadway.

For freight or cabin passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway; for steerage tickets, at the passage office of the Company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 73 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS, SURMONT............SATURDAY, Mar. 23
EUROPE, LEMARIE............SATURDAY, April 6
ST. LAURENT, BOCANDE............SATURDAY, April 20
PEREIRE, DUCHESNE............SATURDAY, May 4

PRICE OF PASSAGE (including wine) payable in gold or equivalent in currency,
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $160; second cabin, $100.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $103.

Baggage checked through to Paris.
Medical attendance free of charge.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

Calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.

The favorite passenger steamships of THE ANCHOR LINE SAIL EVERY SATURDAY.

IOWA, CRAIG............TUESDAY, March 19
CALEDONIA, MACDONALD............SATURDAY, March 23
COLUMBIA, CARNAGHAN............SATURDAY, March 30

From Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

To Liverpool, Glasgow and Derry—Cabins, $110 and $90; steerage, $30.

Prepaid certificates from these ports to New-York, $35.

Passengers also forwarded to Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

For further particulars apply at the Company's offices.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents,
No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

CUNARD EMIGRANT LINE, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.
HECLA............March 20
MALTA............March 27

RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin............$80 Gold.
Steerage............$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 currency.

For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

THE STEAMSHIP CITY OF CORK, OF the Inman line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River at noon on WEDNESDAY, March 20, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown. Rates of Passage—First Cabin, $110; Steerage, $30—currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

RETURN TICKETS TO PARIS AND BACK, FIRST CLASS, $200 IN GOLD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL — CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:

CITY OF CORK............WEDNESDAY....Mar. 20
CITY OF BALTIMORE............SATURDAY....Mar. 23
CITY OF MANCHESTER............WEDNESDAY....Mar. 27
CITY OF WASHINGTON............SATURDAY....Mar. 30
CITY OF PARIS............SATURDAY....April 6

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamers sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$110	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	115	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	125	Steerage to Paris	45

Return tickets to Paris and back, $200 gold.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

DIRECT STEAMSHIP LINE BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.

The undersigned will dispatch the first-class English iron steamer

OTTAWA, Capt. ARCHER.
From Antwerp............SATURDAY, March 23
From New-York............SATURDAY, April 13

taking passengers at the following rates:
From New-York, first cabin, according to location of state-rooms............$75—$90 00
Steerage............30 00
From Antwerp—First Cabin............90 00
Steerage............30 00

EXCURSION TICKETS AT
First Cabin............$170 | Steerage............$57 50

payable in gold or its equivalent.

Other first-class steamers will follow from either side every second SATURDAY.

Freight is taken at the lowest rates for Antwerp, Rotterdam and Amsterdam.

For passage or freight apply to
HILLER & CO., No. 3 Chambers-st.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

RETURN TICKETS, $200, GOLD.

THE INMAN LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR THE TRADE:

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON,
CITY OF LONDON, CITY OF NEW-YORK,
CITY OF WASHINGTON,

sail from Pier No. 45 North River, New-York, EVERY SATURDAY.

SPEED AND ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

PRICE OF FIRST-CLASS PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD:
New-York to Liverpool..$110....Round Trip..........$175
New-York to London....115....Round Trip..........185
New-York to Paris.....125....Round Trip..........200

Return Tickets good for twelve months.

Return Tickets, via Liverpool, London, New-Haven and Dieppe, allow Paris passengers to break the journey at Liverpool and London.

For further information apply at the offices of the Company; William Inman, Tower Building, Liverpool; Eives & Macey, No. 61 King William-st., London; Jules Decoue, No. 48 Rue Notre Dame des Victoires, Paris; John G. Dale, No. 111 Walnut-st., Philadelphia; or to JOHN G. DALE, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.

For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st., and No. 23 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EVERY SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M., FROM PIER No. 4 NORTH RIVER.

The elegant side-wheel steamships
COLUMBIA....BARTON....SATURDAY, Mar. 23
MORRO CASTLE....ADAMS....SATURDAY, Mar. 30
EAGLE....GREENE....SATURDAY, April 6
GARRISON & ALLEN, Ag'ts, 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month:
MERRIMAC, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, March 22.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, April 22.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 22.

These elegant steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SHIPPING.

1867. HO! FOR THE GOLD MINES! 1867.

THE MONTANA AND IDAHO TRANSPORTATION LINE
WILL GIVE THROUGH BILLS LADING TO FORT BENTON, HELENA, VIRGINIA CITY, BANNOCK CITY, DIAMOND CITY, DEER LODGE, AND ALL POINTS IN THE MINING DISTRICTS.

All steamers of this line class A No. 1. We have our own trains to fulfill our contracts.

The A No. 1 light draught steamer AMELIA POE, THOMAS POE, master, will leave SATURDAY, March 16, (or as soon as navigation is open in Omaha.)

The A No. 1 light draught steamer YORKTOWN, G. W. EBERT, master, will leave on SATURDAY, March 23.

The A No. 1 light-draught steamer NYMPH NO. 2, CHARLES HARTON, Master, will leave ——, March 24.

The A. No. 1 light draught steamer G. A. THOMPSON, will leave TUESDAY, March 26.

The A No. 1 light draught steamer DEER LODGE, ——, master, will leave WEDNESDAY, April 3.

The A No. 1 light-draught steamer BERTHA, W. B. PERSIEL, master, will leave April 5.

The other boats of the line will be started during the season, as may be required.

For freight or passage, apply to
J. EAGER, Agent, No. 41 Broad-st.; or
JOHN G. COPELIN, Agent,
S. E. corner Maine and Olive sts., St. Louis, Mo.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.

THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP ATLANTIC, CHAS. HOYER, Master, will leave Pier 46 N. R., on Saturday, April 6, at 8 A. M., FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN, taking passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First cabin, $110; second cabin, $65; steerage, $35. From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New-York, first cabin, $110; second cabin, $75; steerage, $42.

EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME.
First cabin, $210; second cabin, $130; steerage, $70.
BALTIC, Capt. G. JONES, will follow............April 20
WESTERN METROPOLIS, Capt. WM. WEIR............May 4

For freight or passage apply to
ISAAC TAYLOR, President, No. 40 Broadway.

GRAND EXCURSION. TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

The new and first-class ocean-going iron steamship HAVANA, 2,000 tons burden, STEPHEN WHITMAN, Commander, will make an excursion from New-York to Havre and back, sailing from Pier No. 46 North River, on WEDNESDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock M., taking passengers for Paris, London and Bremen. Returning, will sail from Havre on June 5, giving passengers holding excursion tickets about six weeks in Europe.

This magnificent steamship is divided into water-tight compartments, and has been newly furnished and elegantly fitted up expressly for this voyage.

The HAVANA will carry only first-class passengers.

An experienced surgeon on board.

Price of passage, in currency, to Havre, $150 and $175. To Havre and return, $250 and $300, according to size of state-room.

For further particulars and passage apply to the agents,
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., No. 62 South-st., or
MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Franklin-st.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA, VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $384 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class, payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.

Arrangements are now completed for issuing through bills of lading. Freight payable here.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to
CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. 23 William-st., New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

TO CALIFORNIA,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL, VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:

MARCH 1.—RISING STAR, Capt. W. G. FURBER, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. WATKINS.

MARCH 11.—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. SUTTON.

MARCH 21.—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. T. A. HARRIS, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. CAVERLY.

All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 11th each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.

Steamer of March 11, 1867, will connect with the Company's steamer COLORADO, to leave San Francisco for Yokohama and Hong Kong, on April 3, 1867.

100 pounds baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
VIA NICARAGUA EVERY TWENTY DAYS.

Will dispatch the first-class steamships
SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Capt. SMITH, March 30,
SAN FRANCISCO, Capt. BEHM, April 20,

From Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., at noon, with passengers and freight at very low rates. Connecting on the Pacific Ocean with the fine steamships

MOSES TAYLOR, Capt. BLETHEN, and
AMERICA, Capt. WAKEMAN.

For further information, apply to the North American Steamship Company.
WM. H. WEBB, President,
No. 54 Exchange-place, N. Y.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent,
No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st., N. Y.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on

SATURDAY............March 23 | SATURDAY............April 20
At noon.

Passage money to Nassau............$45
Passage money to Havana............50
Payable in gold or its equivalent.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH—EVERY THURSDAY.

The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamers

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, March 21.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails THURSDAY, March 28.

From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely. Through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, and passage tickets with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in Florida. For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH.

Every SATURDAY from Pier No. 13 North River, Punctually at 3 o'clock P. M.,

The favorite sidewheel steamships
SAN JACINTO, Atkins, Commander, sails March 23.
SAN SALVADOR, Nickerson, Commander, sails Mar. 30.

Through tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, and Florida steamers.

Elegant passenger accommodations.
GARRISON & ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—EVERY TUESDAY.—Murray's Steamship Line.—The new and elegant steamship VIRGO, E. M. BULKLEY, Commander, will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., on TUESDAY, March 26, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Through bills of lading and passage tickets given to all points in connection with the Georgia Central Railroad. Freight received daily. Freight marked care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad will be forwarded free of charge. For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FROM PIER 37 NORTH RIVER, FOOT BEACH-ST.

Steamship ALBEMARLE, Capt. BOWEN, leaves every WEDNESDAY at 12 o'clock noon.

Steamship HATTERAS, Capt. ALEXANDER, sails every SATURDAY at 12 o'clock noon.

Giving through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and its connections.

Bills of lading signed on the pier.

For freight or passage apply to the office on the pier, or to N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

THE OLD LINE FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

From Pier No. 21, North River.
Steamship SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Steamship NIAGARA, Capt. S. BLAKEMAN,
every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway, Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—BLACK STAR LINE.

The steamship
MARMION, Capt. CROWELL,
will leave on SATURDAY, March 23, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 o'clock precisely.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent,
Corner Cedar and West sts.
DAVID McCOARD, Agent in New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—ATLANtic Coast Mail Steamship Company's new light-draft sidewheel steamship RALEIGH, Capt. MARSHMAN. Owing to the storm this steamer, having been unavoidably detained, will positively sail for the above port on SATURDAY NEXT, 23d of March, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:

MARIPOSA, on SATURDAY, March 23.
MISSOURI, on SATURDAY, March 30.
MATANZAS, on SATURDAY, April 6.

All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to
C. K. GARRISON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. E. V. GAGER, will leave Pier No. 9 North River on SATURDAY, March 23, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.
The GEORGE CROMWELL will follow March 30.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.—The fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA is now receiving freight and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, March 23, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, connecting at Charleston with the steamer DICTATOR for the Florida Ports. Through bills of lading and passage tickets issued to all points on the South Carolina and connecting railroads.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class steamships ARAGO and FULTON, in connection with the New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamers MISSISSIPPI and GUIDING STAR, to Havre, carrying the United States mails, from Pier No. 46 North River, at noon, on the following days, calling at Falmouth:

GUIDING STAR....E. Van Sice......Saturday, March 30
ARAGO....H. A. Gadsden......Saturday, April 13
MISSISSIPPI....C. Sumner......Saturday, April 27
FULTON....C. H. Townsend......Saturday, May 11
GUIDING STAR....E. Van Sice......Saturday, May 25
ARAGO....H. A. Gadsden......Saturday, June 8

and every fourteen days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD.
FIRST-CLASS............$120
SECOND-CLASS............70

Through tickets to London $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the same expressed, are signed therefor.

C. K. GARRISON, for N. Y. S. S. Co.
JOS. J. COMSTOCK, for N. Y. and H. S. S. Co.
For further information apply to
J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
J. A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe.

FOR CHINA, VIA CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer COSTA RICA, Capt. W. G. FURBER, will sail from Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at noon, on SATURDAY, April 1, for Japan and Shanghai, touching at St. Vincent, Capetown, Mauritius, Singapore and Hong Kong, and taking a limited number of first cabin passengers. Apply at the Company's Office, No. 59 Wall-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The regular and popular steamship MONEKA, Capt. LESSY, will leave on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 26 North River, landing freight on SATURDAY MORNING at Charleston.

Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

NOTICE TO PARTIES GOING ABROAD

English, French, German, Spanish and American Gold and Government Securities always on hand and for sale in sums to suit. Also, Drafts in sums of $5 and upward on all the principal cities and towns of Europe.
DE JONGE & CO.,
No. 92 Broadway,
Two doors above Wall-st.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of goods per steamer *Bavaria*, from Hamburg Jan. 20 and Southampton Jan. 23, (which vessel put back to Southampton in distress,) are hereby notified that part of her cargo has been transhipped per steamer *Hammonia*, recently arrived at this port. In order to facilitate delivery of cargo, they will please call at the office of the undersigned, present their bills of lading for indorsement and sign the average bond.
LAWSON & WALKER,
Average Adjusters,
No. 62 Wall-st., New-York.
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1867.

AUCTION SALES.

By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

OF THE
ENTIRE STOCK OF THE MAISON DOREE,
No. 42 East 14th-st., Union-square,
consisting of
ALL THE ELEGANT FURNITURE, SILVER, SILVER AND GOLD PLATE, LINEN, PORCELAIN, AND GLASSWARE, DRAPERIES, BRONZES, MIRRORS, CHANDELIERS, CARPETS, &c., &c.
Also
THE ENTIRE EXTENSIVE AND MOST VALUABLE STOCK OF WINES AND LIQUORS,
imported expressly for this house of the most rare and choice description.
Also
PRESERVES, FRUITS AND STORES.
To be sold without reserve,
ON THE PREMISES, ON TUESDAY, 19, WEDNESDAY, 20, THURSDAY, 21, FRIDAY, 22, AND SATURDAY, 23d of March,
At 10½ o'clock, each day.

The WINES and LIQUORS will be sold on Friday and Saturday, 22d and 23d, with a separate catalogue.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, PONY, COW, FARMING UTENSILS, &c., &c., AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.
will sell at auction on
WEDNESDAY, March 20, 1867,

At 11 o'clock A. M., at the residence of Martin Zabriskie, Esq., Mount Hope, near Tremont, 1 pair carriage horses, 1 close carriage, 1 coupe, with pole and shafts, 1 Rockaway, 1 phaeton, with pole and shafts, 1 open spring wagon, 2 carriage covers, 3 sets mounted double harness, 2 sets black double harness, 1 set single harness, 1 riding saddle, blankets, sheets, &c., 1 Durham cow, 1 Shetland pony, 4 pigs, 1 large two-wheeled truck, with a large lot of farming utensils; also, a quantity of oak, chestnut and maple timber, well seasoned.

Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

79TH-ST. PROPERTY AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

79TH-ST. is opened, curbed, guttered and flagged, and is 100 feet wide. There are seven brown-stone houses erected immediately opposite these lots.

FOR SALE,

On WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of April next, at 12 M., at Hoboken, near the ferry,
The Revenue Steam-propeller
CUYAHOGA;

full-rigged brig; burden 436 tons, old measurement; built by Westervelt, New-York, in 1856. Frame live-oak, locust and cedar; replanked and thoroughly repaired by John Lann, in Philadelphia, 1864. Is now in complete order.

Has one complete suite of cotton sails, nearly new, and is well found in anchors, chains, boats, &c. Fine poop cabin, ward-room, berth deck and all the appointments of a man-of-war. Has

Two oscillating engines, 36x32.
Two horizontal tubular boilers.
Composition screw, 8 feet diameter, 14 feet pitch.
Stows 136 gross tons coal in bunkers.

The vessel can be examined on and after Monday, 18th inst., at Hoboken, near the ferry, until the day of sale, and every information given by the officers in charge.
H. A. SMYTHE,
Collector of Customs, New-York.

AUCTION SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

QUACKENBUSH & PAULISON, Auctioneers, No. 84 Cedar-st., will give their personal attention to sales of Household Furniture, at the residences of families declining housekeeping and at their salesroom.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CHURCH PROPERTY ON SOUTHWEST CORNER OF MOTT & HOUSTON STS. AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

The valuable plot of ground situate on the southwest corner of Houston and Mott sts., together with the church edifice and three-story brick dwelling-house thereon.

This property, from its location, is very desirable for improvement, and is rapidly increasing in value.

Terms at sale.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

WEST HOUSTON, NEAR BROADWAY, AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

WEST HOUSTON-ST.—The two three-story high-stoop houses and lots on the south side of this street, being 47 feet front, and only 103 feet west of Broadway. This property will now rent for about $6,000 per annum, and from its peculiar position will greatly improve in value. Terms liberal. Sale positive.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS ON THE CORNER OF 5TH-AV. AND 49TH-ST. AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

5TH-AV.—One large lot on the southwest corner of 5th-av. and 49th-st., 45 feet front by 100 feet deep. Also, one lot adjoining, 21 by 100 feet. This property is on high ground, and is one of the most desirable corners now offering on 5th-av.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE TENTH-ST. AND AVENUE C PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, the lot of land, with the 3-story and 4-story brick houses thereon, situated on the southeast corner of Avenue C and 10th-st., known as Nos. 398 and 400 East 10th-st. (lot 23 feet 4½ inches by 88 feet), on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway. Sixty per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CORNER PROPERTY ON AVENUE C AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

AVENUE C.—The lot of land, with the three and four-story brick houses thereon, situate on the southeast corner of Avenue C and 10th-st., and known as Nos. 398 and 400 10th-st. Lot 23.4½x88 feet.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

CABINETMAKERS' STOCK OF GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, at No. 8 Murray-st., at 10½ o'clock, a large and varied stock of City-made work, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor suites of various kinds, rosewood and black walnut chamber suites, library and dining-room suites, book-case, lounges, easy-chairs, &c. Catalogues at sale.

N. B.—GEORGE COOK gives his personal attention to the sale of furniture at the residences of owners or at his salesrooms, No. 8 Murray-st.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY WILL SELL AT auction on TUESDAY, March 26, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, for account of whom it may concern: $62,000 Toledo, Logansport and Northern Indiana Railroad Company First Mortgage 7 per cent. bonds (Hypothecated) $1,000 each.

ROBERT A. HAGGERTY, Auctioneer.

HAGGERTY & PHELPS WILL SELL AT auction, TUESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
COLUMBIA COLLEGE LEASE, 25x100, being 390 feet west of 5th-av. Full particulars at Auctioneer's office, No. 11 Pine-st.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, }
WASHINGTON CITY, March 15, 1867. }

SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES OF ORDNANCE.—There will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders, at noon, THURSDAY, the 11th day of April, 1867, at the office of the Inspector of Ordnance, Navy-yard, Philadelphia, Penn., a lot of old and unserviceable articles of ordnance, embracing shot and shell, about seven hundred (700) carbines, breech-loaders, about twenty-five hundred (2,500) muskets, rifled and smooth-bore, gun carriages and other stores.

The articles will be sold in lots.

Terms: One-half cash in Government funds, to be deposited on the conclusion of the sale, and the remainder within ten days afterward, during which time the articles must be removed from the Yard, otherwise they will revert to the Government.
H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, }
FOURTH DISTRICT, STATE OF NEW-YORK, }
NEW-YORK, No. 61 CHAMBERS-ST., Feb. 28, 1867. }

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, March 15, 1867, at bonded warehouse, basement No. 40 Cortlandt-st., at 11 o'clock A. M., ten cases, containing about 250,000 cigarettes, the same having been distrained for taxes due the United States under the Internal Revenue Law.
T. F. BAILEY, Collector.

The above sale is postponed to the 30th inst., at the same time and place.
T. F. BAILEY, Collector.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MESSRS. MINER & SOMERVILLE will, as for a number of years past, give their personal attention to sales of household furniture at the residences of families declining housekeeping, and at their salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st.

AUCTION SALES.

ROBERT A. HAGGERTY, Auctioneer.

REFEREE'S SALE.

J. F. PIERCE, Esq., REFEREE.

BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, HAGGERTY & PHELPS will sell on TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1867, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, the valuable

STORE PROPERTY,

ON THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF PECK-SLIP AND FRONT-ST.

known as No. 35 Peck-slip and No. 287 Front-st.

About 50 per cent. may remain on Bond and Mortgage.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 11 Pine-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer, salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

IMPORTANT SALE OF
A VERY FINE COLLECTION
OF HIGH CLASS

ORIGINAL MODERN OIL PAINTINGS,

BY LEADING ARTISTS OF THE BELGIAN, FLEMISH AND FRENCH SCHOOLS.

Every one of which is guaranteed as represented, comprising one of the finest collections of representative pictures of these schools ever offered at auction in this City.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, 20th and 21st inst., at 7½ o'clock, at their Fifth-avenue Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., a large and elegant collection of original modern oil-paintings, of the Belgian, Flemish and French schools, recently received from Europe, and never before exhibited in this country, forming one of the finest assemblages of Works of Art of the above schools, which has ever been presented to the American public or public competition. The collection embraces among others

TWO FINE PASTORAL SCENES BY LOUIS ROBBE, of Brussels.
Three Highly Finished Interiors by THEODORE GERARD, of Brussels.
Exterior and Horses, by W. VERSCHUUR, of the Hague,
beyond doubt the finest picture by this celebrated artist ever imported.
Marine View off Ostend, by F. WURSIN, of Brussels.
An exquisitely finished interior, entitled the BRIDAL TOILET, BY C. PEORUS, OF PARIS,
and others of great merit, by

David Col,	Louis Van Kuyck,	F. J. Boks,
E. Verboeckhoven,	C. Wantors,	M. Arnoux,
F. Strobel,	Fauvelet,	H. Dillens,
J. C. Vaarberg,	A. Moerman,	P. Van Wyngaert,
H. Savry,	J. Ruyten,	F. Lebret,
M. A. Koekkoeck,	L. DeWinter,	F. Kruseman,
A. Eversen,	C. Leickert,	T. Roxerse,

and others. Also from a private collection by the following American artist:

THE INDIAN MAIDEN, BY JEROME THOMPSON, one of his latest and best works. Also, examples from the easels of

A. B. Durand,	Thos. Hicks,	R. W. Weir,
E. Leutze,	A. F. Bellows,	Alfred Jones,

and others. The above are NOW ON EXHIBITION, free, day and evening. Catalogues can be obtained at the Gallery or at the Auctioneer's Office, No. 586.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
FIRST-CLASS AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PAINTINGS,

Being the entire private collections of George H. Lemist, Esq., of New-York City, and Alex. White, Esq., of Chicago.

Consisting of specimens of the most important works of the following modern masters:

The American school is represented by:

D. Huntington,	W. T. Richards,
A. B. Durand,	L. R. Mignot,
F. E. Church,	A. D. Shattuck,
Eastman Johnson,	R. M. Staigg,
S. R. Gifford,	A. F. Bellows,
Wm. Hart,	S. Colman,
James M. Hart,	Geo. H. Hall,
De Haas,	A. F. Tait,
Paul Weber,	A. B. Kittell.

The French School by the following artists:

H. Merle,	Edward Frere,
Fauvelet,	Plassan,
Beranger,	De Jonghe,
Toulmouche,	E. Voillemot,
F. Willems,	Trayer,
Hamon,	H. Baron,
Fichel,	Compte Calix,
Lambinet,	A. Jourdan,
Brillouin,	Girardet,
C. Troyon,	Guillemin.

The Flemish and Dusseldorf Schools are represented by:

Hailbuth,	Prof. Hildebrandt,
Joseph Lies,	Verschuur,
Meyer Von Bremen,	Preyer,
Carl Hubner,	Verboeckhoven,
Bosch,	L. De Beul,
Boetcher,	L. Robbe,
B. C. Koek Koek,	F. E. Meyerheim,
Hamman,	Gesselschapp,
Dieffenbach,	Van Schendel,
Hiddeman,	Calisch,
Prof. Judson,	Dillens,
Prof. Grund,	Mossinger,

with others of the American, French, Flemish and English Schools. To be sold by
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER,
at their Galleries, Nos. 817 and 619 Broadway, at 7½ o'clock on the evenings of WEDNESDAY, March 27, and THURSDAY, March 28.

They will be on exhibition on and after Friday, 22d inst., from 8½ A. M. until 10 P. M. to days of sale.

W. H. MILLER, Auctioneer.

BY JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL,

AUCTIONEERS AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
No. 25 Nassau-st., corner Cedar-st., New-York.

City residences, stores and lots, country seats and farms, bought, sold, rented and exchanged, loans negotiated, auction sales of furniture, &c.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20,
At 12 o'clock,
At the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

POSITIVE SALE OF 30 VALUABLE LOTS AND ONE DESIRABLE DWELLING, IN EIGHTEENTH WARD, BROOKLYN.

BROADWAY, near Willoughby-av.—Fine dwelling house, 2½ stories in extension, containing 13 rooms, 2 cellars, bath room, &c.; substantially built for owner's residence. Also, two-story building adjacent, on Willoughby-av.

BROADWAY—Between Willoughby-av. and Witherspoon-st., 10 lots.
BROADWAY—Corner Schaffer-st., 4 lots.
WILLOUGHBY-AV.—Near Broadway, 3 lots.
STUYVESANT-AV.—Between Willoughby-av. and Witherspoon-st., 8 lots.
WITHERSPOON-ST.—Near Broadway, 5 lots.
SMITH-ST.—East side, 25 ft. north of Debevoise-st. 2 lots.

This property is eligibly situated on the line of the Broadway cars to East New-York, only one block from Myrtle-av. cars to City Hall, and easily accessible to all the Brooklyn ferries; 70 per cent. can remain on mortgage for a long term of years. Maps and particulars at office of auctioneers, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on MONDAY, April 22, 1867, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, in the City of New-York, several pieces or parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, belonging to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York.

Description of property, together with the terms and conditions of sale, may be had upon application at this office, where will be furnished, on and after April 15, maps of the property to be sold.

Warrantee deeds will be given to all purchasers.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 19, 1867. }

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 116TH-ST. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York:

116TH-ST.—Four lots situate on the south side of 116th-st., 250 feet west of 1st-av., each 25 by 100 feet 10 inches. 116th-st. is 100 feet wide.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON SEVENTY-SECOND-ST. AT AUCTION,

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 21, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

72D-ST.—Five lots north side of 72d-st., 325 feet west of 3d-av., each 25 by 100 feet 2½ inches. 72d-st. is 100 feet wide.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 75TH AND 76TH sts. and 12th-av., together with the water rights in front of the same.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 21, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

15 LOTS.—On the easterly side of the Hudson River Railroad (12th-av.) and between 74th and 76th sts., together with the water right in front of the same.

75TH-ST.—20 lots and gores on the south side of 75th-st., 175 feet east of 12th-av.
75TH-ST.—5 lots on north side of 75th-st., 150 feet east of 12th-av.
76TH-ST.—5 lots on south side of 76th-st., 100 feet east of 13th-av.
1 LOT AND GORE—On north side of 76th-st., 100 feet east of 12th-av.

Maps at the office of the Auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THE DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE and lot No. 5 West Washington-place, at auction. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

WEST WASHINGTON-PLACE.—The three-story square attic brick house and lot situate on the south side of West Washington-place, near Macdougal-st., and known as No. 5. The house is built in modern style, handsome mantels, bath, water-closet, range, gas-fixtures, &c. Lot 21 by 55 feet.

FORTY-EIGHTH AUCTION SALE.

75,000
TONS SCRANTON COAL,
ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1867.
NEW-YORK, March 16, 1867.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at the Company's Salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, March 27, inst., at 12 o'clock, noon.

75,000 TONS

of fresh mined Coal, from the Lackawanna Regions, of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of April, 1867.

TERMS: Fifty cents per ton, payable in current funds, on the day of sale, and the balance within ten days thereafter, at the office of the Company.
JOHN BRISBIN, President.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

DISTRICT OF VERMONT SS.—Pursuant to a warrant of sale to me directed, issued out of the Honorable District Court of the United States for the District of Vermont, I shall sell at public auction, at the Custom-house, in Burlington, Vermont, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1867, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, 23,100 pairs of PRUNELLA SHOE PATTERNS, the same having been ordered to be sold by a decree of said Court.

Given under my hand, at Chester, in said District, this 14th day of March, A. D. 1867.
H. H. HENRY, Marshal.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN,

THIS DAY, (Wednesday, March 20,) at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 10 East River:
4,200 Boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
800 Boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo brig *Sarah B. Curly*, from Messina.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

BUILDING LOT ON 5TH-AV. AT AUCTION,
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

FIFTH-AV.—1 lot situate on the east side of 5th-av., 55 feet south of 50th-st., being 28x100 feet.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF OIL-PAINTINGS, ancient and modern, chromos, fine Engravings, &c., by MINER & SOMERVILLE, THURSDAY, March 21, at 10 o'clock

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. TO-NIGHT.

ITALIAN OPERA.
Director............MAX MARETZEK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

The free list is entirely suspended, with exception of the tickets issued to the Press.

TO-NIGHT, THE STAR OF THE NORTH.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, March 20, at 8,
(Ninth subscription night)
MEYERBEER'S GRAND SPECTACULAR OPERA,
THE STAR OF THE NORTH,

with its picturesque *mise en scene*, new scenery, new and costly dresses, military bands, ballet, and the inimitably great cast,

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
MISS AMALIA M. HAUCK,
BARAGLI, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI,
FLEURY, RICARDI, MULLER, REICHARDT.
The incidental ballet by KRUGER and TERESA.
Conductor............SIGNOR TORRIANI
THURSDAY—Opera in Brooklyn—NORMA.
FRIDAY EVENING—March 22, only night of
MARTHA. MARTHA.
Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
Mme. NATALI TESTA,
BARAGLI, ANTONUCCI, FOSSATI.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON—GRAND MATINEE.
Only appearance at a Matinee of
MME. PAREPA-ROSA.
NORMA. NORMA.

The sale of reserved seats of tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING at the Box Office of the Academy, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA.
First appearance of
MME. PAREPA-ROSA.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, March 21, at 8.
NORMA. NORMA.

Reserved seats and tickets may now be had at the Box Office of the Academy, Brooklyn, and at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, New-York.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

PURIM BALL,
THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867.
Subscriptions will be received by
ADOLPH L. SANGER, President,
No. 76 Nassau-st.
ARNOLD TANZER, Vice-President,
No. 267 Canal-st.
MYER S. ISAACS, Treasurer,
No. 76 Nassau-st.
GEO. S. LEVY, Secretary,
(With Orofut, Knapp & Co.) No. 19 Mercer-st.

STEINWAY HALL—SATURDAY.

SYMPHONY SOIREE.
THEODORE THOMAS' FIFTH AND LAST SYMPHONY SOIREE.
On SATURDAY EVENING, March 23, at 8,
when the following works will be performed:
Two Entr'actes to the drama, "Rosamunde"....Schubert
Concerto for Piano, in E minor, Opp. 11........Chopin
First movement. Allegro maestoso.
Mr. EMILE GUYON.
Symphony No. 7. A. Op. 92..................Beethoven
The First Walpurgisnight. Op. 60........Mendelssohn
SOLOISTS:
Miss JULIA HOSTIN, Mr. W. J. HILL,
Mr. MARCO DUSCHNITZ.
THE CHORAL SOCIETY, MENDELSSOHN UNION,
Under the direction of Mr. W. BERGE, and
GRAND ORCHESTRA OF EIGHTY PERFORMERS.
Conductor............THEO. THOMAS

Tickets $1 50 each. No extra charge for reserved seats. Seats can now be secured at Beer & Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway; Schuberth & Co.'s music-store, No. 820 Broadway; at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, and at the office of Steinway Hall.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

14TH-ST. NEAR 6TH-AV.
THURSDAY NEXT, MARCH 21,
FAREWELL BENEFIT OF M. M. SCRIBOT AND CHANDORA
AND MMES. ROSA SAUNIER AND CARNEL.
LE SUPPLICE D'UNE FEMME,
Drama in three acts, by Alexander Dumas.
L'AMOUR D'UNE INGENUE,
Comedy in one act.
Ticket office at H. Dardonville's, No. 678 Broadway.

STEINWAY ROOMS.

CHAMBER MUSIC.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 21, at 8 o'clock,
THIRD SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC,
By WM. MASON, Piano. G. MATZKA, Viola.
THEO. THOMAS, 1st Violin. MAX SCHWARZ, Viola.
J. MOSENTHAL, 2d Violin. FR. BERGNER, Violoncello.
PROGRAMME.
QUINTET, String, C Minor..................Mozart
SONATE, Piano and Violin, A Minor, Op. 105, Schumann
QUARTETTE, String, D, Op. 18, No. 3........Beethoven
Tickets, $1 50 each, may be had at the music-stores.

GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ.

THE ANNUAL GRAND MASQUERADE BALL OF THE GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ,
will take place at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1867.
The Ball will open at 8½ o'clock.
TWO FULL ORCHESTRAS,
Under the leadership of A. BERNSTEIN and C. DIETZ
will alternately discourse the Dance and Promenade Music throughout the evening.

The Committee have made extensive preparations for entertaining the audience with elaborately planned MASQUERADE PROCESSIONS, and various Scenes, Sports, and Incidents of the CARNIVAL.

None but masks will be admitted on the floor until after 12 o'clock.

Supper a la carte from 10 o'clock.

Masks and every variety of costumes can be procured at the Academy during the evening.

Tickets $15 each, (not transferable) admitting one gentleman and two ladies. Can be had of members of the Society only, viz.: Fred. Kapp, No. 4 Wall-st.; Eug. Bollin, No. 24 Exchange-place; F. W. Hayne, No. 59 Beaver-st.; O. Ottendorfer, No. 17 Chatham-st.; C. G. Gunther, No. 502 Broadway; M. Gesshof, No. 19 Platt-st.; Wm. Steinway, No. 71 East 14th-st.; George Nembach, No. 141 8th-st.; J. Windmuller, corner 14th-st. and 4th-av.; L. Kammerer, No. 36 Walker-st.; L. Burger, No. 58 Bowery; O. Ernst, No. 62 Bowery; L. A. Grasse, No. 320 Greenwich-st.; Dr. C. Lellmann, No. 21 East 4th-st.; Chas. Hauselt, No. 39 Spruce-st.; G. Varrelmann, No. 6 Hanover-st.; Wm. Rasmers, No. 18 Exchange-place, and others. By order of the Committee.
H. C. F. KOCH, Secretary.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.

Reserved seats for all first-class theatres, concerts, balls, &c., can always be obtained at the
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

BUNYAN TABLEAUX, LARGEST PANORAMA in the world. Sixty magnificent scenes, illustrating Bunyan's Pilgrims' Progress. Union Hall, Broadway and 23d-st. Open every night at 7; commencing at 8. Admission, 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock.
ROBERT J. GREENWOOD, Manager and Proprietor.

WONDERFUL, STARTLING, GRAND.
OSCAR, HALF BLOOD.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAIL-ROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 19, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

10 A. M. Express and Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains and at Troy with trains for North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.

4:15 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-car attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8:30 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 2:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:15 P. M.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:50 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12:30 A. M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:

8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
8:45 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
4 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, Buffalo, Salamanca and Dunkirk.
5:30 P. M.—Way train for Suffern.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
7:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.

Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45, 3:45, 4:30, 6:15 and *11 P. M.—Daily. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock.

Express trains run in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT. FROM JAN. 2, 1867.
Leave James-slip, New-York:
9 A. M., mail train for Greenport and way stations.
11 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
3 P. M., Yaphank Express train; and on Saturday nights for Riverhead.
4 P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
5 P. M., for Farmingdale and way stations.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6:25 and 9:12 A. M. and 1:15, 4:22 and 6:02 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12 and 4:22 run through to Monsey.
THOMAS W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

AUCTION SALES.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21, AT 12 o'clock, at the Franklin House, corner of Fulton and Water sts., Brooklyn (under the direction of Hon. JOHN B. HASKIN, Referee):

No. 5 DUNHAM-PLACE—The three-story high-stoop brick house.
No. 89 WYCKOFF-ST.—The three-story mastic-front house.
No. 93 WYCKOFF-ST.—The three-story mastic-front house.
1 lot northeast side Partition-st., near Van Brunt-st.; 25x100.
37 lots on Locust and Rapelye sts., near 3d-st.; each 25x150.
20 lots on Nassau and Locust sts., near 2d-st.; 25x150.
Maps and particulars at the office.
SATURDAY, March 23,
At 10 o'clock, at Horace Ward's Hotel, Mott-Haven, (Under the direction of Hon. JOHN B. HASKIN, Referee)
3 lots of land on Walton-av., adjoining Buena Vista, with a valuable water-front on the Harlem River.
Maps and particulars at the office.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE IN BROADWAY, NEAR 22D-ST.—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) March 20, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 918 Broadway, the entire rich furniture of the house; it will embrace every kind and description of the best rosewood, black walnut, and other furniture that has been offered this season. Also, elegant Brussels, tapestry and Wilton carpets, lace curtains, lambrekins, best hair mattresses and blankets, kitchen furniture, &c.

N. B.—All the furniture in this house has been purchased new since November last. Catalogues at sale.

On THURSDAY, March 21, at No. 120 5th-st., opposite Washington Parade Ground, all the rich furniture in the house, and all made by Balter, Springmyer, and others, to order. More full particulars to-morrow, when catalogues will be ready. Salesroom No. 721 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AND VAN AMBURGH'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMBINATION,

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THE GRAND LOCAL SENSATIONAL DRAMA.
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2; EVENING AT 7 3-4.
OUR TENEMENT-HOUSES.

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Being a truthful and
THRILLING PICTURE OF NEW-YORK LIFE.
On exhibition at all hours, the
ENTIRE VAN AMBURGH COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS.
GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES!
MME. HINES, THE BEARDED LADY,
A GIANT AND GIANTESS, A LEOPARD CHILD,
TWO DWARFS, CIRCASSIAN GIRL.
GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION,
COSMORAMAS, LEARNED SEAL, HAPPY FAMILY,
GRAND AQUARIA, HISTORICAL RELICS,
OVER 250,000 OTHER CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WINTER GARDEN. AT 7 1-2.

FAREWELL NIGHTS
OF
EDWIN BOOTH!
SPECIAL.

Mr. Stuart has to announce that, as on all previous seasons,

THE CLOSING NIGHTS

of Mr. Booth's engagement will be devoted to the performance of a different play on each night, thus offering the opportunity of seeing him before leaving in as many as possible of his representations.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING,
EDWIN BOOTH
will appear in
RICHELIEU,
RICHELIEU.
the third of the
GRAND BOOTH REVIVALS.
THURSDAY EVENING—ROMEO AND JULIET.
FRIDAY EVENING—BRUTUS.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 23, at 1 o'clock,
By Special Desire,
GRAND BOOTH MATINEE
(Only time)
OF
ROMEO AND JULIET.
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 23,
BENEFIT OF MR. W. S. ANDREWS.
Seats may now be secured.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager............WM. WHEATLEY
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 20, 1867,
ONE HUNDRED AND NINETY-SECOND PERFORMANCE OF THE
BLACK CROOK,
with Jarrett & Palmer's celebrated
PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
AND THE
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
THIRTY-FIRST GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY, March 23, 1867, at 1 o'clock.
ADMISSION TO MATINEE:
Parquet and Dress Circle............$1
Family Circle............50c
Curtain rises at night at 7¾; at Matinee 1 P. M.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 20,
third night of the
RICHINGS GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.
Only performance of Bellini's charming opera,
LA SONNAMBULA,
presenting Messrs. CAMPBELL, CASTLE, ARNOLD, MURPHY, Miss CAROLINE RICHINGS, Miss ARNOLD and Mme. BOUDINOT in the principal roles.
THURSDAY EVENING,
THE DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT.
FRIDAY,
Benefit of Mr. CAMPBELL—MARTHA.
SATURDAY,
GRAND MATINEE of the DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA,
at 75 CENTS ADMISSION, without extra charge for reserving seats in advance.

WINTER GARDEN. A CARD.

MR. W. S. ANDREWS
begs to announce that his first
BENEFIT
in this City will take place on
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 23,
on which occasion will be presented
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN,
and the musical farce entitled
JENNY LIND.
Seats may now be secured.

OSCAR, OSCAR, OSCAR.
HALF HALF HALF
BLOOD. BLOOD. BLOOD.

BOWERY THEATRE.

MRS. G. C. HOWARD
For a limited number of nights as TOPSEY in
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
The greatest artistic creation on the stage.
Mr. G. L. FOX AS PHINEAS and THE DEACON.
The piece brilliantly cast throughout.
All the original music and songs by
G. C. HOWARD.
All the original Tableaux and Effects.

WALLACK'S.

MR. CHARLES FISHER
respectfully announces that
HIS BENEFIT
will take place on
FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 22,
when will be presented, for the first time in two years, Lovel's popular play entitled
A WIFE'S SECRET.
Box office now open.

MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS

At the Broadway Theatre.
ALL HALLOW EVE.
LATEST FROM NEW-YORK.
Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAMS in both pieces.
FRIDAY—Benefit of Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS.

HARTZ' TEMPLE OF MYSTERY.

No. 806 Broadway. Every Evening at 8. Saturday at 2.
Last few weeks of the present season.
Last week of the FLOATING HEAD.
Last week of the GROWTH OF FLOWERS.
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
First time in America of the famous automaton,
L'ESCOMATEUR
(and his) FAIRY SINGING BIRD.

Tickets, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, $1. For sale at the Hall. Chickering Piano is used at these seances. WEDNESDAY, Juvenile Night—Children half-price.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS, NO. 720 Broadway.—60th night of the combined burlesque,

Black Crook,	Patti in Paris,	Cinder Leon,
Demon Dance,	The Only Leon,	Water Nymphs,
Uncle Simp,	Sings L'Ardita,	Stop that Laugh-
Susie Brown,	Ilnea L'Estasi,	ing,
Dora Darling,	Macbeth oh!	Grand Agony.

STEAMBOATS.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH,

SANDY HOOK, HIGHLANDS, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN AND RED BANK.
FAVORITE STEAMBOAT META,
Capt. JOHN P. CORLIES.
Will leave south side of Barclay-st. Ferry as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, 5th, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, 6th, 3 P. M.
Thursday, 7th, 3 P. M.	Friday, 8th, 6 A. M.
Saturday, 9th, 9 A. M.	Monday, 11th, 9 A. M.
Tuesday, 12th, 10 A. M.	Wednesday, 13th, 11½ A. M.
Thursday, 14th, 12 M.	Friday, 15th, 1½ P. M.
Saturday, 16th, 2½ P. M.	Monday, 18th, 3 P. M.

MARCH—1867.

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH, AND RED BANK.

Steamer SEA BIRD will leave Pier foot of Chambers-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Tuesday, 19	3 P. M.	Monday, 18	2½ P. M.
Wednesday, 20	3 P. M.	Wednesday, 20	7½ A. M.
Thursday, 21	3½ P. M.	Thursday, 21	8 A. M.
Saturday, 23	9½ A. M.	Friday, 22	8 A. M.
Tuesday, 26	10½ A. M.	Monday, 25	8 A. M.
Thursday, 28	12½ P. M.	Wednesday, 27	10 A. M.

THE OLD LINE.

SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT.
Steamer ARTISAN, Capt. S. C. GIBBS, from Pier No. 43 East River, (foot of Rutgers-st.,) every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M.
WILLIAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Beekman-st.

1867.—FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING AT ESOPUS, WESTPORT, POUGHKEEPSIE, MILTON, MARLBOROUGH, NEWBURGH, CORNWALL AND COZZENS', CONNECTING WITH ELLENVILLE AND DELHI STAGES.—The splendid steamboat THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. DAVID ABBEY, will make her first trip for the above places on THURSDAY, March 21, inst., leaving New-York from foot of Harrison-st., North River, at 4 o'clock P. M., and will leave New-York regularly thereafter, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at the same hour. Returning, will leave Rondout on alternate days at 6 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare 75 cents. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

BRAUNSDORF & METZ,
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AT NOS. 125 AND 127 RIVINGTON-ST.
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CHAMBER AND DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.—The greatest variety of CHAMBER SUITES, made from Walnut or Chestnut; also the most extensive assortment of ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, is to be found at wholesale or retail, at Nos. 206 and 208 Canal-st., corner Mulberry, by EDWARD W. BAXTER & CO. We are manufacturers, and sell at lower prices than any other house in the City.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, bedding, looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at G. W. SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Goods warranted and delivered free. Patent secretary bedsteads cheap.

MESSRS. MINER & SOMERVILLE will, as for a number of years past, give their personal attention to sales of household furniture at the residences of families declining housekeeping, and at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 369 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

SINGER'S PATENT SPRING BEDS REQUIRE but one mattress; warranted for years; no leathers or strings about them. Sold everywhere. Warerooms No. 215 Centre-st.

PARIS—L'OFFICE INTERNATIONAL, RUE Neuve, St. Augustin, No. 65. Every information gratuitously. Apartments provided. Luggage warehoused

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager....Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 20,
BENEFIT
OF
Miss MARY GANNON,
TWO GREAT COMEDIES,
commencing with, for the first time this season, Poole's celebrated Comedy, entitled
PAUL PRY,
with the following great cast:

Colonel Hardy............Mr. John Gilbert
Paul Pry............Mr. Geo. Holland
Harry Stanley............Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Frank Hardy............Mr. J. C. Williamson
Witherton............Mr. G. Browne
Doubledot............Mr. Leonard
Simon............Mr. Graham
Mr. Stanley............Mr. Pope
Willis............Mr. Ward
John............Mr. Cashin
Phebe............Miss Mary Gannon
Mrs. Subtle............Mrs. Vernon
Eliza............Mrs. Sedley Brown
Marian............Miss M. Scott

To conclude with the popular Two Act Comedy, by Buckstone, author of Married Life, Tom Noddy's Secret, &c., &c.

RURAL FELICITY!

With Fine Scenery, Appropriate Costumes, and Full Distribution.

Dormouse Spike............Mr. Geo. Holland
Simon Sly............Mr. A. W. Young
Twaddle............Mr. W. H. Norton
Singleton Unit............Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Mr. Layton............Mr. J. C. Williamson
Tom............Mr. Ward
Dr. Squills............Mr. Wilkinson
Jemima............Miss Mary Gannon
Cecilia............Miss Madeline Henriques
Mrs. Colpepper............Mrs. Vernon
Harriet............Mrs. Clara Jennings
Mrs. Wiley............Mrs. John Sefton
Miss Spike............Miss Green
Miss Holiday............Mrs. Timony

Incidental to the Play—A Duet, by Miss Henriques and Mrs. Clara Jennings—"Meet me by Moonlight."

In consequence of the marked approbation bestowed on the revival of Tom Taylor's successful drama, founded on Miss Braddon's novel, entitled

HENRY DUNBAR,

which has created so great a sensation at this Theatre, and in accordance with a general desire, it will be given two nights this week, on
THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, March 21 and 23.
FRIDAY EVENING, March 22,
BENEFIT OF Mr. CHARLES FISHER,
when will be given, for the first time in two years, Lovel's popular play entitled
THE WIFE'S SECRET.
Due notice will be given of the next representation of
INVESTMENT;
also of the popular comedy entitled
THE FAST FAMILY;
together with Tom Taylor's and Charles Reade's beautiful drama of
MASKS AND FACES,
now in active rehearsal.
Doors open at 7½; commences at 8.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.

Managers............Lewis Baker and Mark Smith
Last night but three of
LADY DON
Revival of the great burlesque of
KENILWORTH.
LADY DON as YE EARL OF LEICESTER,
Assisted by Messrs. MARK SMITH, LEWIS BAKER,
and their
UNAPPROACHABLE BURLESQUE COMPANY.
Performances commence with
THE PRETTY HOUSEBREAKER.
DORA SUNNYSIDE............LADY DON
(With songs.)
To be followed by LADY DON'S selection of
SCOTCH BALLADS,
illustrated by
TABLEAU VIVANTS.

WALLACK'S.

EXTRA NOTICE.
Regular Fall and Winter season,
1867 and 1868.

Ladies and gentlemen receiving no replies to their applications will please to consider their services respectfully declined.
LESTER WALLACK.

THEATRE FRANCAIS. COMEDY.

SATURDAY EVENING, March 23, 1867, at 8 o'clock,
the last and greatest Parisian success this season,
LE SUPPLICE D'UN HOMME.
Comedy, in three acts, by M. M. Grange and Thiboust.
L'AMOUR D'UN CHAPELIER VAUDEVI.
Vaudeville, in one act, by Deslandes.
Ticket office at H. Dardonville's, No. 678 Broadway.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT............Director.
MATINEES AT 2½
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
ADDITIONAL NOVELTY.
First week of the celebrated
RUNNELLS FAMILY,
who will appear in their exquisitely beautiful
CLASSIC GYMNASTIC GROUPINGS.
Second week of Prof. HUTCHINSON and his
TROUPE OF ACTING DOGS,
received with enthusiastic applause at each representation.
LEARNED LILLIPUTIAN PONIES.
MLLE. CARLOTTA DE BERG.
AND THE ENTIRE MAMMOTH TROUPE
OF STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS
will be brought forward in
THE MOST BRILLIANT PROGRAMME
yet presented at this establishment.

GRIFFIN & CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,

Fifth-avenue Opera House, Nos. 2 and 4 West 24th-st.
G. W. H. GRIFFIN............Manager.
THIS IS THE FAMILY RESORT.

In no place of amusement in New-York do such PEALS OF LAUGHTER pour forth from the merry hearts of the audience.

George Christy, Otto Burbank, J. T. Boyer and R. Hughes every night, supported by G. W. H. Griffin, master of ceremonies.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

ARION SOCIETY.

The annual Grand Masquerade and Fancy Dress Ball of this Society will be held in its usual splendor on
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27,
at the Academy of Music.

For tickets at $10 each, admitting one gentleman and lady, and extra ladies' tickets at $3 each, apply to the following offices: E. Kroltpfeiffer, No. 42 Pine-st.; Em. Sauer, No. 45 Exchange-place; J. O. Herndt, No. 40 Dey-st.; John Spadermann, No. 222 Broadway; G. Hanft, No. 697 Broadway; F. Spangenberg, No. 883 Broadway; and for boxes to E. Kroltpfeiffer, No. 42 Pine-st., and Hanft Bros. No. 697 Broadway.

OSCAR, MYSTERIOUS BLOOD.
SENSATIONAL, HALF SUPERB

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in a letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.

Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or sent by mail free of postage. Address Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

HASTEN TO DR. KENNEDY, NO. 195 Elm-st. He makes the greatest cures known. Thousands are saved by Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor. Persons at a distance address Dr. G. KENNEDY, 195 Elm-st. Call or write.

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL AND SURGIcal Consultations.—R. CORBETT, M. D., member of the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his office No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place; from a long and extended practice of over 30 years in the above specialty, he is enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. N. B.—Dr. C. gives special attention to the treatment of stricture, nervous and general debility, and all their complications.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 64 West 34th-st., near 6th-av., or sent by mail. Address Box 2,3?9 New-York Post-office. Also sold at Druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich st.

THE FEMALE'S FRIEND IN NEED.—Diseases of females exclusively treated at Dr. DUBOIS' office, No. 38 3d-av., near 10th-st.; remedies for female derangements from $1 to $5; relief guaranteed in all cases; consultations and letters confidential; advice gratis; patients from a distance provided with board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Ladies' private advice (letter) free; send for it and escape imposition; electricity scientifically applied; open till 7 P. M. One interview only required for patients from a distance.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. Office, 195 Elm-st.

MME. WALLACE, MIDWIFE AND Electrician Doctress, guarantees immediate relief to ladies requiring medical treatment. Female Tonic, safe and healthy, $5. Can be seen in the forenoon at No. 26 South Sixth-st., Brooklyn, E. D.; in the afternoon at No. 81 West Houston-st., New-York.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of thirty-two years devoted to the treatment of diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. COOPER to make speedy cures. The victims of misplaced confidence can call with the certainty of being cured, or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS, for both married and single ladies, are the very best thing known, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause. Expressly for obstinate cases. Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL aid will find it to their interest to consult Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, when their health will be speedily restored. Office No. 5?5 Broadway.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP IS THE only remedy that will root out poisonous virus of a certain disease; all others dry it in the blood. No. 3 Division-street. Price $3, with a book of 80 pages.

THOUSANDS WHO HAVE BEEN BROUGHT to the verge of the grave by improper treatment, have been restored to health, strength and vigor by Doctor HUNTER, No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, [illegible] time than any other physician, or no pay. [illegible] No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages, gratis.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated. [illegible] No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 80 pages, gratis.

LADIES' BENEFACTOR, GREAT [illegible] REGULATOR.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops best thing known; a cure at once. Office No. 195 Elm-st.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office No. 195 Elm-st.; his Periodical Drops guaranteed.

A—YOUTHFUL VIGOR ASSURED [illegible] regained—use Dr. POWERS' [illegible]. Office No. 195 [illegible] all contemplating marriage.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical [illegible] Pills: one interview sufficient. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

THE FRENCH EXHIBITION.

It has been announced in the *Moniteur* that the opening of the French Exhibition will take place on the 1st of April; but, according to all accounts from Paris, the preparations for this event are in such a state of backwardness that unless the Imperial Commissioners mean to open the building half finished and not more than half filled, the ceremony will have to be deferred until the first of June. Immense quantities of goods and machinery were, at last accounts, scattered about in every part of the huge building, without any attempt at order or arrangement, and still larger quantities had not even entered France. Up to the 3d inst., only 5,000 out of 30,000 packages of light goods expected and known to be on the way had been received at the building, and the railways were completely overburdened with freight of this description. A vast amount of heavy machinery was also on the way, which would require weeks to set up and put in working order. The prospect of opening on the 1st of April is sufficiently dubious to make one suspicious of a practical hoax.

The building itself excites the ridicule even of French critics. Instead of presenting a grand and imposing appearance, it looks like a huge, overgrown gasometer, conspicuous for its portentous deformity. As exterior decoration was out of the question, the Imperial Commissioners resorted to paint, without much improvement in the appearance of the building. The outside of the great iron belt has been coated with Venetian red, which has all the effect of very dull rust. In addition to this, an effort has been made to break the monotony of the circumference by surmounting it with flagstaffs of various heights, rising from gilt shields and carrying long swallow-tailed Venetian banners. But neither paint nor flags can make the building attractive. It remains an architectural monstrosity. All its interior attractions will be due to the taste of the exhibitors and to the costliness, rarity or beauty of the articles displayed. They will receive no aid from the building itself.

One of the worst blunders committed by the Imperial Commissioners, was laying the floor of the building solid, instead of leaving space between the planks through which the dust could be swept. In all previous buildings of this character, the floor-planking was uniformly laid down at half-inch intervals; but the Imperial Commissioners, disregarding the advice of experienced architects, laid the floor of their building perfectly tight. The consequence is that the dust is already ankle-deep in some portions of the building, and every effort at removal only makes matters worse by disturbing it. Once raised, the dust seems never to subside. "Early in the morning or late at night," says the correspondent of the London *Times*, "the thick stifling haze is always there, like a fog." And if the evil is thus insupportable now, what will it be in Summer, when the great unventilated iron building is heated by the sun, and filled with hot and perspiring crowds? Watering is out of the question; for this, besides being destructive of all the steel goods and finely burnished metal works of art which may be exhibited, would simply reduce the dust to a clammy, adhesive mud. Both managers and exhibitors are in despair over this dismal prospect, but as yet they have devised no method of getting out of the difficulty. The expedient of relaying the floor does not seem to have occurred to them.

The accommodations for exhibitors are upon an ample scale as regards mere space, but in other respects the Commissioners have acted in a spirit of excessive parsimony. They have done nothing toward fitting up the interior of the building. The whole expense and trouble of preparing the several departments for the exhibition of goods have been thrown upon the Commissioners from other countries. As one of the American Commissioners lately remarked, they were furnished with a sand-bank and a roof, and told to make themselves comfortable. There are very few foreign Commissions of note which, before all the work required of them is done, will disburse less than $500,000 among the workmen and worshops of Paris, and England and Prussia will be put to even larger expense than this.

The picture gallery is said to be less open to objection than any other portion of the building. The walls are built of solid stone, and the arrangements for lighting are said to be excellent. But its circular shape involves several drawbacks, especially in the sharp angles formed by the partition walls, where it will be literally impossible to see one picture without turning your back close against another. The French and all the foreign galleries, except the English, are painted with dull red, like the outside of the building, against which the pictures will show to the worst possible advantage. The English Gallery is painted with a pale, neutral green. The English show of pictures will be very large, and unusually rich in water-colors. It is a curious circumstance that only two British noblemen have contributed to this display, the great collections having been churlishly closed against the applications of the English Commissioners. The great mass of the collection comes from the great manufacturing districts, from the iron-masters of Birmingham and Staffordshire, and the cotton-dealers of Liverpool and Manchester, who are just now the most liberal patrons of the Fine Arts in England.

One of the most attractive features of the Exhibition will be the surrounding Park. Every visitor is struck with admiration at the extent and variety of the works in progress in those grounds. When completed, they will present examples of nearly every known style of architecture. Each foreign Commission is erecting temples, churches, houses, and even miniature villages, characteristic of its national style of building. Of course, most of these structures are built in the slightest manner, but have an appearance of solidity from being coated with a stone-like cement. Some of the Turkish and other Eastern buildings will be extremely beautiful, looking well by daylight, and when lighted up at night showing like the realization of an Arabian tale. The most substantial building in the grounds is in the Egyptian Park—a small model of the Viceroy's Summer palace. This is built of stone, and it is said that the Viceroy intends to make it his residence during his visit to the Exhibition. American architecture, if such a style can be said to exist, will be represented by a model school-house, with model "school-marm" and scholars, a log-hut, which is to be an exact copy of the one erected with his own hands by our late President, and an Indian lodge, the latter embellished with the usual display of game-trophies, scalps, rifles, tomahawks, bows and arrows, spears, &c. These structures will be at least characteristic, if not representative in a national sense.

The arrangements for the admission of exhibitors border on absurdity. Each exhibitor and each of his assistants, of whom more than 5,000 are expected to enter the building daily, is to be furnished with a ticket which will also bear the photograph of the holder. As nearly all these 5,000 gentlemen will have to enter the building by the same door, the identification of each ticket-holder by a small and easily defaced photograph cannot fail to be a source of great vexation, annoyance and delay.

But, after all, it is much easier to find fault with the arrangements for the Exhibition than to suggest better ones. The practical difficulties in the way of the Imperial Commissioners were enormous. In their zeal for the [illegible] of France they have undertaken [illegible] could be accomplished, under the [illegible] circumstances, within the prescribed [illegible]. The building will [illegible] exceed in size and costliness any previous structure of the kind, and the works upon the river and in the park have been projected upon a scale of Oriental magnificence. The German war last Summer interfered with and retarded the progress of the Imperial Commissioners; and the Emperor's anxiety to put his capital in holiday order has diverted both funds and workmen from the Exhibition. Exhibitors have been granted too much latitude as to the time of forwarding their goods, and at the last moment the Imperial Commissioners find themselves compelled to shut off from competition for prizes large quantities of machinery and manufactured articles which cannot be forwarded to the Exhibition in season for the opening, if that ceremony should take place, as semi-officially announced, on the 1st of April. It is said, however, that in order to get over this difficulty, the opening in April will be informal, and that the grand official ceremony will take place later in the season, when the Park will be in all its glory. It is now, as described by Paris letters, a mere litter of sand, planking, building materials and scaffolding, and one of the principal managers has asserted that 5,000 additional hands would be required to finish the works in time for the first opening; and as the May suns and showers only can make the grass grow and the flowers bloom, the second opening will probably be deferred till June or July.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Condition of the Streets.

On inquiring at the Department of the Street Contractor as to what is being done and what projected for the proper cleansing of the streets, we find that gentleman much grieved at what he claims to be the unfair attacks to which he has been subjected by the newspapers generally. In the matter of the removal of ashes and garbage, he says that he is prepared to show by the evidence of the Police themselves, that at no time has the removal of this description of nuisance been so effectually carried on, for very many years, as it now is. Of late he has received in this portion of his duties, the hearty coöperation of the Police Commissioners, and the officers generally, with marked good effect. Notwithstanding, however, the surveillance of the Police, and of his own employes, he still finds this task a most difficult one in many of the Wards. Those of which he most complains, are the Fourth, Sixth, Eleventh, Fourteenth, and Seventeenth, where tenement-houses most abound. Here he says that ashes and garbage are thrown out upon the street at all hours of the day; that the tenants do not attend to the morning rounds of the ash-carts, and not unfrequently throw out their refuse a few minutes after the passing of the carts. Nevertheless he claims that, even in this particular, the City is comparatively clean. In several of these Wards the carts make frequent rounds daily, although the contract only calls for a single daily round, and he thinks it unfair that he should be held culpable for such evidences of uncleanness in the narrow and crowded streets, flanked on either side by tenement-houses, as, he says, are directly traceable to the misconduct of the people themselves, who watch their opportunity, unseen by the authorities, to throw their filth upon the streets, in utter disregard of the law. In reference to the culverts, choked up during the late storms, he says all that was possible to be done was done to keep them clear; but it was frequently found impossible to do this, as it often happened that the frost of the night, following the day's thaw, completely filled up the passage leading to the sewer with ice—solid, and as hard almost as the pick itself. In many cases he had to call for assistance upon the Croton Aqueduct Department, as it was found that having done his share of the work in clearing a way to the culvert and freeing the opening to the sewer from all obstruction, that all further progress was cut off by a solid barier of ice underneath the grating. All that could be done to remove the piles of frozen snow impeding traffic, was done; but to remove all such obstruction he claims to have been an utter impossibility.

On the 14th of March, just as soon as the thaw admitted of the services of a large gang of men, 630 were employed with pick and shovel, and 315 with carts, to carry off the snow. The number of days' work paid for the week ending 16th of March, was 1,555, and had it not been for the storm, from the effects of which we still suffer, Judge WHITING claims; that it would by this time be apparent to all, that the City has not been as clean as it now is, at any time during forty years.

To-day, in addition to the regular force throughout the city, a fresh gang of men are employed in the effort to clear Broadway, and the other great thoroughfares. The contractor asks for a suspension of public indignation levelled at him without due reflection. The peculiar severity of the winter, he says, has frequently left him powerless, one day destroying all evidences of the labors of the day preceding. Only give him, he says, six days fair weather, and he will satisfy all grumblers that the sanitary condition of the City, so far as he is responsible for it, is good, and will remain so while he is in office.

The New-York Sunday-School Institute.

In the afternoon edition of yesterday's TIMES was presented a liberal account of the second meeting of the New-York Sunday-school Institute, held on Monday evening in the Reformed Dutch Church, corner Fifth-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street. Last evening the third meeting of the Institute was held in the same place under the direction of Rev. J. H. VINCENT. At the hour of commencement the edifice was crowded to its utmost capacity, so that there was scarcely standing room for the accommodation of late comers.

After the devotional exercises, which were conducted by Rev. WM. M. PAXTON, D. D., the Committee appointed on the previous evening to cull the substance of the written answers handed in by the audience to certain questions, reported that the gist of the replies established a difference between the Mission School and the Church School—the one being substitutional and the other supplimental to the work of home religious training.

The Chairman then introduced R. G. PARDEE, Esq., who proceeded to describe "The Model Sunday-school Superintendent." He said next to the position of Pastor that of Superintendent is most important. A good Superintendent should have the confidence of his pastor, teachers, and the children and their parents. Then he should be spiritually qualified for the work; should possess executive ability—be a strict disciplinarian, enforcing his commands with good temper and perfect self-control; should have unqualified respect in his heart for all his teachers, and always stand ready to assist the weakest of them in his arduous labors. He should also possess very great strength of character, and have a great deal of the spirit of love, zeal, faith and self-denial in his character.

ANDREW A. SMITH, Esq., was then introduced to the Institute. He spoke for about a half hour upon "The Duties of Sunday-School Teachers to the Superintendent." He believed that every teacher should learn well to respect the rules of the school himself, so that his example may be safely followed by his scholars. He should be punctually present at all the sessions of the school—providing a substitute whenever absent—and give not less than one month's notice always of an intention to leave his class, and exhibit a deep interest in all the exercises of the school service. His class-book should be a perfect history of every scholar whose name appears on the record. Then, again, the teacher should aid the Superintendent by gathering in the children from the houses round about; by receiving new scholars warmly; by keeping the superintendent well informed upon the condition and progress of his class; by visiting his absent scholars; by attending all the teachers' meetings, and so toil on patiently and kindly to bring the children to Jesus. Thus will the Superintendent be greatly encouraged, and the teacher's duty to him completely fulfilled.

Rev. H. D. GANSE then followed in a brief, telling discourse upon "Defects in Sunday-school Teaching." A great defect in this matter, he said, is that many teachers go before their class without first storing their minds with the elements of interest in the lesson. Some, having made this preparation, do not ask, "How shall I put this matter before the children?" Another defect is coldness and a distant manner on the part of the teacher toward his scholars. Teachers are not punctual enough at school, and do not visit scholars at home quite often enough. The model teacher will not only always point out the doctrines of the Bible, but ever press upon the scholar the cheerfulness of a life of piety, and show him that the teacher desires his immediate conversion. In our prayers the children should be individualized and great faith exercised in their behalf, and nothing less than the conversion of all thus prayed for will be realized.

Reports were then submitted by Revs. STEPHEN H. TYNG, JR. and W. H. CLARK, and RALPH WELLS, Esq., as to the method of conducting the Sabbath-schools under their charge, after which the meeting adjourned until this evening, when Revs. Dr. ANDERSON and STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr., and Messrs. RALPH WELLS and R. G. PARDEE, will speak upon interesting Sunday-school topics, commencing with this afternoon. Institute exercises will be held in the same place, commencing at 3 o'clock, to which Sabbath-school teachers are earnestly invited.

The Institute meetings are made very interesting by occasional singing exercises under Prof. PHILIP PHILLIPS.

The St. Patrick's Day Riot—Arrest of Two of the Rioters.

Yesterday morning the Police succeeded in arresting two of the rioters who were engaged in the brutal melee in Grand-street on Monday last. One of the prisoners, BERNARD CLARK, is said to be the noted Marshal who flourished his sabre so vigorously, threatening to decapitate all who came in his way. He was conveyed to the Essex Market Police Court, where he was committed to prison by Justice SHANDLEY, bail being refused.

Three complaints were entered against CLARK, one by MORRIS WELSH, a second by WM. LUCAS, and a third by JOHN E. COMBS, all officers of the Seventh Precinct, who allege that the accused struck them violent blows upon the head and shoulders with his sword. The other prisoner is named THOMAS NEWMAN, who is charged with kicking officer EDWARD MCLOUGHLIN, of the same Precinct. The magistrate admitted him to bail in the sum of $1,000 to answer for assault and battery. The wounded Police officers are doing as well as can be expected, and nearly all of them have been reported favorably upon by the surgeons. Officers GEORGE GASTLIN and BARRETT, of the Thirteenth Precinct, are not yet out of danger.

The Union Dime Savings Bank.

The Union Dime Savings Bank, Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-street, of which we gave the architectural details during its construction, is just completed, and proves to be, as we promised it would, a very beautiful structure—the finest in Canal-street—and it is to be hoped will lead the way to further such improvements in that portion of the street, which has long been unattractive in this particular. The Union Dime Savings Bank was founded in 1859, and then, and until the erection of the present building, conducted its most successful business at the corner of Canal and Varick streets.

During the seven years of its existence, 33,610 accounts have been opened upon its books, the number of depositors at the present writing being about 17,000. The immediate assets are over $3,000,000, and the deposits range all the way from the modest dime to $5,000. Many of the accounts, which now show a respectable balance to the credit of the depositors, began with a single dime. The Treasurer, Mr. GARDNER S. CHAPIN, states that the influence of the institution on the characters and conduct of the young has been remarkably good, and appeals to the Trustees and teachers of the public schools, who have coöperated with the institution, for proof of its beneficial working. Not only has it taught the early practice of a wholesome economy in the children, but many parents have been, by the example of the young, brought to deposit their savings, with incalculable advantage to them in many ways.

The receipts in January, being the beginning of the quarterly term from which interest is calculated, were $572,000. In February they were $165,000. This month so far, as in those quoted, they are considerably ahead of the same months in any previous years. On the 1st of April, being the beginning of another quarter, it is expected they will still further exceed a half million dollars.

The new building, we may repeat, is four stories high, its first story being constructed of iron, the upper ones of white marble, surmounted by a Mansard roof. The frontage is 51 feet by 64 feet deep, with a 25 feet extension. The interior is fitted up with excellent taste, so much so that it is not too much to say that, if not the largest bank building in the City, there is not one whose appointments are in better taste or in more perfect keeping with the character of its business. The counter, elliptical in form, is of white marble, skilfully chiseled on a base of Sienna marble. The woodwork is black walnut, with silver-plated mountings. The floor is white marble, inlaid with diamond blocks of polished slate in pleasing contrast. In the rear of the counting-house, in the twenty-five feet extension, are situated the offices of the Treasurer and Trustees. These also are fitted up in excellent taste, and with a keen eye not merely to present but to future comfort also—all the belongings having a well-to-wear look about them. In the Treasurer's room is placed a marble tablet, inscribed in gold with the names of the first Trustees and the first Treasurer, a gentleman who had been most active in founding the institution—lately deceased—SOLOMON L. HULL. Upon the wall hangs the portrait of the now President, Mr. HOWARD. In the construction of the vaults all modern improvements in the construction of such depositories have been taken advantage of, and these does not seem to the uninitiated in burglarious processes at least, a possibility that human skill, unaided by powerful machinery or the keys, could obtain entrance. The walls are built of granite blocks 1½ feet thick and 3 to 6 feet long, doweled with cannon ball. The space is 8 feet by 12, and contains three large safes built by BUTLER, HERRING and CORNELL.

Last evening the banking-rooms were opened to inspection in rather a pleasant way. On the invitation of a Committee consisting of Messrs. JOHN MCLEAN, JOSEPH U. ORVIS, WM. S. FOGG, THOMAS NAST and SILVANUS GEDNEY, the friends of the institution, having made a tour of inspection through the building, located themselves for the evening on the second floor, in one of the rooms of which a generous supper table had been spread, and where, in another, the lively-footed whiled the pleasant hours away.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

This Board met at 4 o'clock P. M., yesterday, Mr. SHANNON in the chair.

A resolution was presented by Mr. O'BRIEN, instructing the Corporation Counsel to aid Mr. Justice CONNOLLY in the legal proceedings about to be taken by him against Police Superintendent KENNEDY, in consequence of the order of the latter to the police not to recognise Mr. CONNOLLY as a Magistrate.

It was adopted.

A communication was received from the Mayor stating that, although he had signed the Tax Levy in order to avoid delay, yet there were several items therein he did not approve of.

The Board then adjourned to Monday next at 4 o'clock P. M.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

The Board of Councilmen met yesterday at 4 P. M., Mr. BRINKMAN in the chair.

The resolution from the other Board instructing the Corporation Council to take proceedings to prevent the Commissioners for improving the Broadway pavement from interfering with the existing pavement, was concurred in.

A resolution to tender a vote of thanks and a gold medal, not exceeding $500 in value, to Capt. THOS. W. FREEMAN, of the ship *Resolute*, for saving, in January last, the lives of 170 emigrants on board the *Bavarian*, was referred to a committee.

The time of meeting of the Board was altered from 4 P. M. to 2 P. M.

The Board then adjourned to 2 P. M. on Thursday next.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

ARREST OF SHOPLIFTERS.—Yesterday morning Detectives ELDER, MCCORD, RADFORD and KELSO arrested four well-known professional shoplifters, named EDWARD MYERS, JOSEPH HOWARD, WASHINGTON HARRINGTON and WM. POYNTON, at their lodgings in Bleecker-street. In the possession of the prisoners were found six dozen plated forks, a box of neckties with the trade mark "M. H. G," and a mink fur cape, which latter article has been identified by Messrs. R. H. MILLER & Co., of No. 15 Mercer-street, as one of a lot stolen from their premises. They also recognized two of the four men arrested as having been in their store previous to the robbery. In possession of one of the prisoners was a fashionably cut spring overcoat, containing a pocket capable of carrying packages of considerable bulk. Inspector DILKS gave orders that they should be photographed for the police albums, preparatory to arraignment before a magistrate. Persons having lost any goods described above, are requested to call at the Detective Office at Police Headquarters to further the ends of justice and recover their property.

THE CASE OF THE DISORDERLY TAILOR STRIKERS.—The case of The People against MATTHEWS and others, members of the Tailors' Protective Union, of this City, for interfering with a number of workmen employed by Messrs. BROKAW BROTHERS, clothiers, at No. 34 Fourth-avenue, because they undertook to engage with that firm for 25 per cent. less than "Association prices," yesterday came up before Justice DODGE at the Jefferson Market Police Court for examination. The testimony of several witnesses was taken, by which it appeared that unlawful means were used by the accused for the purpose of compelling the outsiders to break their contract with their employers. So loud were the demonstrations made by the "Union" men, according to all accounts, that the Police stepped in and arrested a number of those who were thus engaged. A further hearing will be had this afternoon.

"FRAUENLOB"—Is the name of a German musical society of this City, which is a kind of tender to the Arion. As the grand yearly masquerade of the Arion is approaching, the society "Frauenlob" thought it necessary to have a rehearsal and almost a grand masquerade it turned out, at Dramatic Hall, in Houston-street, last Monday night. The company was private, the dresses in many cases original, the entertainment spirited, and, as for the inner man, Mr. MEYER, the proprietor of the hall—(a twin brother of Gen. CARL SCHURZ, in appearance, by the way)—merited the praise of all present. Judging from this rehearsal, the Arion masquerade will be worth visiting.

TAMMANY HALL TO BE SOLD.—A meeting of the Tammany Society was held last evening for the purpose of hearing the report of the Council of Sachems and determining upon the question of selling the Hall. On hearing the report, the former action refusing to sell was reconsidered, and a Committee was appointed with authority to dispose of the old premises and purchase a new site, if satisfactory arrangements could be made. The Committee is as follows: Sachems Kelly, Tweed and Sweeney, and Brothers R. B. Connolly, John E. Burrill and Abraham R. Lawrence.

TEMPERANCE DEMONSTRATION.—This evening there will be a grand temperance demonstration at Dr. DOWLING's Church, Bedford-street, corner Downing, under the auspices of Howard Division, No. 97, Sons of Temperance. Addresses will be delivered by EDWARD CARSWELL, Esq., the distinguished temperance orator, and other well-known and eloquent speakers. A glee club, readings and recitations, will also contribute largely to the evening's pleasure.

THE FOURTH REGIMENT NATIONAL GUARD.—This regiment will assemble for battalion drill at the arsenal, corner Thirty-fifth-street and Seventh-avenue, at 8 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, March 21, in fatigue uniform, without turbans or gloves. Tickets of admission will be issued to a limited number of the friends of the regiment and can be obtained of the commandants of companies. No person will be admitted to the arsenal after 8 o'clock P. M. Any member not present at that time will be considered absent.

FIRE IN AVENUE C.—At 10 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the basement of No. 126 Avenue C, occupied by JOHN HEMMER, basket-maker, who sustained a loss of $1,500; insured for $800 in the Rutgers. The first floor is occupied by Mrs. JOHN FEELY, boots and shoes, whose loss on stock by water is $500; insured for $1,100 in the Phenix. The building is the property of JOHN HOWARD, whose loss is $800; insured for $5,000 in the Eagle Insurance Company.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A DRIVER.—About 10 A. M. yesterday JAMES BARTEN, employed as a driver by ROBERT PRIOR, baker, corner of Broadway and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, was dangerously injured by being thrown from his wagon, on the Kingsbridge Road, near One Hundred and Seventieth-street. He was removed to the residence of his employer. The accident was caused by the pole breaking.

REIMBURSEMENT OF MONEY EXPENDED DURING THE WAR.—The Committee of the Board of Aldermen appointed to proceed to Washington, at their own expense, to endeavor to procure reimbursement of the sum expended by the City during the war—about $800,000—in equipping troops, left the City last evening. Alderman C. E. LOEW is Chairman of the Committee.

ARRESTS IN NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN.—During Monday, which was the occasion of the celebration of St. Patrick's Day, the Police throughout this City arrested 452 persons, nearly all for intoxication and disorderly conduct. On the same day the Brooklyn force arrested 96 persons on the same charges. This is the largest number of arrests made in a single day since the full enforcement of the Excise Law.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.—REQUIEM MASS AT ST. PAUL'S.—To-morrow, Thursday, the obsequies of Mrs. MARGARET A. E. DUFFY, daughter of Justice MICHAEL CONNOLLY, will take place at the Church of St. Paul, corner of Fifty-ninth-street and Ninth-avenue. A solemn high mass of requiem will be said, and the body removed thence to the family burying ground at Calvary Cemetery.

CAR ACCIDENT.—At an early hour last evening a gentleman named ANDREW V. BARBARY, while attempting to get upon the front platform of a Crosstown Railroad car, at the intersection of Grand and Wooster streets, fell and broke his ankle bone. He was conveyed to his residence, No. 184 Third-street, Williamsburgh.

POCKET-BOOK FOUND.—A pocket-book, containing a sum of money, together with a number of valuable papers, was found in the City Hall Park yesterday afternoon. The City Hall Police have retained the property, and it can be recovered by application to Capt. BRACKETT, at that station.

LECTURES ON PHYSIOLOGY.—Miss SUSANNA L. KILBORN, M. D., will lecture at Steinway Hall this (Wednesday) evening, on "Nervous Sympathies and Derangement, Insanity, Loss of Memory, &c."

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE ARMY AND NAVY UNION—A LIBRARY AND READING-ROOM RECOMMENDED.—A meeting of the above Association was held in the Court-house last evening, Gen. E. L. MOLINEUX in the chair. After reading the minutes of the last meeting and transacting the usual preliminary business, Capt. B. H. O'BIERNE offered the following in relation to the building of a library and reading-room for soldiers and sailors, the proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the children of those who died in the United States service:

Whereas, We, the members of the Army and Navy Union of Kings County, are fully impressed with the necessity of and importance of using every effort in our power to accomplish successfully the commendable objects of our Union; and

Whereas, We learn with sincere regret that the efforts of an association in this county, composed of worthy representatives of the army and navy, whose services were mainly of an eleemosynary character, could not be sustained from the fact that apathy and indifference is gradually superseding that fostering care and protection which a generous public should always exhibit to the wants and necessities of the destitute widows and orphans of the brave men who have laid down their lives in defence of their country's honor, and

Whereas, Having the experience of the past to instruct us, we find it essential to make our organization as self-supporting as possible, the more fully to perpetuate and honor the memory of our beloved dead, and enable us to contribute to the maintenance of their helpless orphans.

Resolved, therefore, That we pledge our untiring energies to the project of erecting a suitable building at some central location in this city that will accommodate the wants of this Union, and from which a revenue can be obtained that will give us the means within our own control of taking care of those helpless little ones who have been thrown on our charitable consideration by the hardships and vicissitudes of war.

Resolved, That the auditorium of said building be embellished with tablets to the memory of our dead comrades, in such manner and form as this Union may determine.

Resolved, That this Union proceed to the election without delay, of a Board of Directors or Trustees, and that application for a charter be made by them to the Legislature of this State during its present session.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed by the President to present this benevolent design to the favorable consideration of the people, by suitable address, by the solicitation of subscriptions and by zealously endeavoring to enlist the sympathy and coöperation of our public spirited fellow-citizens in this noble and charitable enterprise.

The preamble and resolutions were adopted, when Gen. N. SHAURMAN offered a series of resolutions expressing regret at the action of the United States Senate in refusing to confirm the nomination of such men as Gen. C. E. PRATT, Gen. S. H. ROBERTS, Gen. W. R. BREWSTER, and Col. A. M. WOOD to offices under the Government, &c. Remarks in regard to the subject of the resolutions were made by the gentleman who offered them, when they were unanimously adopted. The election of Trustees of the proposed building was postponed, and the meeting adjourned.

THE WILLIAMSBURGH MURDER—IDENTIFICATION OF THE MURDERED MAN—THE MURDERER UNKNOWN.—The mystery attending the murder perpetrated in Williamsburgh on Monday night, an account of which was published yesterday, has been cleared up so far as the murdered man is concerned. His body was yesterday identified as that of JOHN FITZPATRICK, a native of Ireland, about 35 years of age, formerly employed in Waterbury's rope-walk, Bushwick-avenue, E. D. The circumstances attending the murder are still unknown, but from the statements of several parties it is believed that he received the wound which caused his death at the hands of a man with whom he had a street quarrel. His brother-in-law states that FITZPATRICK visited New-York on Monday, to see the procession, and the next heard of him he was on the north side of Williamsburgh, apparently intoxicated, and engaged in an angry conversation with two men. This was shortly before his murder. One of these—a young man named NICHOLAS HUGHES—was yesterday arrested by the Police, and held to await the result of the Coroner's inquest. After the deceased left the above party, he was seen by Officer ORPEN, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, in company with a man whom he knows he can recognize. At this time deceased was drunk and noisy and spoke roughly to the officer. The next that is known of his movements is reported by Officer ANDREW GILDERSLEEVE. That officer was on his post, and at about 9:30 o'clock, while he was standing on the corner of Grand and Ninth streets, FITZPATRICK emerged from Ninth-street, and coming up to the officer, threw his arms up, exclaimed "Mister," and was about falling, when the former caught and held him up. His clothes were then covered with blood, which was profusely discharging from a wound in his neck. Seeing that the man was in a dying state, the officer thoughtfully staunched the wound with his handkerchief, and promptly conveyed him to the Fourth-street Station-house, where he expired in a short time, although receiving prompt surgical aid. Coroner SMITH took charge of the body before midnight, and had it conveyed to the Dead-house in Union-avenue. Yesterday afternoon he assembled his jury at Firemen's Hall, but took no testimony, the inquest being adjourned until Thursday at 1 o'clock. A *post-mortem* held by Dr. CREAMER showed that death resulted from hemorrhage. The wound in the neck of the murdered man is a quarter of an inch wide and an inch and a half deep; it took an upward direction, perforating the carotid artery.

DEATH OF JUSTICE MICHAEL WALSH.—Mr. MICHAEL WALSH, Justice of the Peace for the First District Court of Brooklyn, died at his residence, No. 9 Wyckoff-street, yesterday morning about 6 o'clock. The cause of death was pulmonary consumption. His age was 48 years. Deceased was a native of the County Clare, Ireland. He arrived in this country twenty-five years since, and made Brooklyn his home. He occupied several positions of trust and honor, and in the Fall of 1865 was elected to the office which he held up to the time of his decease. The position he held will probably be filled at the next meeting of the Common Council, on Thursday afternoon. There are already a number of candidates, among them Mr. Edward Crummy, the present Clerk of the Court; Andrew Walsh, present Clerk of the Second District Court; James Corboy, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee; John P. Troy, Esq., and several others.

MINOR ITEMS.—A woman, named RHODA E. BLAINE, of No. 17 Woodhull-street, was taken into custody on the charge of having offered a valuable consideration to Mrs. CATHARINE EVANS to commit perjury as a witness in a certain proceeding before Justice CORNWELL, in which defendant was interested. The accused was held on the charge of subornation of perjury....PATRICK DEE was run over by a truck on Fulton Ferry bridge, on Monday evening, and somewhat injured. He resides in Doughty-street ....JOHN CONWAY was yesterday fined $30 for selling liquor without license at his grocery in Hudson-avenue ....A little boy named GEORGE TAYLOR, aged seven years, while getting off a Fulton-avenue car, near Pearl-street, last evening, ran against the wheels of a wagon driven by Mr. H. W. YOUNGBLOOD, and was knocked down, and run over. His injuries are not of a dangerous character. The child was taken to his home, No. 139 Lafayette-avenue.

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN TROUBLE.—A fracas occurred in the saloon of GEORGE WERNER, in Pierrepont-street, about 11 o'clock on Monday night, in which Mr. JAMES BUCKLEY, Justice of the Second District Court, appears as one of the belligerents. Some young men got into a quarrel, which the Justice tried to suppress, but was rather roughly handled for his good offices. Believing the oysterman of the establishment to be one of his assailants, he struck him, and the landlord coming to his employe's aid, a fight occurred between himself and the Justice, which was soon ended, however, by the arrival of Policeman UTTER, who took the Justice into custody on the complaint of Mr. WERNER. On being taken to the Forty-first Precinct Station-house, Mr. WERNER declined to press the charge, and the matter was dropped.

STOLEN GOODS FOUND IN A CHURCH.—A colored man named THOMAS SPEAR, sexton of the African M. E. Church in Bridge-street, was arrested yesterday on the charge of petit larceny in stealing five pennies from the store-drawer of his employer, Mr. CLARENCE HEDGE, hardware dealer, No. 80 Myrtle-avenue, where he was engaged as porter. He had been intrusted with the keys, and as some money had been missing from time to time he was suspected and watched. Five pennies were placed in the drawer, and he was detected in taking them out, and hence his arrest. On searching his room in the church, goods, amounting to about $40 in value, were found, from their description, are supposed to be stolen. No article was identified as stolen property, however. The prisoner was sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—While the procession on St. Patrick's Day was moving up Fulton-avenue, Sergeant CARPENTER, of the Forty-fourth Police Precinct, directed the Captain of Company C, Seventieth Regiment, which had the head of the line, to move his column on the right railroad track so as not to interfere with railroad travel. The Captain peremptorily refused. Several cavalry men drew their swords. The Sergeant and squad drew their revolvers, which had the effect of inducing the commander to waive further objections, and the company was ordered to march on the line indicated.

THE ORPHANS UNDER CARE OF THE SISTERS OF MERCY.—A lecture in aid of the orphans under the care of the Sisters of Mercy, was given at the Brooklyn Academy of Music last evening, by JOHN FRANCIS MAGUIRE, M. P. for Cork, Ireland. The building was thronged. The subject was "European and American Education," being similar to the recent lecture delivered by the gentleman in New-York. The lecturer was well received by the large audience present.

CHARGE OF PASSING A COUNTERFEIT GREENBACK.—GEORGE KURRELL, a conductor on the Fulton-avenue line, was brought before Commissioner NEWTON yesterday, charged with passing a counterfeit $1 greenback upon a passenger named JOHN CURRAN. The evidence of the complainant was taken, when the examination was postponed until Thursday.

SHOOTING AN EAGLE.—Mr. JOSEPH C. POOL, of this city, some time since shot a white-headed eagle, which was hovering over the shores of Gowanus Bay. The bird was quite young, and measured six feet six inches from tip to tip of each wing.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT—MARCH 20.—Nos. 101, 20, 138, 140, 146, 31, 41, 46, 102, 116, 149, 152, 26, 66, 72, 97, 107, 119, 156, 157, 158, 160, 99, 40, 58, 76, 80, 114.

The total number of arrests made on Monday by the Police was 94, of which 52 were on charges of intoxication.

NEW-JERSEY.

DEATH FROM INTEMPERANCE.—An inquest was held before Coroner WHITE, of Hoboken, yesterday afternoon, on the body of JOHN CLARKE, a stone-mason, who died the evening previous at St. Mary's Hospital. It appears that about 1 o'clock on Monday afternoon, CLARKE fell down in a fit in West-street, New-York, and was conveyed to the Third Precinct Police-station, and from there to the City Hospital, but being refused admittance, was conveyed to St. Mary's Hospital, in Hoboken. Dr. CHABERT was called, and saw deceased about 4 P. M., at which time medical aid was of no avail, and he died about 7 o'clock in the evening. It appeared in evidence that he was of intemperate habits, and Dr. CHABERT was of opinion that death was caused by congestion of the brain. The jury rendered a verdict that deceased died of congestion of the brain, caused from the effects of drinking spirituous liquors. CLARKE was a single man, about 45 years of age, and was considered a kind and benevolent citizen.

FALSE PRETENCES.—Yesterday morning a woman named BRIDGET TAPPIN was arrested by Constable BURNS on a charge of obtaining $33 worth of goods from the grocery of Mrs. ANN GAMBLE, in York-street, Jersey City, by false pretences. Upon being taken before Justice CHAMBERS, the accused made a settlement and was discharged.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—The annual examination of the public schools of Jersey City will commence this (Wednesday) morning, and will be concluded on the 6th of April. The examination will commence with Public School No. 1, and will continue three days.

AN ELEVATED BRIDGE FOR JERSEY CITY.—The New-Jersey Railroad Company yesterday commenced the erection of an elevated wooden bridge for pedestrians over their track at Newark-avenue crossing in Jersey City. It will be completed in two or three days.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—The boarding-house of Mrs. CROFTS, No. 32 Sussex-street, Jersey City, was entered and robbed on Monday of about $200 worth of goods, principally gentlemen's wearing apparel.

SKATING.—Skaters were enjoying themselves on the ponds back of Jersey City Monday evening and yesterday forenoon.

DOMESTIC ITEMS.

The New-Jersey Pilot Commissioners have all tendered their resignations, stating that in consequence of the passage of the supplement to the law regulating pilots, their efforts to improve the system and stimulate the pilots will prove abortive.

No gift has ever been made for the adornment of Boston Common, but it is intimated that a merchant of that city, while abroad, recently, purchased a marble group of figures to be placed upon it.

The City Marshal of Worcester, Mass., recently detained a man accused of crime, without a warrant. Suit was brought and $100 damages was awarded the plaintiff.

The insect which for thirty years has destroyed or made unproductive the orange trees of Florida has disappeared, and extensive groves are being planted all over the State.

The Virginia House of Delegates has rejected a bill appropriating $10,000 to the use of the State Board of Immigration, and the papers are indignant at its action.

Steamship Saragossa Disabled.

FORTRESS MONROE, Tuesday, March, 19.

The steamship *Charles W. Lord*, from Galveston for New-York, arrived at Norfolk this morning with the steamship *Saragossa* in tow, disabled.

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, March 19.

FLOUR less active and holders are very firm; fancy brands of Baltimore, $10 25@$12 75. WHEAT firm and advanced 3c.@4c; sales, 100,000 bushels of all grades at $2 40@$2 41 for No. 1; No. 2 $2 13@$2 15¼; for Winter, closed at $2 14. CORN is in large speculative inquiry and has advanced 5c.@6c; sales at 93c.@95c. for No. 1, and 82c.@85c. for No. 2. OATS firm and advanced ½c.; sales of No. 1 at 49c.; Winter and fresh receipts of No. 2 at 46½c.@48c., closing steady at 46½c. for Winter and No. 2. RYE steady and unchanged. BARLEY firm and less active at an advance of 1c.@2c.; sales at 81c.@87c. for No. 1. in store. MESS PORK inactive and nominal at $22@$22 50. BULK MEATS steady. LARD steady; Sales of 7,000 tierces at 13c. for prime steamed. DRESSED HOGS but few offering, an advance of 40c.@50c.; sales at $9 40@$9 50. LIVE HOGS active at an advance of 20c.@25c.; sales at $7@$7 90 for common to nice smooth. RECEIPTS—5,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 centals Wheat, 10,000 centals Corn, 2,800 centals Oats, 2,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 9,500 centals Wheat, 7,000 centals Corn.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON quiet but unchanged; Middling Uplands, 28c.@28½c. FLOUR firmer, and holders demand an advance, but none was established; trade brands, $11 50@$13 50; fancy brands, $14@$16. WHEAT quiet. CORN advanced 3c.@4c., and in good demand at 70c.@71c. in elevator, and 80c.@81c. in sacks. OATS firm at 53½c.@54c. RYE, $1 40@$1 42. BARLEY unchanged. WHISKY, 26½c. in bond. MESS PORK opened with no sellers below $23 for city; but closed dull and not saleable over $22 50. BULK MEATS in good demand at 8¼c.@10½c. BACON, 9½c.@11½c.@12½c. LARD higher; sales, 2,500 tierces, chiefly country; head and gut, 12½c.; prime country, 12¾c.: but little city to be had below 13c. BUTTER firm; 29c.@33c. for fresh. CHEESE steady; 16½c.@17c. for Western Reserve. LINSEED OIL very dull at $1 40. Gold, 134 buying. Exchange firm; par@50 ℘ thousand premium, buying.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, March 19.

The market was not so active to-day, and prices have declined fully ½c. on all grades. Receipts to-day were not so heavy, but of very good quality. The market rate ℘ cwt. for extra quality was $14@$16; fat and heavy Oxen and Steers $8@$8 50; good, $11@$14; fat Cattle and Steers, $7@$7 75; fair, $9 50@$11; Cows and Heifers, $5@$6 50; Receipts, 720 head; shipped, 1,584 head. The Sheep market is improving, and yesterday's advance has been fully maintained. Heavy long-wooled, ℘ cwt., $6 50@$8 25; fair fine wooled Western, $5 50@$7 50; receipts, 650 head; shipped, 650 head. The Hog market rules very dull. For the last few days the great bulk of receipts consist of light and ordinary; prices range from $7 37½@$7 87½; receipts, 1,170 head; shipped, 1,218 head.

OSWEGO, Tuesday, March 19.

FLOUR unchanged, with an active demand which exceeds the supply; sales 800 bbls. at $12 for No. 1 Spring; $13 50 for Red Winter; $14 75 for White, and $15 25@$15 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and quotations nominal. CORN dull, but unchanged; sales 800 bushels No. 1 Illinois at $1 12. OATS quiet; sales of Western at 65c. BARLEY, RYE and PEAS inactive. CORN MEAL—Sales at $2 60@$2 75 ℘ 100 lbs., and $1 30@$1 40 ℘ 50 lbs. sacks. SHORTS are selling at $24@$25; SHIPSTUFFS at $28@$30, and MIDDLINGS at $36 ℘ ton. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 70c.; to Albany and Schenectady, 50c.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, March 19.

TOBACCO active but firm, Leaf ranging from $5 40 to $19. COTTON firm at 28c. for Middling. FLOUR firm; superfine, $8 50@$10; extra, $10 50@$11 75; double extra, $12 50@$15 50. WHEAT buoyant; Spring, $4 05@$4 25; choice Fall, $5@$5 10; fancy, $5 35. CORN advancing; sales at $2 63@$2 75. OATS heavy, but unchanged. BARLEY firm at $2 50@$2 91 for Spring, $4 16 for choice Fall. RYE firm at $2 35. PROVISIONS quiet, but firm. MESS PORK, $23. BACON, 9½c.@12½c. LARD closed buoyant at 12c.@13½c. WHISKY quiet at $2 15.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON—Sales to-day 3,200 bales; market firm; Low Middling 29½c.@30c.; receipts for three days 9,000 bales; exports for the same time 13,000 bales. Sugar dull. COFFEE dull. FLOUR active and firm; Superfine $12. CORN firm at $1 30@$1 35. OATS quiet and steady. PORK quiet but firm at $25. LARD steady and firm at 13½c.@14c. GOLD closed at $1 34½. Exchange on London 44½c.@46½c. Exchange on New-York ¼c.@⅜c. premium. FREIGHTS steady; Cotton to Liverpool, by steam, 1½d.; Cotton to Liverpool, by sail, 9s. 16d.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, March 19.

FLOUR—Spring firm, with strong upward tendency; stock light, quotations unchanged. WHEAT firm; sales 3,500 bushels No. 2 Chicago at $2 35, and 3 car loads White Canada at $2 95. CORN steady; sales 21 car loads new Toledo on State Line track. OATS firm; sales 20,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 55c. RYE scarce, dull and nominal. BARLEY quiet; sales of Canada at $1 05@$1 06. MESS PORK—asking $23 50@$24. LARD nominal at 13½c. HIGHWINES unchanged. SEEDS firm; CLOVER 50c. better for prime.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, March 19.

FLOUR firmer, but without sales. WHEAT unchanged; receipts light. CORN, sales of White at $1 06, prime White at $1 12, mixed Western $1 08, Yellow $1 08, and prime Yellow $1 10. OATS, sales 1,000 bushels at 65c.@67c. MESS PORK $23 50@$24, Bulk Shoulders 9½c.@9¾c., sides 10½c.@10¾c. BACON, Shoulders 10¾c.@11c., Sides 12½c.@12¾c., Hams 15c.@17c. LARD, sales of City at 12½c., and Western at 12¾c.@13c.

MILWAUKEE, Tuesday, March 19.

FLOUR firmer; Double Extra $11 50@$12. WHEAT quiet; $4 for No. 1 per cental; $3 75 for No. 2 Amber; $3 03 for rejected. OATS firm at $1 69 for No. 1 and $1 68 for No. 2. CORN advancing; sales at $1 64@$1 67 for No. 1 old. PROVISIONS inactive but firm; MESS PORK $23. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 9,000 centals for Wheat, 500 centals Corn SHIPMENTS—700 bbls. Flour, 3,000 centals Wheat.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, March 19.

Sales of 207 hhds. TOBACCO, common light lugs at $3 50@$30. FLOUR—Superfine, $9 75. Shelled CORN, 73c.@76c. in bulk. OATS, 63c.@64c. COFFEE—Rio advanced to 27c. Prime New-Orleans Sugar, 14½c. MESS PORK, $22 50; Bacon Shoulders, 9½c.; Clear Sides, 12½c. LARD, in tierces, 12½c.

CAMBRIDGE, Tuesday, March 19.

BEEF CATTLE—Receipts, 647 head. Prices are a trifle higher than last week; Extra, $13 25@$14; First quality, $12@$13 50; Second quality, $10 50@$11; Third quality, $9 50@$10. MILCH COWS and CALVES, $45@$125. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 4,572 head; prices are ½c. lower; Extra, $4 50@$9 50.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON firm at 29c.@29½c.; receipts, 168 bales, exports, 700 bales. CORN firm, at $1 07@$1 10. The other markets are unchanged, and very little doing.

WILMINGTON, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON quiet; 29½c. for Middling Uplands. SPIRITS TURPENTINE 70c. RESIN firm at $3 27@$5 50.

SAVANNAH, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON firm, but quiet, at 30c.@30½c. for Middlings. Sales to-day, 450 bales; receipts 576 bales.

AUGUSTA, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON easier; sales 350 bales Middling at 29½c.

MOBILE, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON in fair demand; sales 1,200 bales at 29½c. for Middling; receipts 850 bales.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, March 19.

COTTON quiet; sales to-day 300 bales; Middling Uplands 30c.; receipts to-day 360 bales.

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[Advertisement.]
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The great national beverage of the present day is KENT's East India Coffee. For sale by all grocers, at 25 cents per pound. Wholesale depot, No. 154 Reade-st.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR AMERICA.			
Australasian	Mar. 9	Liverpool	New-York
Atlantic	Mar. 9	Southamp'n	New-York
City of Manchester	Mar. 9	Liverpool	New-York
Olympus	Mar. 9	Liverpool	Boston
Peruvian	Mar. 9	Liverp'l	Boston & Phil.
Palmyra	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York
City of Washington	Mar. 13	Liverpool	New-York
Virginia	Mar. 13	Liverpool	New-York
New-York	Mar. 13	Southamp'n	New-York
Europe	Mar. 14	Havre	New-York
Nestorian	Mar. 14	Liverpool	Portland
Chicago	Mar. 15	Liverpool	New-York
Great Eastern	Mar. 20	Liverpool	New-York
Arago	Mar. 20	Havre	New-York
FOR EUROPE.			
Cuba	Mar. 20	New-York	Liverpool
City of Cork	Mar. 20	New-York	Liverpool
America	Mar. 21	New-York	Bremen
Caledonia	Mar. 23	New-York	Glasgow
City of Baltimore	Mar. 23	New-York	Liverpool
Denmark	Mar. 23	New-York	Liverpool
Ville de Paris	Mar. 23	New-York	Havre
North America	Mar. 23	Portland	Liverpool
FOR HAVANA, NEW-ORLEANS, &C.			
Raleigh	Mar. 20	New-Orleans	
Ocean Queen	Mar. 21	Aspinwall	
Guiding Star	Mar. 22	Rio Janeiro	
Columbia	Mar. 23	Havana	
Corsica	Mar. 23	Nassau and Havana	
Mariposa	Mar. 23	New-Orleans	
Geo. Washington	Mar. 23	New-Orleans	
Warrior	Mar. 23	New-Orleans	

Departure of Ocean Mails.

Mails for Europe close:

Per *Cuba* via Liverpool, on Wednesday at 11:30 A. M. Supplementary mail for paid letters on the Jersey City pier to 1:10 P. M.

Per *North American* via Quebec, on Friday at 10:30 P. M.

Per *Ville de Paris*, via Brest, on Saturday at 6 A. M.

Per *City of Baltimore*, via Liverpool, on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M. Supplementary mail for paid letters on the pier to 11:50 A. M.

Per *America*, via Bremen, on Thursday, at 10:30 A. M. For paid letters on the pier at 12 M.

Mails for South America, per *Ocean Queen*, close on Thursday at 10:30 A. M.; per *Guiding Star*, on Friday at 1:30 P. M.

For Havana, on Saturday at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
Noorth Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Suth Mail at	5 A. M. 4:30, 5:30 and 10:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship George Washington, from New-Orleans—J. S. Seguin, J. S. Cnesbrough, W. H. Peck, Mrs. N. A. Homan and child, M. J. Ryan, A. Bain, S. Vallie, wife and child, A. Berger, L. Mersier.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 6 04 | Sun sets..... 6 12 | Moon rises.... 6 42
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 7 32 | Gov. Island. 8 21 | Hell Gate... 9 43

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, March 19.

Cleared.

Steamships Leo, Dearborn, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; E. C. Knight, Dentz, Washington, D. C., Smith, Brown & Co.; Cuba, (Br.,) Stone, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Iowa, (Br.,) Craig, Glasgow, F. Macdonald & Co.

Steamer Neptune, Baker, Boston, W. P. Clyde.

Ships Resolute, Freeman, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Sir Robert Peel, Larrabee, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks Gemsbok, Chandler, Cronstadt, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; C. M. von Behr, (Meckl.,) Rittgardt, Cork for orders, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brigs Minnie Abbe, Fuller, Buenos Ayres, J. Norton, Jr.; Pennimann, Dickson, Cardenas, Warren Ray; Isabella, (Br.,) Morgan, Maranham and Para, Burdett & Everett; Aristos, (Br.,) Crowell, Antigua, Jones & Lough; J. W. Sawyer, Leach, Marseilles, J. Henry; Hilligonda, (Hol.,) Hiskamp, Rotterdam, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schooners A. A. Holton, Fields, Newbern; Lottie, Taylor, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Julia Grace, Babson, Gloucester, R. B. Eldridge; Maryland, Cathcart, Perth Amboy.

Arrived.

Steamship Geo. Washington, Gager, New-Orleans 10th inst., and the Bar 13th, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Was detained at the Bar owing to obstruction of the channel by vessels. 15th, at 10 A. M., passed steamship Gen. Grant, 45 miles W. of Key West; at 5 P. M., steamship Rapidan, bound S. 16th, at 10 A. M., steamship Marmion, bound S. 18th, at 10 A. M. 20 miles S. W. of Hatteras, passed a drifting mast and yards, with sails attached; at 3 P. M., steamship Monterey, bound S.

Steamship Montgomery, Kirkpatrick, New-Orleans March 12, at 10 A. M., with mdse. and passengers to R. Lowden. Left on the Bar, steamship Washington and ship Correan, for New-York. March 18, 10 miles N. of Hatteras, saw steamship C. W. Lord, towing a steamer showing Leary's signal, supposed to be the Saragossa; at 12 M. signalized steamship Monterey, bound S.; at 6 P. M., passed steamship Huntsville, bound S.

Steamship San Jacinto, Atkins, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Garrison & Allen.

Steamship Saratoga, King, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to G. Heineken & Palmore.

Steamship Valley City, Tomlin, Washington, D. C., with mdse. and passengers to Jas. Hand.

Steamship Prometheus, Beckett, Wilmington, N. C., with mdse. to C. Goodspeed.

Steamer Neptune, Baker, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde.

Ship Great Western, Cunningham, Liverpool Feb. 20, with mdse. and 179 passengers to C. H. Marshall & Co. Was 16 ds. in the Irish Channel with light W. and S. W. winds. March 8, Frank Roberts, a seaman, fell from the foretopgallant-yard overboard, and was lost. Arrived off the Bar Sunday evening, 17th inst.

Ship William Tapscott, Bell, London and Isle of Wight Feb. 15, with mdse. and 3 passengers to J. T. Tapscott.

Bark Laboramus, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Raymond, Newport, Wales, 61 ds., with railroad iron to Boyd & Hincken. Had heavy westerly gales; carried away main and mizzen-topmasts, fore-royalmast, fore and main-yards, stove bulwarks, lost sails, &c. Lon. 48, passed through a large quantity of ice.

Brig Favorit, (Norw.,) Beech, Mansanilla 19 ds., with mahogany, &c., to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig James Crosby, (of New-London,) Baldwin, Cienfuegos 30 ds., via Delaware Breakwater 8th inst., with molasses to master. Has had strong N. and N. E. winds.

Brig Potomac, Snow, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Amelia, (of Halifax, N. S.,) Fitchett, Ragged Island, via Bermuda, 10 ds., with salt to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. S. E. Jones, Smith, Elizabethport, for Portsmouth.

Schr. Joseph M. Vance, Bird, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. H. P. Russell, Nickerson, Galveston, with mdse. to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Schr. Delmar, Lark, Newbern, N. C., to Thomas & Holmes.

Schr. H. W. Benedict, Case, Providence.

Schr. Edwin, Tuttle, Philadelphia.

Schr. Jos. Rogers, May, Portland, Conn., with stone.

Pilot-boat J. W. Elwell, (new,) Reardon, Mystic Bridge. Is for the New-Jersey and Sandy Hook business.

By Telegraph.

CHARLESTON, March 19—Arr. steamer Falcon, from Baltimore; U. S. steamers Harriet Lane, Hugh McCullough and Pelican, from Havana.

WILMINGTON, March 19—Arr. steamship James A. Gary, from Baltimore.

Miscellaneous.

The new pilot-boat J. W. Elwell, Capt. John Reardon, arrived this morning from Mystic Bridge, Conn. After rounding to at the Revenue Barge Office, she was received by the waving of handkerchiefs of the officers at that place, and by the salutes of the numerous steamers along the piers. She is intended for New-Jersey and Sandy Hook pilots. She was launched from the yard of Mr. Forsyth, at Mystic, Conn., a few days since; was towed to the City yesterday by the steamer Andrew Fletcher, and by the 1st of April will be ready to make a trial trip. She is a fine specimen of a pilot-boat, and will probably exceed any other boat in the business for size, speed, &c.

The schr. Ida Delaterre, from Tabasco, which arrived on the 18th inst., brought as passengers, of the schr. C. E. Rosenberry, Henry Martin, second mate; Mitchell Lawler, John Darley, John Offord, Jos. Bonington, seamen. Of brig Star of Peace, Jacob Fillberner, Clarence Harper, H. Klute, seamen. Of brig Star of Faith, D. W. Bisson, mate; Samuel Fell, Steward; John Seppel, W. Russell, seamen. The above vessels were recently wrecked on the coast of Mexico.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 19.—The steamers Mariposa and Thames, from New-Orleans for New-York, arrived at Norfolk this morning, short of coal. Passed S. of Hatteras steamer C. W. Lord, towing the steamer Saragossa to Hampton Roads.

Foreign Ports.

At Bermuda, March 8, bark Thomas Whitney, for Philadelphia; brig Quick, for Baltimore March 9. Sld. March 7, brig Henry & Louisa, Potter, for New-York; schr. Three Sisters, do.

At Mansanilla, Feb. 28, brigs A P L., for New-York March 1, and Star of the Sea, for do. 6th.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 231, March 19, 1867.
1, 40, 37, 17, 77, 65, 11, 69, 66, 74, 49, 42, 70, 73.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 232, March 19, 1867.
14, 71, 21, 13, 10, 43, 28, 17, 55, 64, 45, 31, 77.
SHELBY COLLEGE—EXTRA CLASS No. 155, Mar. 19, 1867.
58, 61, 27, 18, 42, 39, 37, 71, 49, 26, 78, 51, 23, 64.
SHELBY COLLEGE—CLASS No. 156, March 19, 1867.
35, 15, 70, 34, 59, 75, 20, 72, 24, 8, 60, 48, 26.

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Of the Georgia State Lotteries.—*Publicly* drawn and *authorized* by the General Assembly of Georgia:
GEORGIA STATE—EXTRA CLASS No. 49, March 19, 1867.
66, 33, 47, 58, 60, 14, 6, 2, 38, 22, 57, 17.
GEORGIA STATE—CLASS No. 40, March 19, 1867.
45, 40, 68, 14, 74, 39, 71, 1, 64, 48, 12, 21, 65, 70.
GRAND CONSOLIDATED—EXTRA CLASS No. 59, March 19, 1867.
51, 6, 50, 35, 33, 67, 28, 3, 46, 56, 36, 22.
GRAND CONSOLIDATED—CLASS No. 44, March 19, 1867.
36, 8, 34, 63, 47, 30, 55, 7, 22, 56, 64, 21, 75, 70.
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FREE LECTURES ON "THE CATACOMBS OF PARIS, EGYPT AND ROME," will be delivered by Rev. ISAAC S. HARTLEY, at Western Branch Y. M. Christian Association, No. 78 Varick-st., THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Public invited.